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VOL. 44 EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1910. NO. 17.

SHORTER NEWS ITEMS

Pithy Paragraphs that Chronicle the Week's Doings.

Long Dispatches From Various Parts of the World Shorn of Their Padding and Only Facts Given In as Few Words as Possible For the Benefit of the Hurried Reader.

Thursday.

Secretary Knox forbids the Madriz government to collect customs duties from American vessels entering Bluefields.

Governor of Illinois declares his belief that the legislative bribery scandal disclosures to date only form an entering wedge and that a majority of the members will be affected before the case is ended.

Aerial treaty with Canada may follow that projected with Mexico.

The Lehigh Valley railroad increases its rates in suburban territory.

The board of supervisors of San Francisco have issued a permit for the holding of the Jim Jeffries-Jack Johnson fight.

Friday.

President Madriz' forces are routed and flee from Bluefields.

Mr. Roosevelt is the guest of the Irish members of parliament, says a cable dispatch from London.

Columbia confers 1,251 degrees on its graduates and ten on honorary recipients.

Captain Scott departs on his expedition to the South pole, says a London cable dispatch.

Ten Yale students are arrested and fined for a "rough house" scrimmage at Savin Rock resort, New York.

Pictures of Martin J. Walsh are identified at the trial of "Big Bill" Kelliher in Boston as those of the mysterious "Jack" who helped to fleece George W. Coleman of his bank stealings.

Saturday.

George Morgan of New York city, wealthy and well known in society, kills himself.

Sixteen prominent men are arrested in the Schenectady county graft scandal.

John A. Dix is elected to succeed W J. Conners as chairman of the Democratic state committee.

President Madriz denies government repulse at Bluefields and invites American intervention by threat to blockade the port.

President Taft announces that he will choose Mr. Roosevelt as head of the proposed congressional commission in the interests of international peace.

Mr. Roosevelt's speech attacking Great Britain for her attitude in Egypt is called impertinent by the labor organ of London, says a cable dispatch.

Monday.

Grave disorder is feared in Nanking, says a cable dispatch from Pekin.

The United States demands fair and humane treatment for William P Pittham, Boston man, captured by Nicaraguan troops while he was aiding rebels.

W. C. Brown, president of the New York Central, confirms rumors that $15,000,000 in improvements on his system have been postponed on account of the government rate suits.

Federal officials in conference in New York consider plan to stop smuggling.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and his bride to go to City hall in New York and obtain their marriage license.

Norman E. Mack declares that Mayor Gaynor of New York has attracted attention everywhere and is one of the strongest candidates for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Tuesday.

Dr. James R. Day, chancellor of Syracuse university, expresses fear that the automobile may become a curse.

Opponents of a national department of health say the record of the American Medical association will kill the project.

A savage lioness tears Peter Taylor, an animal trainer at a Coney Island show, who is found unconscious in a cage.

Dr. Madriz assures the state department William P. Pittman, American captured while aiding Nicaraguan rebels, will come to no harm.

The Nanking industrial exposition is inaugurated without the predicted revolutionary outbreak, says a cable dispatch from Pekin.

Wednesday.

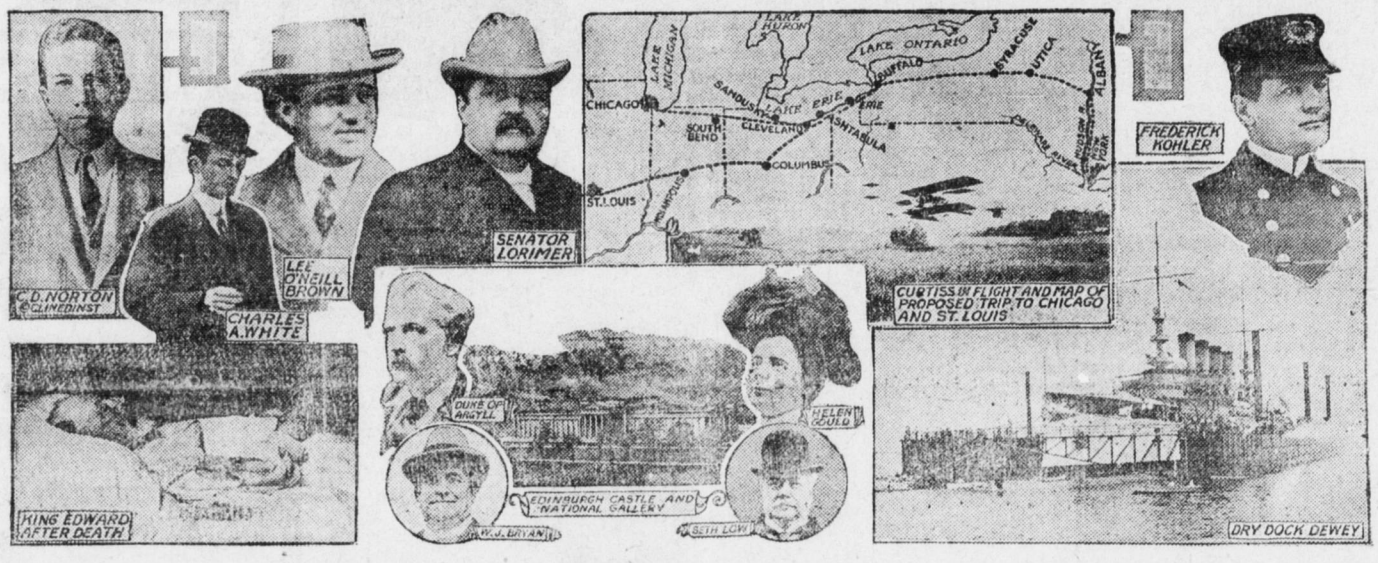
A severe earthshock caused a number of deaths and much property damage in Central Campania, Italy.

Provincial delegates demand that the Chinese throne convoke a national parliament at once.

Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt have luncheon with King George and Queen Mary at Marlborough House, as a cable dispatch from London states.

Dr. Robert J. Black, starting to contest the renomination of Representative John Dalzell in the Pennsylvania primaries, makes complaint against a judge of elections.

The senate voted to give the president's conservation measure precedence over the statehood bill



News Snapshots Of the Week By queen's permission King Edward was photographed after death. Official investigation of sinking of $1,250,000 drydock Dewey in Philippines under way. Frederick Kohler of Cleveland, called by Roosevelt "best police chief in America," under charges for drunkenness. Glenn H. Curtiss flies from Albany to New York; may participate in aeroplane flights to Chicago and to St. Louis for $25,000 and $30,000. Charles D. Norton, assistant secretary of treasury, to succeed Frank Carpenter, secretary to president, who becomes minister to Morocco. Lee O. Browne, named by Charles A. White as person who bribed him to vote for William Lorimer as senator of Illinois, must stand trial. Thousand Americans at world missionary conference Edinburgh; Duke of Argyll chairman.

A Monster Trout.

Last Monday afternoon two Emporium lads, Chas. Josiah Howard, aged eight years and Max Ostrum, aged nine, were fishing on the Portage and noticed a monster brown trout swim into a two foot hole, opposite E. D. Sizer's farm. The boys jumped into the water, which almost reached their shoulders and drove the fish to the bank when they succeeded in catching it The proud lads brought the handsome fish, which is known as a California Brown trout to town. The fish weighed five pounds, two ounces and measured 27½ inches in length and 13 inches around the middle. W. G. Bair took a photograph of the beauty. It is the largest trout we ever saw from these waters. The lads are to be congratulated upon their great catch.

Novelty Shower.

Many friends of Miss Olive Maloy surprised her at her home on east Sixth street last Monday [evening] by giving a novelty shower in her honor. Eighteen young ladies were present [as guests. The groom-to-be, Mr. George Yeager, was also there and he came in for his share of the sport, but he stood the ordeal all right, even if he was the the only fellow in the bunch. Miss Maloy received many useful gifts A most pleasant time and "big eat" made the evening pass all too quickly. Those present were: The Bride and groom-to-be, Misses Katie Welsh, Mary Welsh, Mary Murry, Alvira Farr, Rose Ganey, Flora Schlecht, Margaret Glenn, Grace Heideck, Theresa Blumle, Margaret Murray, Nellie Glenn, Anna L. Welsh, Jane Glenn, Agnes Blumle, Anna V. Welsh, Helen Blumle, Margaret Maloy, Frances Blumle and Agnes Blumle.

Mill Sold.

Mr. E. J. Rogers, this week closed a deal whereby he became owner of the flour and feed mill on Wood and Fifth streets owned and operated by Mr. E. J. Smith, who may possibly return to his old home in Conn. Mr. Rogers has taken possession of the mill. We wish him success. The very many friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Smith sincerely hope they may decide to remain in Emporium.

Tent Burned.

Last Saturday evening, about eight o'clock, the blowing of the fire alarm caused a little excitement. The fire was caused by a gasolene lamp setting fire to the big tent of the Hoyt Comedy Company and it was totally destroyed. The Company certainly had hard luck while in Emporium as it rained most every night and Saturday evening was was the first good night and the doors were opened for the evening when the fire started.

Base Ball.

St. Marys vs Emporium, Saturday, June 11, at Keystone Park. Admission 25 cents. This will be the deciding game, each nine having won one game. Let there be a good attendance and encourage the boys.

FATAL ACCIDENT NEAR BUFFALO.

Joseph Harbot Brakeman on B. & A. V. Division, P. R. R., Was Killed Last Sunday Morning.

Joseph Harbot, eldest son of Mr. John Harbot and Mrs. Hertansey Harbot, Third street, met with a fatal accident early last Sunday morning, about 12:15 o'clock, which resulted in the loss of his life. He was employed as brakeman on the Pennsylvania R. R., making a run between Olean and Buffalo. The accident occurred somewhere between Chaffee and Protection, N. Y. The last seen of the unfortunate young man, was when the train left Chaffee, he starting at that time to set brakes to go down the hill into Protection, and no one will ever know just how the accident happened, When the train reached Protection they missed him and after pulling the train into the siding, the crew returned on the engine, a distance of three miles, and found their fellow-workman cold in death, lying on the track. The body was badly bruised and the right limb was nearly severed from the body. Walter Harbot, brother of the deceased, was working on a train following the one on which Jos. was working and was the first in the family to be told of the sad accident. The remains were taken to Buffalo where they were prepared for burial, and were then brought to Emporium, arriving here on train No. 58 at two o'clock, Monday morning. "Joe" as he was familiarly called by all who knew him, was born August 1st, 1881, at Trout Run, Pa., near Williamsport, but has practically spent his entire life in and around Emporium. He has been in the employ of the railroad company for the past five years and was a trusted and faithful employee. Deceased is survived by his father, Mr. John Harbot and mother, Mrs. Hertansey Edwards-Harbot, two sisters, Mrs. Clara Murray and Mrs. Rose Jones, also two brothert Messrs. Perry and Walter, to whom the PRESS and the entire community offers the deepest sympaty. The funeral of this unfortunate young man was held from Emmanuel Episcopal Church, of which the deceased was a member, on Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock and was largely attended. Rev. J. M. Robertson, rector officiated. Emporium Aerie No. 958, Fraternal Order of Eagles, of which the deceased was a member, and the entire fire department were in attendance at the funeral, he being a member of Hamilton Hose Company. Joe was a general favorite with all and his death is keenly felt by a wide circle of friends and relatives and all speak words of profound sorrow. He was devotion itself to his mother and to her the shock is most severe, but she can always remember him as a most dutiful and affectionate son and one whose first thought was of her. Thus ends the life of one who was full of promise, but God's ways are full of mystery and passeth all human knowledge.

Deceased was engaged to be married to Miss Myrtle Kauts, a very excellent young lady of this place, their wedding having been dated for this fall.

Emporium Milling Company.

Felt's Fancy and Pet Grove $1.60 per sack; Nemophila flour $1.50 per sack. From 40 to 60c per barrel drop in prices to-day. See Emporium Milling Company's price list for change in prices.

June 8th, 1910.

Very Enjoyable Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Metzger, Jr., gave a very elaborate whist last evening to about sixty of their friends. Their very handsome residence was tastily decorated for the occasion. The third floor, admirably fitted for such occasions, was devoted exclusively for the chief amusement—whist—while the first and second floors were admirably suited for entertaining a large party. Whist continued until mid-night when the guests were treated to a bountiful course dinner, served upon tables decorated with ferns. The occasion was voted one of the most beautiful and enjoyable occasions of the season. The pleasant festivities closed about one o'clock, but not until Miss Grace A. Walker and Geo. A. Walker favored the party with several choice musical numbers, which were heartily applauded. It certainly was a swell reception and Mr. and Mrs. Metzger, so pleasantly and happily situated, were congratulated by their guests.

The following guests were present: Mesdames and Messrs. J. Paul Felt, G. S. Allen, L. R. Felt, E. D. White, Josiah Howard, Guy S. Felt, Jas. Wright, F. G. Judd, Chas. Seger, E. E. Forbes, W. H. Howard, T. F. Moore, H. H. Mullin, W. B. Thompson, J. D. Logan, Jasper Harris, A. E. Housler, J. H. Day, F. H. Turner, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., W. S. Walker, Austin; also Geo. A. Walker, Miss Grace A. Walker, Mrs. C. Jay Goodnough, Miss Marion Judd, Thos. Gallagher, Mrs. G. F. Balcom, Mrs. Helen Metzger, Arthur V. Orton.

Paving Rapidly Progressing.

Costello & Neagle, contractors, are pushing the work on Broad street paving and have a large force of workmen. It will be only a short time now until the public will not be put to so much trouble on account of the work torn up streets, walks, etc. When completed, Emporium citizens will feel like kicking themselves for not having done the work years ago, instead of squandering the people's money on mud streets.

Preparing for the Fourth.

At a regular meeting of Mountaineer Hose Company, last Monday evening, the following committee was appointed to make arrangements to give a dance on the afternoon and evening of July 4th, also any other amusements for the day: L. R. Felt, R. M. McQuay, J. R. Klees, Frank McCloskey, B. J. Erskine, W. G. Munsell and J. E. Burnside. An enjoyable program can be arranged at small expense. Prompt work can make the day an enjoyable occasion.

Death of Infant.

Mr. E. A. Gerg, whose family recently moved back to St. Marys from Emporium, received the sad news of the death of his infant son, Albert. The little child has never been in good health since its birth, but everything was done to spare the little life that could be done, but to no avail. Burial took place at St. Marys.

The Western District Sunday School Convention.

The Annual Convention for the Western District of Cameron county, will be held in the M. E. Church, at Beechwood, on Thursday, June 15th, two sessions, afternoon and evening.

This District is made up of the Sunday Schools from Mason Hill, Sterling Run, Emporium, Sizerville, Rich Valley, North Creek, West Creek, Howard Siding and More Hill. It is earnestly hoped that each of the above named Sunday Schools will send at lest two delegates to this convention.

MISS CHARLOTTE SPENCE, Sec'y.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa., June 18th. If you can't see well or have headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he guarantees to cure all such cases. Lenses ground and fitted in old frames. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed.

LARGE ORDER FOR DYNAMITE.

Keystone National Powder Company Awarded a Contract for Five Million Pounds.

On Monday, the Keystone National Powder Company, of this place, was awarded a contract for five million pounds of dynamite by the Panama Commission. This is the second large order to Cameron county, the Keystone just closing a ten million pound contract which has been repeatedly increased very materially. The company's three large plants are abundantly able to handle anything that comes "down the pike." This last contract will keep things busy for some time after the ten million pound contract is closed next month.

Cameron county is now the largest producer of high explosives in the United States, having five large plants, two at Sinnamahoning and three at Emporium.

Our Big Fishermen in Washington.

A friend writing us from Seattle, Wash., under date of May 25th, says: "Recently I was called to Darrington, Wash., on business and to my astonishment met two good old friends of mine and no doubt of yours too, both formerly of Emporium but now residents of the State of Washington—Edward Dion, of Seattle, and Fred A. Hill, of Everett, Wash. They were fishing recently in that vicinity. Ed. had at that time caught thirty-six, the largest measuring four inches, and Fred, being an expert, according to reports from Pennsylvania, had captured only two—the largest measuring 2¼ inches. However, they both seemed to enjoy it and were on their third day out. If there are any charges for this item present your bill to Henry Auchu and make him foot the bill."

Fight News for Fistic Fans.

The fight for mercantile supremacy in the drug service, is exemplified in the present appearance of Emporium's First Drug Store, while the appreciation and satisfaction that the public feels towards us is evidenced in our increased business. Emporium people are fast beginning to realize that our long experience coupled with scientific training is essential to the successful interpretations of their doctor's prescriptions. And the doctors of repute do not hesitate to recommend our store because all that have taken the trouble to inform themselves know that we handle and dispense the best pharmaceuticals and chemicals obtainable. It is true that we only use legitimate methods to secure business, do not pay any subsides to do doctors or special agents. But rather depend on our reputation for square dealing, honest prices and pure drugs.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE.

President Taft in Emporium.

President Taft passed through Emporium last Sunday noon, on the Buffalo Flyer. While changing engines at the Junction, the President made his appearance on the platform of his special car and thanked the large assemblage congregated to pay their respects to our good-natured and able President, regretting that the day would not permit of his making a About two hundred ladies and gentlemen greeted our Nation's leader in a manner courteous and dignified.

THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, Showers.
SATURDAY, Showers.
SUNDAY, Fair.

ASSETS

First National Bank,

EMPORIUM, PA.

At the close of business, June 8, 1910.

$945,913.94.

BANK ACCOUNT.

If you have a bank account you must have a natural desire and pride to make it as large as possible.

$1.00 Starts an Account.

3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVING BOOK ACCOUNTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT.

DR. LEON REX FELT,
DENTIST.
Rockwell Block, Emporium, Pa.

DR. H. W. MITCHELL,
DENTIST,
Office over A. F. Vogt's Shoe Store
Emporium, Pa 12y

Lee Lewis Writes to the Press.

Our very energetic young friend, Lee H. Lewis who recently went to Bayonne, N. J., to accept a position as engineer of Bayonne City Park, writes the PRESS, under recent date, and says: "The PRESS came to hand last week and was a very welcome visitor as it contained much news that interested me. I am located at No. 22 W. 16th St., near the City Park which is one of the finest in Jersey, on the shore of Newark Bay. I have charge of the engines and machinery in the Park. Between my work and the mosquitoes I am busy. The "skeeters" are very gentle fellows—about the size of your hand, with jaws like Farmer Howard's dog. This place is only a short distance from New York; car fare only eight cents via the Subway. Sunday is the busy day here—everything open. I have been unable to tell Sunday from any other day since I have been here. A large number of people from New York, as well as other places, come here to spend Sunday. The Standard Oil Co., have their largest oil refinery here on Constable Hook. It employs thousands of men. There are also other large industries here. The people, as a rule, are very fine, but like all other places, you can find some of the worst class. We even have to take the brass off the engines at night to prevent it being stolen. If any of my friends happen to come down to New York, I would be pleased to have them call on me at the above address. Be sure to send the Old Reliable PRESS. Yours, Lee H. Lewis, chief engineer, Bayonne City Park."

Struck it Lucky.

The PRESS is pleased to state that the Butler Oil Company, of which Joseph M. Butler, of Port Allegany, formerly of this place, is a heavy stockholder, has made a lucky strike. The following is clipped from the Port Allegany Reporter: "The Butler Oil Company, of which Will Bradley is manager, brought in a pretty good well in the Sartwell field last Thursday. The first pumping secured sixteen barrels of oil. It is also furnishing a pretty good supply of gas. The company has the Reporter's congratulations."

Butler—Shade.

A quiet wedding was celebrated at the Rectory of St. Mark's Catholic Church early Monday morning, May 30th, the contracting parties being Miss Mame Butler, daughter of Mrs. Mary Butler of this place and Mr. Henry Shade, of Sinnamahoning. Rev. Father T. B. Downey officiated. The bride and groom took a short wedding trip to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.

Interesting Paper.

Some kind friend, possiby Miss Norris, of Silverdale, England, places the PRESS under obligations for a copy of the London Daily Telegraph, which contains a full and very extended account of the funeral of the late King Edward. We thank the kind friend very much and shall preserve the copy.

Prompt Payment.

The ladies of the Maccabees, have again shown their promptness in the settlement of the claim of the late Mrs, Kate Panting. Proofs of death, with guardian's certificate, was mailed to Supreme Hive, May 28, and draft in full for $1,000 was drawn May 31. This is the second claim for $1,000 our local Hive has received in four months.

Shirt Factory.

Names are being rapidly filed at the PRESS office, by ladies, girls and boys desiring employment in the proposed shirt factory. Hand in your names, in order that it may be shown we have the necessary help here. Do it now.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 10 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year, over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

There is a new reform out in Iowa, and it is started by 18 young ladies, prominent in social circles, who have at last discovered the abomination that exists in mere gossip, and so they have organized to suppress it, says Ohio State Journal. They call their organization the "Antigossip society." This is a fine effort. It means intellectual and moral uplift. It means that conversation shall deal with real things—with science, philosophy, literature, history, nature and those things that adorn and uplift life. It is not to be thought for an instant that it is the young women alone that need to organize for this high purpose. The male section of mankind needs just such a reformatory movement. We might say they need it more than the women.

It has been necessary, in order to save the steamship Minnehaha, which ran ashore on one of the Scilly islands a few days ago, to throw overboard a great many pianolas, which the inhabitants of the island are reported to have eagerly picked up, along with tons of American novels which also had to be flung into the sea. But people who get things for nothing are never satisfied. The inhabitants of the Scilly islands are probably grumbling because the ship did not have a cargo of hams and eggs.

The tide of immigration is rising, and the officials at New York say April and May are likely to be record breakers in this respect. More than 5,000 aliens arrived at Ellis Island the other day, and still they come. The circumstances will lead to fresh suggestions as to the desirability of restricting immigration. But it cannot be denied that the facts point to strong belief abroad in general prosperity here. Immigration falls off quickly when commercial and industrial depression exists.

A Chicago magistrate thinks that drunken men should not be arrested, but taken instead by policemen to their homes. Perhaps the next step in this way of doing things will be to give autoists the right to exact damages from people they run down, on the ground of the trouble and loss of time which such collisions with pedestrians entail.

The arrest of a federal inspector of drugs on a charge of being connected with the infamous cocaine traffic adds another sensation to the investigation which is being conducted by the pharmaceutical board of Philadelphia. The crusade has brought out some startling facts and two men have already received the maximum penalty for illegal sale of the drug.

Chicago's hatpin ordinance is in force, and one woman has been fined a dollar and costs for using a pin which protruded from her hat several inches, and which scratched a man's face during jostling on a crowded street. The long hatpin must go.

The Californian who announces that he has developed an edible rose might now turn his attention, as other horticulturists have been urged to do, to the production of a scentless onion.

Isn't it characteristic of America that a $1,500,000 cafe should fail because the kitchen was so far from the dining room that an extra minute was consumed in bringing orders?

Ptomaine poisoning has made its appearance in ice cream in the east. It will take more than this to deter the brave from treating the fair.

Possibly it is no sin to play golf on Sunday, except on the theory that it is sinful to waste time on Sunday or any other day of the week.

A recent decision as to a seat in a street car gives it to the man that gets it first rather than the man who sees it first.

The garden variety of fever is epidemic in the suburbs at present, and few men escape its ravages.

UNABLE TO REASON

COUNTRY LAUGHS AT INCOMPETENCY OF DEMOCRATS.

Judging by Their Leaders, How Is It Possible for the Voters to Have Confidence in the Party of the Minority?

Verily it is a hard task to fathom the processes of the Democratic mind. The only safe theory seems to be that if there is a wrong way of going about anything that is the way the Democrat is going to adopt.

Witness the performances of Representative Adamson of Georgia. Mr. Adamson, an earnest Democrat, is a member of the house committee on interstate commerce and in such capacity he is opposing the president's commerce bill.

As near as can be discovered, Mr. Adamson's objections are based chiefly on the ground that the bill is an execution of certain Democratic principles and policies.

"The provision as to initiating an inquiry into the rates and practises the president borrowed from the Democratic leaders," asserted Mr. Adamson. He also says: "The president has borrowed from the Democratic platform the suggestion that the commission may arrest a rate before it goes into effect."

Naturally the average citizen, unversed in Democratic ratiocination, will inquire why these facts should embitter a Democrat against the bill. It would seem, rather, that they should inspire him to advocate it and to lend his influence to its early adoption. For, surely, measures urged by the revered Democratic platform and advocated by the estimable Mr. Bryan must be good for the country, even though an unkind fate has decreed that they should be advanced by a Republican president.

There is a pretty vigorous demand on the part of the people, regardless of party, for the passage of the legislation mapped out by President Taft. If he has borrowed some of his ideas from the Democratic party, so much the better for the party. It will give its orators something tangible to talk about on the hustings next fall. But opposition to the measures, predicated on such astonishing grounds as those of Mr. Adamson, will make no friends for him or his party.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Villain Still Pursues It.

Some weeks ago some lumber dealers met in a western city and said they regretfully must raise the price of common boards on account of the Payne tariff, says the Guthrie (Okla.) State Capital.

Think of it!

They must raise the price from 50 cents to one dollar a thousand on account of the tariff—

When the same law reduces the tariff on common boards 75 cents a thousand.

And these men meet in convention and attempt to deceive and bunko and hoodwink the people.

It was the same way in reference to hides.

Hides were put on the free list, but all kinds of shoes have gone up on the wholesale market, and not a single reduction is given in "Dun's Review."

Then the woolen dealers got together and said they must raise the price of wool on account of the Payne tariff, but there is not in the Payne act one change made in the wool or woolen schedule, except two minor ones, and both of these were reductions.

These instances sound like the tricks that were attempted under the McKinley bill in the same way, and show how men who have pecuniary self-interests at stake are going to attempt to discredit the Payne tariff law for selfish pecuniary gain.—Norwalk (O.) Reflector.

Workingmen Prosper.

A notable development during the month was the voluntary increase in wages by some of the leading industrial corporations and railways of the country, affecting close to 1,000,000 employees. Of coincident interest is the report of the American Bankers' association, which estimates the total savings deposits in the world at $15,400,000,000, of which $5,600,000,000 are credited to the United States, the average deposit per capita being nearly six times greater than in the other countries which figured in the total.

Will Return to Right Principles.

Just so, when the time comes for the voters of the Massachusetts district which elected Mr. Foss and for those of the New York district which elected Mr. Havens, to elect Representatives for the full term, the results are likely to be what they ought to be, and not again what they happened to be at elections to fill unexpired terms.—Albany Journal.

It Will Be Done.

There is no reason why the Republicans cannot get together, adjust their differences, and go ahead to retain control of the country. As a party, they are more efficient than their adversaries and better fitted to carry on the government, and for these reasons the people have kept them in power for many years.—Lowell Courier-Citizen.

Mr. Bryan will probably want to know what right Senator Rayner has to invite anybody into the Democratic party without the Nebraskan's consent.—Louisville Post.

ALWAYS PARTY OF LIBERTY

Republicans Ever Welcome Open Discussion Under the Banner of Their Faith.

The Republican party never has been, is not, and never will be, a close corporation. It came into existence with a general invitation to all good citizens to unite in checking slavery. It has ever since practised the policy of the open door. In its own ranks it accepts and approves wide differences of opinion, as long as they are honest, based on principle and resting on a determination to support the broad purposes of the party.

This is not the policy of the Democratic party and never has been its line of action. Jefferson began and Jackson continued the policy of treating the Democratic party as a close corporation. Wherever it is in unchallenged power it draws the party line sharply and refuses to permit dissent. The unit rule prevails in its national conventions, under which a majority of a single vote in a state delegation controls absolutely every vote from the state. The Republican party in 1876 decided against this practise and in the conventions each man from every state is free to vote as he deems right.

Democratic senators at Washington under Democratic training are naturally challenging independent action in Republican senators. In the Democratic party there would be no room for "independents" or insurgents. There is in the Republican party. Honest differences as to details and honest agreement as to essentials is its principle and practise. Every man in the Republican party can vote for the administration or for his own conscience. No one can drive him or boss him.

The Republican party is united as to the general policy of President Taft on legislation now before congress. Every Republican can vote for the administration measures and every Republican is free to make every effort to perfect these measures while they are on passage. This combination of criticism within the party and action with the party may be strange to Democratic senators at Washington, but it is and always has been good Republican doctrine.—Philadelphia Press.

Democratic Blundering.

The Democrats are going to maintain their record for blundering if they follow Mr. Champ Clark's lead, given at their Washington "harmony" banquet the other night, of laying the blame for the prevailing high cost of living on the Aldrich-Payne tariff act. The fact is, as shown beyond dispute in the act itself, that the tariff does not touch most, if any, of the articles, particularly those of food, which are higher priced than formerly. In making such a charge the Democratic party is simply demonstrating anew its demagogy. It will soon find itself face to face with one stubbornest of all things: viz, an array of facts. These facts will not only establish an alibi for the tariff, but will show that the Aldrich-Payne act has produced the most satisfactory conditions the country has ever known in relation to every article with which it deals. Ask the farmers, who constitute the great body of the taxpayers of the nation, and they will say that they are getting better prices for their products than ever before, and that, while they are paying more for the things they need, the balance of trade is largely in their favor. The manufacturers, jobbers, wholesale and retail dealers, the mechanics and workingmen, men in every class of industrial endeavor, will make the same reply. It is an undisputed fact that the United States today is the most prosperous and best-governed country in the world, and the Democrats will simply butt their heads against a stone wall when they deny it.—Kansas City Journal.

Reclamation Returns.

The actual test of the government participation in the work of reclaiming the waste regions of the west has proved that the experiment is a success. The settlers who took up land under the government-built ditches are paying up promptly, a great majority of them paying in advance. This can mean but one thing, and that is that the government will receive back the money expended for construction of dams and ditches to provide water for irrigating the dry lands. The people who have settled on these lands are prospering, and the net result of the project is the creation of new homes and new sources of supply for national citizenship and national wealth.

As one of the pioneers in the movement for government control of irrigation projects, the Bee takes pardonable satisfaction in the outcome of the policy it has advocated for years.—Omaha Bee.

Showing Country's Growth.

Increased traffic returns on the railroads lend interest to a recent prediction of Mr. James J. Hill that there will be great congestion when the crops are moved next autumn, due not to the lack of rolling stock, but to inadequate terminal facilities. Railway mileage was said to have increased 25 per cent between 1897 and 1907, while passengers and freight carried had increased 126 and 145 per cent, respectively. He estimated that the railroads would shortly need for such extensions $10,000,000,000. The reports of the Interstate Commerce commission do not entirely verify this prediction, as they show extensions of second tracks during the same period amounting to 76 per cent, and of terminal tracks, etc., 72 per cent.

BROKE HER UP.

Mrs. L. I. Terary—Mrs. Wise has given up her club.

Mrs. Izit Soe—Why?

Mrs. L. I. Terary—Every time she went to a meeting her husband moved the furniture in the parlor all around.

A SOLDIER'S EXPERIENCE.

Hardships of Army Life Brought On a Severe Case of Kidney Trouble.

H. N. Camp, 1356 Delaware St., Denver, Colo., says: "During the Spanish-American war, I contracted a severe kidney trouble. After returning home, I was under a physician's care for months, but grew gradually worse. Finally I got so bad I could not hold the urine at all. I also had intense suffering from back pains. Doan's Kidney Pills made improvement from the first, and soon I was well and strong."

Remember the name—Doan's.

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Quoter.

"You never quote poetry in your speeches?"

"No," replied Senator Sorghum; "quoting poetry is too often like sending an anonymous letter. A man resorts to it when he wants to say something and shift the responsibility of authorship."

The Flannel Shirt Joke.

There used to be a favorite funny paper story about a man who bought a flannel shirt, and every time it was washed it had to be handed down to one of the children until at last the baby was wearing it. Washing flannels used to be a critical task, but now Easy Task soap is used, and it not only does not shrink the goods, but it leaves the garment soft and comfortable as eider-down. Easy Task soap is pure, white and sanitary.

For the Critics.

Creston Clark, whose untimely death at Asheville robbed America of a serious and capable actor, was somewhat impatient of criticism. To a Philadelphia critic he once said:

"You chaps are unwilling to accept a man for what he is. You want to change him to your own taste. But each of you has a different taste. To whose inclination, then, is he to bend?

"No, no! Take the artist for what he is. That is the right critical attitude. Don't be like the farm urchin I once saw—an urchin who, as he stoned a frog to death, repeated severely:

"'I'll l'arn ye to be a toad.'"

Wedding Fee Counterfeit.

A well-dressed stranger entered the office of Justice William B. Williams, Montclair, N. J., and after shaking hands astonished the justice by saying: "I'm here to redeem that counterfeit $10 bill I passed on you. Two years ago I called on you with my girl and two witnesses and you married us. I handed you a $10 bill. I had a counterfeit in my pocketbook that I'd carried for several years. I never missed it until yesterday. Then I remembered that I'd accidentally handed you the bill." The caller produced a good $10 bill, but the justice refused to take it. "Don't let that worry you, my dear fellow," he laughed. "I never knew it was a counterfeit. No kind of money sticks to me over night. I'm married, myself."

A Breakfast Joy—

Sweet, Crisp, Golden-Brown

Post Toasties

Ready to serve from the package with cream—no cooking necessary.

"The Memory Lingers"

Pkgs. 10c and 15c.

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.

The Place to Buy Cheap

—IS AT—

J. F. PARSONS'

5 DROPS

TRADE MARK

CURES

RHEUMATISM

LUMBAGO, SCIATICA NEURALGIA and KIDNEY TROUBLE

"5-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND

Of Brewton, Ga., writes:

"I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found nothing that gave the relief obtained from "5-DROPS." I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kindred disease, write to us for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS," and test it yourself.

"5-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "5-DROPS" ($00 Doses) $1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY, Dept. 80. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.

If you are a business man, did you ever think of the field of opportunity that advertising opens to you? There is almost no limit to the possibilities of your business if you study how to turn trade into your store. If you are not getting your share of the business of your community *there's a reason*. People go where they are attracted—where they *know* what they can get and how much it is sold for. If you make direct statements in your advertising see to it that you are able to fulfill every promise you make. You will add to your business reputation and hold your customers. It will not cost as much to run your ad in this paper as you think. It is the persistent advertiser who gets there. Have something in the paper every issue, no matter how small. We will be pleased to quote you our advertising rates, particularly on the year's business.

MAKE YOUR APPEAL

to the public through the columns of this paper. With every issue it carries its message into the homes and lives of the people. Your competitor has his store news in this issue. Why don't you have yours? Don't blame the people for flocking to his store. They know what he has.

The Home Paper Gives you the reading matter in which you have the greatest interest—the home news. Its every issue will prove a welcome visitor to every member of the family. It should head your list of newspaper and periodical subscriptions.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUT

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

Enlarging Your Business

If you are in business and you want to make more money you will read every word we have to say. Are you spending your money for advertising in haphazard fashion as if intended for charity, or do you advertise for direct results?

Did you ever stop to think how your advertising can be made a source of profit to you, and how its value can be measured in dollars and cents. If you have not, you are throwing money away.

Advertising is a modern business necessity, but must be conducted on business principles. If you are not satisfied with your advertising you should set aside a certain amount of money to be spent annually, and then carefully note the effect it has in increasing your volume of business; whether a 10, 20 or 30 per cent increase. If you watch this gain from year to you will become intensely interested in your advertising, and how you can make it enlarge your business.

If you try this method we believe you will not want to let a single issue of this paper go to press without something from your store.

We will be pleased to have you call on us, and we will take pleasure in explaining our annual contract for so many inches, and how it can be used in whatever amount that seems necessary to you.

If you can sell goods over the counter we can also show you why this paper will best serve your interests when you want to reach the people of this community.

JOB PRINTING We can do the finest class of printing, and we can do that class just a little cheaper than the other fellow. Wedding invitations, letter heads, bill heads, sale bills, statements, dodgers, cards, etc., all receive the same careful treatment—just a little better than seems necessary. Prompt delivery always.

Conservation of the Nation's Greatest Asset—THE CHILD

By MRS. EDGAR A. HALL

AT A PUBLIC PLAYGROUND.

IT IS more important for a nation to conserve the physical and moral life of its helpless citizens than to preserve its natural resources. Money expended in the conservation of the child will save money now spent in combating conditions caused by the neglect of the proper authorities to provide instruction for those whose duty it is to care for the children.

CHILDREN AT PLAY

The home is the basis of society, and no civic, social or physical betterment can be reached except through intelligent, purposeful effort to raise the standards of home life, of marriage and its duties, of fatherhood and motherhood, and of citizenship. The God-given function of parenthood is the highest, most far-reaching duty of humanity, and the permanence and sacredness of marriage is the foundation of society.

All students of social conditions seeking the cause of crime and disease, trace them to inefficient homes. Money and infinite labor are expended on charity, on the care of defective, dependent and delinquent children, on hospitals, reformatories, orphan asylums and prisons. Practically nothing is done to remove the causes which lie far back of the conditions, and which are largely preventable.

Homes are inefficient because there is nothing in our present educational system to fit young people for wise home-makers, intelligent parents, broad-minded, public spirited citizens. There is no provision by which young parents may procure the knowledge that is vital for the protection of the life and development of the minds and souls of the children committed to their care. Instinct does not make parents any more than it makes wise specialists in any other branch of work.

The National Congress of Mothers, from whose declaration of principles the foregoing statements are gleaned, is doing practical and efficient service in seeking to reach every home, every parent, and extend a knowledge of child nurture. The congress is strongly urging such provision as will give to parents the knowledge which will do more than anything else to check the evils which menace society.

The terrible death rate among infants can be checked only by giving to every expectant mother the knowledge of what the baby needs in food, sleep, clothing and care. The time has come when every nation, through a special department, should provide the data concerning infants which may be used by boards of health and mothers. The parents' associations and mothers' circles for the study of the welfare of the child in home, school and state should be co-extensive with the schools which the children attend. Study courses and libraries for parents should be provided for every parents' association. As strength is gained by unity of action, these associations should unite in local, state and national bodies in the cause of the welfare of the child, and in diffusion of intelligent knowledge of its requirements.

A thorough knowledge of the child's physical needs will result in the elimination of many diseases due to parental ignorance. A knowledge of the high, holy and pure functions of sex inculcated in the receptive minds of children by parents would go far toward preventing the social evil—illegitimate children, venereal diseases and unhappy marriages. The knowledge of how to develop honesty, reliability, purity of mind and responsibility in children, would prevent much criminalty. The laws of health, particularly in relation to food, ventilation and sanitation, if thoroughly understood and enforced, would have a great influence on health of mind and body.

The present methods of caring for the dependent, neglected, delinquent, defective and wayward children are far from adequate. The care of children in individual homes rather than institutions and orphan asylums cannot be too strongly recommended. The group system, with house-mother and distinct family life, has proven most successful in institutions. The placing of wayward children in homes where experts in child care may study and guide them, instead of in reformatories, is now advised by the leading students of sociology.

Study of the physical conditions of the child, which may be the chief cause of moral failure, is highly important. The teaching of speech to deaf children, without the use of sign language, should begin at an early age. The prevention of deafness may be accomplished by segregating the deaf, thus preventing intermarriage and the perpetuation of the defect. The prevention of blindness is possible through widespread dissemination of knowledge as to the cause and means of prevention, with laws regulating the care of children at birth.

Legislation can do much to prevent the causes of unnecessary orphanage by requiring employers to provide safeguards for life and health. At the same time a certain amount of wholesome manual work is necessary and should be a part of the system of education from the kindergarten through every school grade.

Decent housing and sanitary conditions should be mandatory under the supervision of boards of health. No community can afford to keep plague spots in its midst. Playgrounds for children should be mandatory and in sufficient number in every neighborhood to keep the children off the streets. No children should be subjected to the criminal influences that come from association with criminals in courts, prisons and police stations.

Juvenile courts and a well organized probation system should be a part of the system for child care in every community. No child should be in an almshouse, no child should be permanently placed in a family or institution without the authority of the court, and with a record that will make it always possible to trace them.

Probation officers should be skilled in homemaking, able to advise mothers in all that goes to make a good mother and a good housekeeper; able to aid in problems of child care and to guide difficult children into safe, wholesome ways of life.

Mothers organized in every nation to study the physical, mental and moral growth of childhood, to study community conditions affecting children with the purpose of making them wholesome and helpful, is the fundamental step that will elevate the standards of marriage, parenthood and home life, and raise the physical and moral tone of the race. This is the laudable work that is being undertaken by the national Congress of Mothers, and great good has already been done along these lines. The annual meeting of the congress will be held in Denver, June 10-15, when problems of child care will be discussed by leading experts. Mothers, teachers and child lovers in general will be welcome to the meetings.

Romance in Arctic Wooing

Sometimes Suitor Seizes Girl by the Hair and Drags Her Home—Eskimos Marry Young.

Arctic women marry young and occasionaly several times before they are suited or suit their permanent husbands, says the Pittsburg Gazette. Arctic courtships are brief and there is seldom lovemaking beforehand.

Usually a bachelor in search of a wife—and Eskimos marry when yet mere boys—goes to the house of the fair one, seizes her by the hair or anywhere else that offers a firm hold, and drags her to his home, she meantime shrieking and struggling as if she were being murdered, while her family gaze indifferently or smilingly on at her courtship. The more high-bred the girl the greater her struggles and outcries and the longer she keeps these up, it being considered the correct thing for her to "carry on" for two or three days, even to the extent of running home after her place upon the Eskimo bench—apportioned among from three to ten families—has been assigned to her.

In addition to his place and its warm skins, her bridegroom often presents her with a new lamp, lamp table and water pail. Although the young husband may be aware that his wife entertains an affection for him, if she carries her observance of her wedding too far he sometimes cuts the soles of her feet slightly so that she cannot run away. By the time her feet are well she is a contented housewife. Occasionally a girl really objects to her captor, when if he will not release her—and a peace-loving Eskimo rarely wants an unwilling wife—the girl learns to endure patiently her fate.

Another way of wooing is to visit the "young people's house" of a village and there select a wife. Each village has such a house for unmarried persons. The youth selects a wife, and if they like each other and their respective parents have no objections, a brief trial marriage is followed by the ceremony of taking home the bride in less violent fashion than by the hair of her head.

Eskimo couples are generally kind and affectionate toward each other, and the wife is usually well treated according to her code. This admits only of entire obedience upon the part of the wife, although henpecked husbands are not unknown. She must submit to being exchanged when her husband and some friend arrange the matter without consulting her, and for as long or short a time as her lord pleases. These exchanges are often arranged for her interest, however, as when she cannot accompany her husband on a hunting expedition and he takes a friend's wife instead, leaving the friend in charge of his own; or when a homesick girl wants to visit her people, when, if her husband cannot take her, some other man undertakes the journey and leaves his wife as hostage. Refractory wives are exchanged also by way of punishment.

An Eskimo always travels with his wife or a borrowed one; therefore, the wifeless plight of our explorers awakens astonishment and compassion. Willing ladies are offered them, one being recommended to Count von Moltke as having "the longest hair in the settlement and a perfectly new foxskin dress," both highly prized possessions in arctic land.

Foli and His Irish "Supporters."

The great baritone, Signor Foli, when singing in grand opera in his native city, Cork, had to sing one of his songs from a stage balcony. The arrangements were not very perfect and the manager, fearing the carpenter had not made the balcony strong enough to sustain the weight of the big man, told off two assistants to hold it up from beneath. The lengthy signor was only half through his song when one man said to the other:

"Be jabers, Moike, this Oltalian is moighty heavy!"

"Let's dhrop him, Pat; he's only an Oltalian, after all!"

Voice from the signor above: "Will ye, ye devils, will ye?"

"Tare-an'-ouns! Pat, he's an Oirishman; hould him up for the loife of yez!"—From "Some Unrehearsed Stage Effects," in the Strand.

Electric Lamp Carbons.

In a new form of electric arc lamp the carbons are formed and supplied as consumed. The lamp is provided with two receptacles in which the plastic material is placed, and this is fed through tubes to form the two electrodes of the arc. The ends of the electrodes are baked by means of electric heating coils, and the process is a continuous one.

A Wonder.

"You seemed to regard that man with a good deal of awe."

"Yes. He excites my wonder. He's married to one of my former wives and getting along with her."

BACK TO THE WORLD.

Editor—We've lost another poet.

Assistant—What was the trouble, dead?

Editor—No; he got back his old job in the department store.

UNSIGHTLY COMPLEXIONS

The constant use of Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for toilet, bath and nursery purposes not only preserves, purifies, and beautifies the skin, scalp, hair and hands, but prevents inflammation, irritation and clogging of the pores, the common cause of pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness, yellow, oily, mothy and other unwholesome conditions of the complexion and skin. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find Cuticura Soap most successful in realizing every expectation.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are admirably adapted to preserve the health of the skin and scalp of infants and children, and to prevent minor blemishes or inherited skin humors becoming chronic, and may be used from the hour of birth. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the civilized world. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, for their free Cuticura book, 32 pages of invaluable advice on care and treatment of the skin, scalp and hair.

Willing to Pay for Rammer.

When the British square at the battle of Abu Klea, in the Nubian desert, was penetrated by the dervishes, one of them attempted to spear a gunner who was in the act of ramming home a charge. The Briton brained the Sudanese, but the rammer head split on the man's hard skull. Next day the gunner was sent for. Mistaking the reason, and knowing from experience that soldiers are charged for government property which they break, he led off with: "Please, sir, I'm very sorry I broke the rammer, but I never thought the fellow's head could be so hard. I'll pay for the rammer so as to hear no more of the case."

"Yaller."

Some soaps are so yellow that no word describes them so well as the homely old expression "yaller." They are made of cheap grease—often rancid—and lots of rosin is put in to give the soap weight. Add to this the strong caustic and you understand why your table linen rots into holes and your white garments come from the laundry with streaks of dirt ironed in them. Use Easy Task soap—the pure, white, guaranteed soap that is an enemy to dirt and a friend to fabrics.

It Made No Difference.

Congressman Ransdale of Louisiana, recently told a story of Alec Trimble, the valet and factotum of a physician in New Orleans, who took a fancy to one of the summer shirts of his master, and finally went and bought one exactly like it. He showed it to his mistress, who said that he had done wrong, as the two shirts might get mixed in the washing; and Alec answered:

"It'd make no difference, missus, 'cause dey's both alike in size an' price."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Appreciation.

"That successful poker player certainly paid a tribute to his winning game when he selected his handsome home."

"How so?"

"Don't you know he built it on a bluff?"

Too Much of a Target.

Brown—How did you feel, Jones, when the burglar had you covered with his revolver—pretty small, eh?

Jones—Small! Great Scott, no! I felt as big as the side of a house.

Plenty of Time.

Flanigan—Phot would yez do if yez lived to be 200 years old?

Lonigan—Oi don't know yit.—Brooklyn Life.

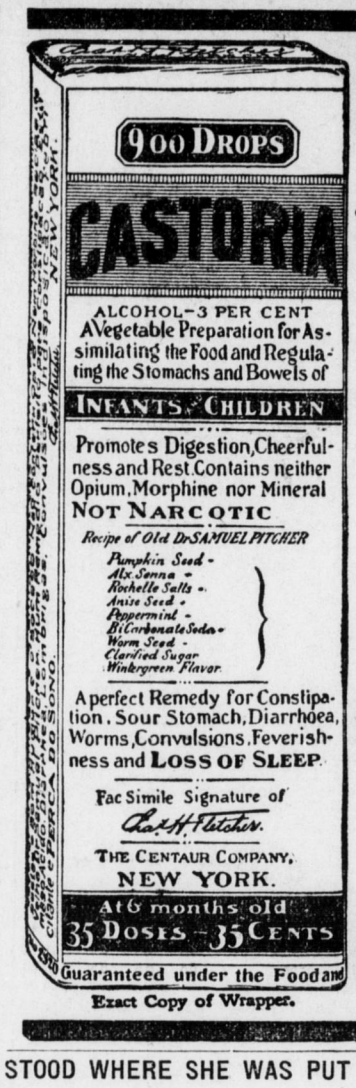
Pity is akin to love, and if a young man has an obese bank balance it isn't difficult to find a girl to pity him.

If You Have Common Sore Eyes, if lines blur or run together, you need PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Once you start thinking about your self and your complaints, your health begins to go.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

A mustard plaster can always be depended upon to do something smart


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral
NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

STOOD WHERE SHE WAS PUT

Wife Obeyed Orders to the Letter, but Unfortunately Workmen Moved Post Hole.

In a western state workmen began to dig a post hole for an electric light in front of a Dutchman's dwelling, when the master forbade them to continue. After some discussion the Dutchman bade his wife stand on a large, flat slate with which he covered the hole. "Now, Gretchen," he said, "dat ish vhere you shtands till I comes back mit ein enjunction." The solid frau stood there like a statue, her hands on her hips. When the husband disappeared, the leader of the workmen ordered the slate, with the frau on it, to be removed. With perfect politeness the lady was set on one side as if she had been a fat teapot on a salver. The Dutch wife stood like Casabianca, but the hole was well in its place when the householder returned with the injunction. He was overcome with astonishment and wrath. "Vy vas you not stood on dat hole?" he demanded of his wife. "It was on dis stone dat you vas puts me," she answered. He looked at her in helpless indignation a moment, and then cried: "I vas not mean dat you shtand on dat stone ven dat hole was carried away!"—Christian Register.

Very Fishy.

She was a fisherman's daughter, she wore her hair in a net, and she preferred love in a piscatorial way.

"My love," he whispered, "you hold first 'place' in my heart! Although I 'flounder' about in expressing myself, my 'sole' wish is that you will save me from becoming a 'crabbed' old bachelor. I shall stick to you closer than a 'limpet,' from you a 'wink'll' be the road to guide me. Together we will 'skate' over life's 'rocks,' and when I look at your hand beside me I shall say to myself: 'Fortune was mine when I put 'herring' there!'"

And then the lady dropped her eyes in sweet confusion, and murmured:

"Pass the salt."

Old Men in Responsibility.

The American business system, which gives mere boys responsible positions before they have acquired practical experience, is to an Englishman quite unaccountable. He wonders whether it does not cause reckless trading and wild speculation. In other countries they prefer to keep elderly men in responsible positions because they can be depended upon. Messrs. Dyke & Sons, Somerset, England, employ 66 men. More than half have completed 30 years' service, 20 have been there 40 years, nine over 50 years and one 70 years.

A Grievance.

Hewitt—It is no longer fashionable for a woman to have a small waist.

Jewett—I know it; you long-armed fellows have a cinch.

There is a reason
Why Grape-Nuts does correct
A weak, physical, or a
Sluggish mental condition.
The food is highly nutritious
And is partially pre-digested,
So that it helps the organs of
the stomach
To digest other food.
It is also rich in the
Vital phosphates that go
Directly to make up
The delicate gray matter
of brain and nerve centres.
Read "The Road to Wellville"
In pkgs. "There's a Reason."

POSTUM CEREAL COMPANY, Ltd.,
Battle Creek, Mich.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature: Brent Good

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.
Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c. a large box at druggists or by mail.

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Stop

taking liquid physic or big or little pills, that which makes you worse instead of curing. Cathartics don't cure—they irritate and weaken the bowels. CASCARETS make the bowels strong, tone the muscles so they crawl and work—when they do this they are healthy, producing right results. 907

CASCARETS 10c a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

ABSORBINE

Cures Strained Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Sores, Wire Cuts, Bruises and Swellings, Lameness, and allays Pain quickly without Blistering, removing the hair, or laying the horse up. Pleasant to use. $2.00 per bottle. Before After Horse Book 5 E free.

ABSORBINE, JR., (mankind $1.00 and $2.00 bottle.) For Strains, Gout, Varicose Veins, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Prostatitis, kills pain. Your druggist can supply and give references. Will tell you more if you write. Manufactured only by W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

See Our Pocket Edition

NO STROPPING NO HONING

Gillette

KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS ELECTROTYPES

In great variety for sale at the lowest prices by WESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION, 521-531 Sherman St., Chicago

WANTED MEN AND WOMEN for quickest selling household specialties on earth. Every woman buys on sight. Experience unnecessary. Goods sell themselves. Write today. FISCHMANN SPECIALTY CO., 160 E. 28th St., New York City.

CANCERS NO CURE, NO PAY Ideal Sanitarium. Health Herald and testimonials FREE for the asking. Address Dr. E. M. Boynton, Lawrence, Mass.

ESTABLISHED, 1866.

Cameron County Press

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Proprietor
ORVILLE PROUDFOOT, Assistant and Manager
RAYMOND KLEES, Assistant Foreman.
W. SCOTT STERNER, Assistant Local Editor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Congress,
CHAS. E. PATTON,
Clearfield County.
For Representative in General Assembly,
JOSIAH HOWARD,
Emporium.

Representative Howard Booms Knox for Gov.

Now that the people have spoken at the Primaries, they very naturally, are turning their attention to the forthcoming State nominating conventions and many are the names presented for Governor by their admirers.

The following we copy from Philadelphia Inquirer, wherein Hon. Josiah Howard, of this county booms Attorney General Philander Chase Knox for Governor:

"Philander Chase Knox is the man to nominate for Governor," declared Representative Josiah Howard, of Cameron county, who was renominated on the Republican ticket for the Assembly on Saturday, and who arrived in town from Washington last night.

Representative Howard is close to Senators Penrose and Oliver, but does not assume to speak for either of them in picking Knox for the Gubernatorial nomination. "They say he would not accept the nomination," continued the Cameron county man, "but I am not so sure of that. Pennsylvania honored him with her delegates for the Presidency in the last National Republican Convention, and should he accept the Governorship this fall he would be in line for the Presidency two years hence. There is no doubt about the strength of Knox with people of Pennsylvania. His nomination for Governor would be equivalent to election without the Republican party concerning itself about a campaign."

Brigadier General Willis J. Hulings of Venango county, who heard Representative Howard's suggestion, remarked: "I do not believe Mr. Knox would run for Governor. He is in his logical post now, and he has already made history through the acceptance by eleven nations of the world of his proposition for them to consider the advisability of the establishment of a universal court of peace. I do not see how he could give up the office of Secretary of State, where he has so much ahead of him in this connection. The universal peace court is bound to come. War is too expensive. It is too antiquated Modern men and modern conditions will not tolerate warfare. The business men of the world do not want it With the development of recent inventions war, as we once knew it, will be impossible.

The submarines and the airships make the building of dreadnaughts impracticable and we now hear of the latest proposition for the projection of electrical energy four or five miles to destroy both the ships on the sea and the ships of the air.

"Yes, we are about done with war,i' continued Senator Hulings, who was promoted to the rank of Brigadier-General of the United States Volunteers for gallant and meritorious conduct in action in the Porto Rican campaign.

"Knox would make a splendid Governor," resumed General Hulings, "but mark what I say, he will not relinquish his present post while consumating the great work he has outlined."

Heed the Warning.

Many Emporium People have Done so.

When the kidneys are sick they give unmistakable warnings that should not be ignored. By examining the urine and treating the kidneys upon the first sign of disorder, many days of suffering may be saved. Sick kidneys expel a dark, ill-smelling urine, full of "brick dust" sediment and painful in passage. Sluggish kidneys cause a dull pain in the small of the back, headaches, dizzy spells, tired, languid feelings and frequent rheumatic twinges.

Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys only; they cure sick kidneys, and rid the blood or uric poison. If you suffer from any of the above symptoms you can use no better remedy.

Emporium people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. E. L. Rendt, Fifth Street, Emporium, Pa., says: "For years kidney trouble kept me in misery. My back ached constantly and I could not rest well on account of the acute pains in my loins. My kidneys caused me much annoyance and I felt miserable in every way. Reading about Doan's Kidney Pills, I obtained a box from Taggart's Drug Store and commenced their use. Prompt relief was received and I now have no cause for complaint. I have often recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to other kidney sufferers."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Council Proceedings

Proceedings of meeting of Borough Council held June 7, 1910.

Present: Messrs. Howard, Haupt, Foster, Pearsall, Mumford, and Norris.

Absent: Risbell, Cummings and Spencer.

Communication from Burgess was read.

Moved by Howard, seconded by Norris, that communication from Burgess be laid on the table until next meeting. Carried.

The following bills were then read:

Dan Shugart, work on streets,	$ 13 60
Owen Nangle; ....do	6 00
A. O. Swartwood, ...do	7 00
James Davin, ...do	4 00
H. Anderson, ...do	5 50
Fred Logan, ...do	2 00
A. E. Saxton, ...do	5 40
John Welsh, ...do	11 90
Robt. Johnson, ...do	6 00
Wm. Carter, sewers,	3 60
Gust Whitmer, Police duty,	3 00
Adams Express Co., Express,	1 50
Penn. Railroad Co., freight,	59 30
St. Marys Sewer Pipe Co., invoice,	249 20
St. Marys Gas Co., gas for May,	23 25
W. D. Rousey, extra time,	3 85
Novelty Incandescent Lamp Co., invoice	3 31
D. C. Hayes, team work on streets,	10 00
F. V. Heilman & Co., invoice,	11 78
Lee Halderman, invoice,	2 40
Emporium Machine Co., invoice,	133 23
Mrs. C. G. Schmidt, invoice,	95
Cameron County Press, invoice,	38 50
Henry Haupt, invoice,	72 00
Grant S. Allen, invoice,	20 00
Millington Lockwood, invoice,	12 50
A. H. Shafer, on Contract,	150 00
Dininny Burnside & Co., invoices,	15 04
D. C. Hayes, invoice,	27 20
A. H. Shafer, work on St. grades, April,	36 50
A. H. Shafer, do do do May,	15 75
Chas. A. Hockley, do do do	11 25
Riley Warner, do do do	9 00
Costello & Neagle, on contract,	2,000 00

Moved by Norris, seconded by Mumford, that bills be paid as read. Carried

Moved by Howard, seconded by Norris, that an order be drawn in favor of Costello & Naegle for $2,000, and A. H. Shafer for $150 00 on account of contracts. Carried.

The Treasurer's report was read and ordered filed.

Moved by E. D. Mumford, seconded by Howard, that "the President of the Council and the Chief Burgess be instructed to sign an agreement with the Pennsylvania R. R. Co. in regard to running the 24-inch surface water sewer over their property as shown on the map submitted, and that anything in this contract is to be no relinquishment of any claim that the borough may have upon Third Street.

The ayes and nays were then called for and resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs. Howard, Haupt, Foster, Pearsall, Mumford and Norris.

Nays—None.

Moved by Mumford, seconded by Haupt, that street committee be authorized to fix curb line on Fourth, Fifth and Sixth streets by Ordinance.

The ayes and nays were then called for and the motion carried as follows:

Ayes—Howard, Haupt, Pearsall, Mumford, Norris.

Nays—Foster.

Moved by Mumford, seconded by Howard, that the Secretary be instructed to notify the property owners that have bad sidewalks, to repair or rebuild same. Carried.

Council then adjourned to meet Monday, June 13, 1910.

C. E. CRANDELL,
Secretary.

The Pennsy Relief System.

Some idea of the extent of the work which is done by the Relief Departments of the Pennsylvania Railroad System is gathered from a report issued to-day which shows that during the month of April, 1910, an average of over $6,500.00 a day was paid to members unable to work, and to families of members who died. Since the Relief Departments for both Lines East and West of Pittsburg and Erie were established, some twenty-four years ago, the sum of $28,292,503.91 has been paid out in benefits.

On the Lines East of Pittsburg, and Erie in the month of April, payments to the amount of $142,344.92 were made by the Relief Fund. In benefits to the families of members who died $49,292.83 were paid, while to members incapacitated for work the benefits amounted to $93,052.09. The total payments on the Lines East of Pittsburg since the Relief Fund was established in 1866 have amounted to $20,630,599.10.

In April, the Relief Fund of the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburg paid out a total of $60,510.50, of which $21,250.00 were for the families of members who died, and $39,260 50 for members unable to work. The sum of $7,771,903.81 represents the total payments of the Relief Fund of the Pennsylvania Lines West since it was established in 1889.

A Freak Egg.

Mr. G. B. Shearer, of East Emporium, is the possessor of a twin egg which was laid by a Plymouth Rock hen last Sunday. It is certainly a freak of nature. There are two distinct eggs being joined together at the small end. Mr. Shearer sent the egg to the PRESS office for inspection.

Cook Wanted.

Wanted a cook, at once. Apply at the City Hotel, Emporium, Pa.

1t M. J. DOLAN.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

GIBBS.

MRS. WALTER GIBBS, *nee* Miss Grace May Barton, died at her home near the Keystone Powder factory, last Thursday morning, about nine o'clock. Deceased was born on Clear Creek, July 24th, 1875, and was therefore 34 years, ten months and eight days old. Mrs. Gibbs has been the mother of eleven children, three of whom proceded her to the grave. Deceased has been a patient sufferer for the past year but bore up wonderfully under her great affliction. She is survived by her husband and eight children, the youngest being only nine months old and the eldest being a daughter about seventeen years old and upon her rests the duty of caring for the family. This is a great responsibility for one so young. She is also survived by one sister, Mrs. Eldon Lewis, and one brother, Mr. Charles Barton. A mother's loss is always a sad affliction and always leaves a place tnat can never be filled, but when taken, just in the best part of life and leaving such a large family of helpless children it seems doubly sad. The funeral took place last Saturday afternoon and interment was made in the cemetery at Rich Valley. Mr. Bernard Egan was funeral director. The PRESS extends its sympathy to the bereaved family.

REV. WILLIAM H. ORRICK.

The Rev. William P. Orrick, D. D., Rector of Christ Church, Reading, Pa., and the senior priest of the diocese of Bethlehem in point of continuous service, entered into rest May 21st in the 75th year of his age. Dr. Orrick had been in failing health for some months, but the end came somewhat unexpectedly and has caused profound sorrow throughout the diocese, where he was greatly beloved and venerated. He was a graduate of the University of Virginia and of the Philadelphia Divinity School and was given his doctor's degree by Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio. Ordained deacon by Bishop Stevens in 1865 he became a most active missionary in the lumber region, of what is now a part of the diocese of Pittsburg. In 1866 he became rector of St. John's Church, York, Pa., being ordained priest the following year by Bishop Vail and continued in this charge until 1872, when he was elected rector of Christ Church, Reading, where he has nearly completed thirty-eight years of a most faithful ministry. At the formation of the diocese of Central Pennsylvania, in 1871, Dr. Orrick was elected to the Standing Committee and was once chosen its secretary, in which post he has served continuously (with the single exception of one year when he was absent from the country) until last convention, when he declined re-election. A man of breadth and culture, a fine preacher, and possessed of remarkable administrative gifts, he has served on most of the important commissions of the diocese, his counsel being widely sought and his judgment highly valued. Keenly interested in the missionary and benevolent work of the church. He was not only himself a generous giver, but put his parish into the front ranks of the diocese in the matters of contributions. He remained unmarried. Twenty-four of the clergy besides the bishop attended the funeral services which were held from the church in the afternoon of May 24th, the church being densely crowded, the local ministers attending in a body. During a most impressive service Bishop Talbot voiced the feeling of the entire diocese in a most graceful tribute from the pulpit extolling the high virtues of the deceased and the precious example and memory he had left behind him.

Rev. Orrick was rector of Emmanuel Episcopal church at this place in 1865 and officiated at the first Episcopalian baptism at this place, which was Anson Knapp, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joshua A. Knapp.

KREBS.

WILLIAM RICHARD KREBS was born at Grove township, Clinton county, Pa., May 2, 1844; died at his home near Sterling Run, May 20, 1910, with a complication of diseases. He had been a long sufferer but until February last he was around, about his work, when he was taken with a severe attack of La Grippe, and from this he never recovered. His physician, Dr. Bush, still gave him encourgement and hoped he would regain sufficient strength to be up around again, until within two weeks of his death. Then he gave up all hope.

His mother died when he was but nine years of age and he made his home with Isaac Ramage. He remained with him until manhood. In 1868 he married Anna Mason, daughter of William and Eliza Mason, of Sterling Run, and to them were born two children, both of whom preceded him to the grave. He realized the end was near and made all preparations for the future. He was prepared for death and told his niece he was not afraid to die, he was going to a fairer home, where pain and sorrow never comes. He was conscious until the last and bade his family and relations farewell, and died in the blessed faith. He leaves a wife and step-son, also two brothers—Washington, of Emporium, and Charles, of Sinnamahoning, besides a host of relatives and friends to mourn his death. Mr. Krebs was a man with many friends and his death will be keenly felt by his neighbors, who speak very highly of him, which is a good tribute.

The relatives from out of town, who attended the funeral were Washington Krebs, of Emporium, (brother,) Mrs. Albert Krebs, daughter, Ida and Susie, (nieces,) of Gardeau; Harry Fink, of Liberty; Mr. James White, Mrs. Pierce White, and Mrs. Ross Meeker, Mrs. Frank Sewell, Port Allegany; Charles Krebs, (brother,) Herman, Milford, Leonard and Clyde Krebs, nephews; Mrs. Geo. Darrin, niece; V. A. Brooks, Harve Drum, John Foultz, Sinnamahoning: Grover Mason, Renovo. The pall bearers were six nephews: Herman, Milford and Clyde Krebs; Wright, Harvey and Grover Mason.

The funeral was held from the Messiah church, the Rev. Ebersole, assisted by the Rev. Lehman, of the M. E. church, officiating. The text was from Numbers, 23 chapter and part of tenth verse. He was laid to rest beside his children in the old Pine Street Cemetery, to await the final summons.

C. W. Rishell, of Emporium, had charge of the funeral. The floral offerings were many and very beautiful.

X.X.

The Churches.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

REV. J. F. ANDERSON, Pastor.

Preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject, "Job's Motive Impugned"; evening, "A Noble and Beautiful Queen Degraded and Deposed." Sunday School at 11:45 a. m.; Epworth League at 6:45 p. m., George S. Piper leader. These special sermons are not lengthy nor tedious. Hear them.

World's Sunday School Convention.

Unprecedented for its cosmopolitanism, unequaled in the magnitude of its constituency, and unsurpassed as a spectacle, the World's Sixth Sunday School Convention in Washington, D. C., May 19-24, marks an event in religious history. There were about six thousand delegates present the first night, when President Taft addressed the throng. It was a spectacular convention. The great Men's Bible Class Parade on the afternoon of May 20th opened the eyes of Washington to the virility and masculinity of modern religion. Congress adjourned early in the day, so that some of its members might march in the parade and others witness it. There were five thousand men in the line of march. The convention sat with a monster map of the world before its eyes. The official button showed the globe with a red cross superimposed thereon. Part of each day was given to a "Roll Call of Nations." The ends of the earth came together at Washington. Delegates were present from all over the United States, Canada, Korea, China, Mexico, Brazil, Turkey, in fact all parts of Europe and Asia were represented. For the first time in its history the World's Association tried to raise a budget for the expenses of the ensuing triennium. The sum asked for was $75,000 and was raised in a few hours. This will be used largely in placing field workers in foreign lands to develop the Sunday School idea and organization. The wide spread observance of World's Sunday School Day, in more than two hundred languages and dialects, as reported to the Convention by cables from various lands, was a real missionary factor. Literally thousands of sermons upon the religious training of youth seem to have been preached upon that day.

The Delineator for July.

The Midsummer number of The Delineator presents life from many contrasting points of view and all who turn the pages of the magazine must find not only much that is entertaining but, better still, much that is conducive to serious reflection. First, there is the editorial page, "Conversazione," in which Erman J. Ridgway touches the keynote of universal kinship. With the chance question of a child as a starting point Mr. Ridgway talks of problems that concern all humanity—the right of a child to whole truths instead of half truths, the unalterable measure by which mankind is judged from age to age and the apostrophe to sun and wind and earth in which a great sorrow found expression. It is a serene, uplifting, wholesome philosophy that is revealed each month in "Conversazione"—the sort of philosophy that the world needs.

The Man's Page is a new feature of The Delineator. As every one knows men are faithful readers of the magazine and now a special department has been prepared for the members of the family who don't care whether skirts are wide or narrow, gored or circular. To the man's page well-known humorists have contributed. Charles Battell Loomis tells "How to Keep a Wife's Love," Homer Croy warns readers "How Not to Comb the Hair" and Paul West treats of "Domestic Service for Men." "I can not Pay that Premium" is a song by Franklin P. Adams. Other important subjects are discussed in a manner that will be found most illuminating

Among the special articles for July is one by Walter Prichard Eaton who tells many tales out of school when he encourages readers to go "With Our College Girls and Boys at Commencement." In quite a different vein is the study of Selma Lagerlof, the famous Swedish author, by Velma Swanston Howard. Other important articles are "The Quality of Mercy" by Mabel Potter Daggett, "Seeing Sounds" by Robert Alden Sanborn and "The Social Life of an Army Post" by Gwendolen Overton.

The fiction includes "Brother Square Toes" by Rudyard Kipling, "The Charity Ball" by Zona Gale and "The Garden of Buried Hopes" by Lewis E. MacBrayne. "The Unforseen," the serial by Mary Stewart Cutting, sustains the enthusiatic interest aronsed by its early chapters.

Cedar Shingles $4.50 per thousand at B. Howard & Co's.

New Decorating and Drapery Department

We have secured the services of the well-known artist, H. G. Fritz, and are prepared to take contracts of any size for painting, decorating, and frescoing, and furnish carpets, furniture, and draperies, and complete outfits for houses, churches, banks, public building, etc.

Designs and estimates submitted on request.

Smith Brothers Co.,
RIDGWAY, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

JUNE ON THE GREAT LAKES

Restful, delightful, interesting and instructive, there is no trip like that on the Great Lakes, those inland seas which form the border line between the United States and Canada. And June is one of the most charming months in the year in which to take the trip.

For comfort the fine passenger steamships of the Anchor Line have no superiors. As well appointed as the palatial ocean greyhounds which plough the Atlantic, their schedule allows sufficient time at all stopping places to enable the traveler to see something of the great lake cities and to view in daylight the most distinctive sights of the lakes and the scenery which frames them.

The trip through the Detroit River, and through Lake St. Clair, with its great ship canal in the middle of the lake, thence through lake Huron, the locking of the steamer through the great locks at the Soo, and the passage of the Portage Entry, lake and canal, across the upper end of Michigan are novel and interesting features.

The voyage from Buffalo to Duluth covers over eleven hundred miles in the five days' journey. Leaving Buffalo the stamships Juniata, Tionesta and Octorara, makes stops at Erie, Cleveland, Detroit, Mackinic Island, the Soo, Marquette, Houghton and Hancock and Duluth.

The 1910 season opened on May 31, when the steamer Tionesta made her first sailing from Buffalo.

The Anchor Line is the Great Lake Annex of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and the service measures up to the high standard set by the "Standard Railroad of America."

An illustrated folder, giving sailing dates of steamers rates of fare, and other information is in course of preparation and may be obtained when ready from any Pennsylvania Railroad Ticket Agent, who is also prepared to book passengers who may desire to take this trip through the Great Lakes and back.

No. 430-2t

Millinery

Big Sale will Close Saturday, June 11th

MRS. E. S. COPPERSMITH.

MANY GRIP VICTIMS

Just now many grip victims are troubled by an obstinate cough. Dodson's White Pine and Spruce will positiveiy relieve that particular after grip hacking.

Dodson's Drug Store.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, letter or personally.

John Kackenmeister spent Sunday guest of his mother at Williamsport.

Grant S. Vought transacted business at Shamokin, Pa., the last of the week.

Miss Ethel Fisher is spending a few weeks guest of relatives at Erie and Pleasantville, Pa.

Robert Lyons, wife and son, are spending the week guests of relatives at Union City, Pa.

Mrs. Mary Nolan returned home on Monday after spending a short time visiting relatives at Coudersport.

Mrs. Simon Streich and daughter departed for Garland, Pa., on Monday, where they are guests of relatives.

Ralph Goodall, the famous tenor singer of Driftwood, was a business caller at the County Seat, last Saturday.

Arthur V. Orton was a business caller at Sterling Run last Friday in the interests of the Sunday School Association.

Rev. J. L. Bogue, pastor of the Baptist Church, was a business caller at Rochester, N. Y., the first of the week.

Dudley Cole, of Curwensville, Pa., transacted business at this place the first of the week, and was guest of his cousin, Harold Seger.

Mrs. Cora Chilson and children, of Renovo, is guest of Chas. Spangler and family, West Creek. She expects to visit here for two or three weeks.

Mrs. Ed. Cook, of Port Allegany, has been visiting in Emporium the last two weeks, guest at the home of Mrs. Fred Tompkins, on West Fifth St.

Miss Clara Leary, of St. Marys, and Miss Margaret Murphy, of Kane, were guests at the home of Hon. F. X. Blumle and family over Sunday.

Mrs. M. J. McLaughlin, of Chaffee, Elk county, visited in Emporium last Friday and Saturday, on her return from visiting her parents in Potter county.

Mrs. William MacDonald and daughter, Miss Christy, returned home from Pittsburg last Saturday afternoon after spending several weeks in that city visiting relatives and friends.

Mrs. C. H. Felt and son Lee returned home last Thursday evening, after spending eight months in the state of Arizona. Both are greatly improved in health we are pleased to state.

Mrs. Catharine Dillon, *nee* Laumer, and Mrs. John Kane, of Mt. Jewett, visited in Emporium last Monday, soliciting subscriptions for a Mt. Jewett church. The ladies were very successful, we understand.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Barr, former residents of Cameron county are now residents of Deemer, Miss., having moved from Lake, Miss., where they have been receiving the PRESS for several years. Of course they are constant readers of this paper and watch for the news from home.

Messrs. W. H. Smith, of Sterling Run and Emery G. Hicks, Hicks Run, transacted business at Emporium, on Monday and called at the PRESS office. The former has just started on his third term as assessor of Lumber township and the latter is one of the election officers in Hicks Run election district.

Fred Eckhart, of Port Allegany, formerly of this place, was in Emporium last Saturday afternoon enroute from DuBois to Port Allegany. Mr. Eckhart has recently taken onto himself a wife, marrying a young lady from Port Allegany. Fred is sure to make a good husband as he is a steady, dependable fellow. He is now traveling salesman representing a mineral water company. The PRESS wishes him success.

Miss Rose Singler, of Morgan Park, Ill., is guest of her cousin, Miss Ida Seger.

Mrs. W. G. Bair and children spent a few days a Olean last week, guests of relatives.

Dr. H. W. Mitchell transacted business at Buffalo and Rochester, the last of the week.

Mrs. John Gleason, of Driftwood, spent Tuesday in Emporium, guest of Miss Mattie Collins.

Miss Helen Friendel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. A. Friendel, is visiting friends at St. Marys.

C. Jay Goodnough has been spending two weeks in Oklahoma, looking after business interests there.

Ben J. Erskine went to New York City, on Wednesday where he was called on account of business.

W. C. Cope, U. S. chemist at this place, is in New York City, spending a few days transacting business.

Dr. B. S. Falk is expected home today from Wilkes-Barre, where he has been visiting his father for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Turner, of Schnectady, N. Y., is visiting relatives in town, guest of her sister, Mrs. Helen Day-Metzger.

Mrs. S. E. Sterner has returned home after spending several weeks visiting friends at Coudersport and Port Allegany.

Miss Jean McInness, of Corry, is guest at the home of Mrs. Helen Taggart and daughter, Miss Floss, on Fourth street.

Mrs. George Barnes and son Master Harry, of Phillipsburg, Pa., are guests at the home of E. H. Hughes and wife, on Broad street.

LeRoy W. Gleason, of Driftwood, was a business caller at this place Monday evening and called on friends during the evening.

Miss Jean Calmes has completed her season as milliner for Mrs. E. S. Coppersmith and has returned to her home at Fostoria, Ohio.

Mr. Chester Hockley, wife and children of Bethlehem, Pa, are guests of Mrs. H's parents, F. D. Leet and wife, at East Emporium.

Amos Kresge, of DuBois, was a business caller at this place on Wednesday. Mr. Kresge is well pleased with the nomination of Mr. Patton for Congressman.

Mrs. D. J. Bradshaw, of Kingston, Fla., is spending a short time guest at the home of George Wright and family on West Allegany Ave.

Miss Lena Bair returned home from Olean, last Tuesday evening, after spending a short time at Olean, guest of her sister, Mrs. Rose Lupold.

Miss Marion Willard, of St. Marys, was guest of Mrs. W. J. Merry, Tuesday afternoon. Miss Willard was en route for her home from Austin.

Mrs. George Neidlinger, of Ridgway, was guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Weisenfluh and family on Fifth street, over Sunday.

Miss Rose Cyphers will finish her season as milliner, this week, at the Kuehne Department Store and will leave for her home at Saxon, Pa., the last of the week.

Joseph McQuaide, who has been employed in the Blinzler barber shop for several months, has resigned his position and has accepted a similar one at Jersey Shore.

Miss Lora McQuay neparted on Wednesday for an extended visit at Williamsport, Pa., Starkey, N. Y., and various other places. She will be absent for some time.

F. L. Webster, manager of the Canoe Run store, has charge of the Furnace Supply Company's store at this place, during the absence of Mr. H. C. Olmsted on a much needed vacation.

Edwin Floyd and daughter Miss Hazel, of Olean, were guests at the home of their son and brother, E. Mead Floyd and wife, on Sixth street, last Saturday and Sunday.

Jessie Loucks, wife and children, departed for Williamsport, Tuesday afternoon, where they will visit relatives for some time. They will also visit various places in New York State before they return home.

Mrs. J. T. Poyer, of Williamsport, is guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Leggett and family on West Creek, and is also visiting her sister, Mrs. J. Willis Gaskill, on Fifth street.

Mrs. George Lippert and daughter, of Kane, Pa., are guests at the home of her mother, Mrs, James Farrell and family, on East Fourth street. Mr. Lippert spent Sunday in town, with his family.

Miss Lena Coyle, who has been clerk in the store of Mrs. E. S. Coppersmith for the past two years, has resigned her position and has accepted a similar position in the Kuehne Department Store.

Rev. W. H. Allen, formerly M. E. pastor on the Emporium Circuit, but now pastor-in-charge of the M. E. Church at Blackwell, Pa., has been in Emporium the last of the week visiting friends.

Andrew Spindle, of Salem, W. Va., is guest of his neice, Mrs. Fred Seger. Mr. Spindle attended the World's Sunday School Convention which was held at Washington. He certainly is a well preeserved old gentleman, being near eighty years of age.

Mrs. F. T. Beers and children and sister Miss Myrtle Olmsted, departed for Oberlin, Ohio, on Saturday morning to be present at the Commencement exercises at the Music School. Mr. H. C. Olmsted joined them last Monday morning. Together the party will go to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Beers, at Barksdale, Wis.

Miss Nadene Morgan who has been a guest at the the Mosser home on Chestnut street went to Emporium to-day for a visit.....A party consisting of Mrs. Roy Marshall, of Emporium, Mr. and Mrs. John Wegemer and Mr. and Mrs. J. Koch will leave to-morrow for Mr. Koch's camp, where they will spend a few days fishing.—St. Marys Daily Press.

Rev. J. M. Robertson visited his brother at Warren on Tuesday and Wednesday, returning to Emporium yesterday noon to officiate at Joseph Harbot's funeral. The greatly respected and talented divine left to-day for Monticello, N. Y., to join his family and enjoy a long rest, which he greatly needs, after fourteen years of constant work.

C. G. Miller, of Huntley, was in town on Monday.

Mrs. Fred Seger spent a few hours in Ridgway last Tuesday.

E. P. Brooks and wife, of Medix Run, were Emporium guests last Satuday.

Misses Elizabeth and Margaret Crandell leave to-day for Williamsport to visit relatives.

Mrs. Fred A. Johnson and daughter, leave to-day for Carlisle, Pa., to visit relatives for a month.

W. S. Walkee and wife visited Emporium yesterday and attended the party given by Geo. Metzger, Jr., and wife, last evening.

Geo. Huffman and family have returned to Emporium. Both Mr. Huffman and son have entered the employ of Emporium Machine Co.

Miss Rena Lewis, of Buffalo, is guest at the home of Alex. MacDougall and family and other relatives at this place. Miss Lewis has been teaching school at Johnstown, Pa., and is enroute for her home.

John Jones and wife, of Taylor, Pa., Mrs. Sophia Bailey and Andrew and Edward Harbot, of Trout Run, Pa., were in attendance at the funeral of the late Joseph Harbot, which was held on Wednesday.

Miss Edith Heilman has resigned her position as saleslady in the Kuehne department store, the same taking effect last Saturday evening. Miss Heilman has been a most faithful clerk, having been employed in the store since its opening three years ago. She will leave for Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in the near future.

The Primary Election.

The primary election in this county was void of much excitement, except the contest for Congress between Chas. E. Patton and Lewis Emery, Jr., and that did not amount to much for when the votes were polled Mr. Patten had 186 majority. The following Republican vote was polled, awful light one, for the several candidates: Congress, Patten, 313; Emery, 137; Senator, J. K. P. Hall, 232; Representative, Josiah Howard, 334; Delegate to State Convention, H. H. Mullin, 327; Chairman County Committee, C. J. Goodnough, 354.

The following total Democratic candidates: Congress, Wm. C. Heinle, 119: Senator, J. K. P. Hall, 126: Representative, J. D. Marshall, 131; Delegate to State Convention, L. C. Summerson, 99.

Chas. E. Patton carried Cameron, Centre and Clearfield counties, while Lewis Emery was given a handsome vote in McKean. Chas. E. Patton's majority was between 1500 and 1600.

Primary Notes.

Jos. Sibley defeated Congressman Wheeler in that district by 660 majority.

Hon. R. B. Hapgood, of Bradford, was defeated for the Republican nomination for Legislature, by 25 votes. Too bad.

Ex-Senator Flinn of Allegany county, who put up a compete Insurgent county ticket, was defeated, only electing three candidates in the county.

Died.

Mrs. W. W. Lewis died very suddenly at her home on West Sixth Street last Tuesday morning. Mrs. Lewis was busy doing her household work, when she was stricken with heart failure and died in a very short time. Deceased was about 54 years of age and leaves a husband and family to mourn her loss. The funeral is being held this (Thursday) afternoon from the church at Rich Valley, the Rev. Hall, officiating. Interment will be made in the cemetery at Rich Valley. The bereaved family have the sincere sympathy of the PRESS and a large circle of friends. C. W. Rishell has charge of the funeral.

Do You Remember?

While excavating for the storm sewer on Broad street, the workmen came upon the stump of the old flag pole erected by the Republican League Club, during the Grant-Colfax campaign in 1868. The relic was taken to Republican headquarters and will be preserved. How we remember, being then only a boy, how proud we were to pull on the rope when the 110 foot pole was being hoisted and how disappointed we were when it fell and had to be spliced—H. C. Rockwell doing the work. The pine standard was cut by Russell Bro's on Salt Run and drawn to town by Geo. Edwards and Chas. W. Hall, four teams of oxen being required to "drag" it to town. Do you remember the live coon that was placed on top of the staff? Those were lively times—nothing ever like it since.

Maloy-Yeager.

A very pretty home wedding took place on Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Maloy, on Sixth Street, when their daughter, Miss Olive, became the wife of Mr. George Yeager, of Olean. Rev. Father T. B. Downey, Rector of St. Mark's Catholic Church performed the ceremony. Only the most intimate friends and relatives of the bride and groom witnessed the marriage. Miss Margaret Maloy, sister of the bride, was bride's maid and Mr. Edward Kemp, of Olean, N. Y., acted as best man. The bride was becomingly gowned in white chiffon batiste and carried a bouquet of white roses. The bride's maid was attired in pink silk and carried pink carnations. The groom and best man wore the conventional black. After the wedding ceremony and congratulations extended, a most elaborate wedding dinner was served. The happy couple departed on train No. 56 leaving Emporium at eleven o'clock for an extended wedding trip, which will include Philadelphia, Washington and other eastern points. The bride is well known in Emporium, having spent her entire life in this section. She is a graduate of Emporium High School, graduating with the class of 1903. Mrs. Yeager has been employed as teacher in Emporium schools ever since her graduation, and has always been a most faithful teacher. The groom, a former resident of Emporium, but now of Olean, is employed on the railroad and is an excellent young man. The PRESS extends its heartiest congratulations.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. Walter Gibbs and family desire to thank the kind friends and neighbors and the employees of the Keystone Powder Works, who so kindly assisted them during the illness and death of their wife and mother.

Cow for Sale.

One five year old fresh milk cow. May be seen at C. E. Barr's farm on Huston Hill. Sale price $45.00.

WALTER E. BARR,
Hicks Run, Pa.

EMPORIUM

MILLING COMPANY.

Students of Household Economy

give the palm to the **PET GROVE** flour for the baking of delicious breads, rolls, cakes and pies. This high grade flour will make your loaves light and of delightful flavor and will go further in the baking in making more loaves to the amount of flour than from any other flour milled. You can buy it at your grocers.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., June 6, 1910.

NEMO PHILA. per sack		$1 50
Felt's Fancy,	"	1 60
Pet Grove,	"	1 60
Roller Meal	"	50
Rye	"	70
Graham	"	75
Buckwheat,	"	75
Buckwheat, 10 lb sack,		30
Coarse Meal per 100,		1 45
Chop Feed,	"	1 45
Cracked Corn per 100		1 45
White Middlings,		1 60
Bran,		1 40
Chicken Wheat	"	2 00
Screenings	"	1 45
Oil Meal	"	1 90
Corn per bushel,		80
White Oats, per bushel,		58
Oyster Shells, per 100		75
Sterling Chick Feed		2 00
Sterling Scratch Feed		1 90
Daisy Dairy Feed,		1 50
Calf Meal, 50lb bag		1 50
Alfalfa Meal,		1 50
Cottonseed Meal,		1 95
Mammoth Clover Seed, per bu.		9 50
Medium Clover Seed,	"	9 50
Alsyke Clover Seed,	"	9 50
Timothy Seed,	"	2 75
German Millet Seed,	"	2 25
Seed Buckwheat, Silver Hull, per bu.		1 00
Seed Buckwheat, Japanese, per bu.		1 00
Leaming Fodder Corn, per bu.		1 10

Wall Paper
Wall Paper
Wall Paper

Must dispose of our mammoth stock of paper, every roll of this year's pattern.

Big Wall Paper Sale Saturday, June 11th, 1910. Ten Per cent. Reduction

Save money by buying Wall Paper to be used in the fall.

Sale of KRYSTAL CHIPPENDALE GLASS, below cost.

Stationery Reduction of Ten per cent.

Don't fail to buy at Taggart's and receive a handsome souvenir.

WALL PAPER sale will last until stock is sold.

Old Reliable Drug Store

GEO. C. TAGGART, Proprietor.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to thank the friends of this community for their kindness to me through the sickness and death of my dear husband.

MRS. W. R. KREBS.
Driftwood, Pa., June, 1st, 1910.

Contractor.

The undersigned is prepared to contract for all kinds of brick, stone, concrete and mason work. Having given ten years to the work prior to coming to Emporium, am prepared to give satisfaction. Give me a call.

7-tf. W. H. FLINT.

Mountain Park Green Houses.

Ridgway, Pa,

We have the largest and most up-to-date GREEN HOUSE in Western Pennsylvania.

All orders left at Geo. J. LaBar's, Emporium, Pa., will receive prompt and careful attention. Satisfaction guaranteed. 52-ly.

Science Discovers

new drugs, chemicals and chemical compounds right along. We are up with the times in all that have met with the approval of medical men who themselves keep posted. Everything new or old, that's worth having in the drug line is here.

EMPORIUM DRUG COMPANY.

The Conservation of Natures's Resources.

Applies as well to our physical state as to material things. C. J. Budlong, Washington, R. I, realized his condition and took warning before it was too late. He says: "I suffered severely from kidney trouble, the disease being hereditary in our family, I have taken four bottles of Kidney Remedy, and now consider myself thoroughly cured. This should be a warning to all not to neglect taking Foley's Kidney Remedy until it is too late." For Sale by Emporium Drug Co.

Scared Into Sound Health.

Mr. B. F. Kelley, Springfield, Ill., writes: "A year ago I began to be troubled with my kidneys a bladder, which grew worse until I became alarmed at my condition. I suffered also with dull heavy headaches and the action of my bladder was annoying and painful. I read of Foley's Kidney Pills and after taking them a few weeks the headaches left me, the action of my bladder was again normal, and I was free of all distress." For sale by Emporium Drug Co.

If you are not satisfied after using according to directions two-thirds of a bottle or Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, you can have your money back. The Tablets cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the digestion, regulate the bowels. Give them a trial and get well. Sold by all dealers.

What A Summer Cold May Do.

A summer cold if neglected is just as apt to develop into bronchitis or pneumonia as at any other season. Do not neglect it. Take Foley's Honey and Tar promptly. It loosens the cough, soothes and heals the inflamed air passages, and expels the cold from the system. For sale by the Emporium Drug Co.

Lame shoulder is almost invariably caused by rheumatism of the muscles and yields quickly to the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This Liniment is not only prompt and effectual, but in no way disagreeable to use. Sold by all dealers.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold on a guarantee that if you are not satisfied after using two-thirds of a bottle according to directions, your money will be refunded. It is up to you to try it. Sold by all dealers.

What Everybody Ought to Know.

That Foley's Kidney Pills contain just the ingredients necessary to tone, strengthen and regulate the action of the kidneys and bladder. For sale at Emporium Drug Co.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs

FLOUR is the main ingredient in the preparation of nearly all food products the housekeeper prepares. Like everything else on the market to-day, there are "Flours and Flours" of various qualities. Nearly everyone wants the best Flour. We believe that if you will give our WHITE LILLY a fair trial, you will be convinced of our assertion that it is one of the very best all-round family flours on the market.

¼ Bbl Sack $1.60

CHAPNELL PURE OLIVE OIL 25c,50c, 75c

DAY'S
The Satisfactory Store

SPRNIG BROOK CREAMERY BUTTER

Economy Prices for Friday and Saturday

25lb bag Best Granulated Sugar $1.50.
10c package Bird Seed 8c.
Extra choice Messina Lemons, doz 25c.
Coffee—20c Blended Coffee, lb. 18c.
7 cakes Acme Soap for 25c.
Six lbs Laundry Starch in bulk for 25c.
25c can Burnham's Clam Chowder, 22c.
20c bottle Queen Olives 15c.
Dunham's Shredded Cocoanut, lb 35c.
Hershey's Cocoa, 15c tin 12c.
40c "Sunkist" California Naval Oranges, doz 35c.
25c Apricots, the can 20c.

PRATT'S ANIMAL REGULATOR.

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Dairy Cows, Etc., Peerless Crushed Oyster Shells.

Fresh Caught Lake Fish. LEAVE ORDERS EARLY for DELIVERY FRIDAY A M

You Get Better Values Here.

J. H. DAY,

Phone 6. Emporium.

THE EDGE OF HAZARD

PICTURES BY A. WEIL

BY GEORGE HORTON

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SYNOPSIS.

Frederick Hardy, a fashionable Boston society man, lost his wealth, was jilted by a girl and sent by a friend to take charge of an American Trading Company store in Russia. On his journey through Japan he met Stapleton Neville, supposedly an Englishman. They agreed to go together to Russia. Because of suspicious circumstances they were several times molested by the Japanese. Hardy was arrested and found upon his person were papers showing maps of Jap forts. Hardy was proven guiltless. On a train he met Aisome Sano, daughter of a Jap merchant. In Neville's shoes Jap found pictures of forts, proving him to be a Russian spy. Hardy departed for Russia on a steamer, which was wrecked shortly afterward. He was rescued by a Russian steamer. On reaching Vladivostok he was well treated. He started for Siberia, meeting Princess Romanovna on the train. Hardy boarded a vessel for Amur. Hardy showed the princess his expertness as a rifle shot. The steamer was stranded. The princess and her maid were attacked by Chinese. Hardy saved their lives. The princess thanked Hardy for his heroism. Manchurians fired upon the craft. Hardy slew their chief. Burning arrows were hurled upon the Pushkin's decks. An attempt was made to board the vessel. The attacking Chinese were repulsed. Romanoff sneered at Hardy's solicitude for the princess. Stanka a messenger, sent for help, was nailed to a cross on the shore. To put an end to the awful torture Hardy himself put Stanka out of his misery, taking his own life in his hands. Forest fires menaced the vessel. Hardy volunteered to go for help. Refused permission he jumped overboard and started to swim with the princess' distress message. Romanoff was angry at Hardy for his brave efforts to rescue the princess. He wooed her in his own savage way. He said Hardy had made love openly to a Japanese girl. Help came and the princess was rescued. Hardy journeyed on a raft. Arriving at his destination he took charge of the trading company's business. Hardy received a letter from a social leader in Boston and another from Aisome. Hardy took lessons in Russian of a Jew, thus connecting himself in a way with that race. Hardy received a letter from the princess, thanking him for his bravery. Hardy's teacher was in danger of death. He employed Wang as a servant. Hardy went to Moscow, where he was invited to call upon the princess. He started for the palace home of Princess Romanovna. Hardy aroused unaccountable jealousy of his Korean boy by announcing that he was going to call on the princess.

CHAPTER XXVIII.—Continued.

Hardy, meanwhile, slipping into a long ulster, the fur collar of which he turned up about his ears, left the hotel and stepped to the edge of the sidewalk. A droshky dashed up immediately.

"The Princess Romanovna," said he in Russian. "The Princess Romanovna, in the street—"

The isvoschik jumped down with alacrity extraordinary for a Russian.

"The Princess Romanovna?" he inquired, looking shrewdly at Hardy.

"Yes," said Hardy, "in the street—"

"Get in," said the Russian, "and I will drive you there immediately. I know where it is."

There was something strange in the man's manner, so strange, in fact, that it set the American wondering. He acted as though he had been sent for his fare, or had been expecting him. But Hardy did not long dwell on this idea, for he was, after all, on his way to the princess. He would soon be in her presence again, and the thought so agitated him, so set his heart to beating, that all other matters were driven from his mind.

As these thoughts were running through Hardy's mind, it occurred to him from time to time that it took a long time to reach the palace of the princess. He knew about where it was located, though he had not visited the spot. It should have taken him 15 minutes to drive there from the hotel. He consulted his watch and found that he had been half an hour on the road.

"Cabmen," he muttered, "are the same the world over. The fellow is driving me about for a while in order to increase the size of the bill."

He was on the point of opening the door and shouting to the isvoschik, when the latter drew up before a large, square house on a quiet, poorly lighted street. Hardy threw open the door and jumped out.

CHAPTER XXIX.

In the Nihilists' Den.

"So here we are at last!" he said; "wait for me." The house as he glanced up at it did not impress him as a palace, but he reflected that some of the older and more exclusive of the Muscovite nobility lived in antiquated and unpretentious residences. The isvoschik ran up the steps by his side and rang the bell. An old woman opened the door.

"Ah," she said to the cabman, "so you have brought him!"

"Da! da!" replied the Jehu, and trudged down the steps.

It was evident to Hardy that he was expected at the house of the princess, that even the servants had been told to keep on the lookout for him. Hardy had been shown into a small reception room, where a coal fire was burning in the grate. A couple of easy chairs and a leather-covered lounge, somewhat worn, formed the only furniture, rather meager, it seemed to him, for the palace of a princess. He removed his coat and sat down before the fire. As the old woman had been expecting him, it was safe to assume that she had gone to inform Romanovna of his arrival. He arose, and with fingers that trembled slightly, arranged his white tie in a mirror over the mantle. As he was thus engaged, he could hear two men talking, probably in the hall, just outside the door.

"It is the most wonderful explosive ever invented," said one.

"Enough to fill the inside of a child's ball is quite sufficient to wreck the czar's palace—"

"Curse him!" interjected the other.

"Amen! It can therefore be thrown to a great distance, and wherever it strikes, it explodes. There is no missing fire. Several members of the Order witnessed a trial of it in the Ural mountains, in a lonely spot, and the results were most satisfactory. A small quantity, hurled at the base of a cliff, tore the whole face of the mountain loose. One of the brethren accidentally dropped a sphere of it, and he simply disappeared — vanished from the face of the earth. One of his arms was found two miles from the place, lying beside a mountain road."

"That would be good medicine for the czar," chuckled a third voice.

"Yes, and for tyrants in general. With this new and mysterious explosive, the Order has an agency by which it can become a terror to the ruling classes, by which it can demoralize society, and make way for the new order of things, the divine brotherhood of man. In six months from now there will not be a man living in Russia who will dare set himself up above his fellow creatures or take his seat on the tyrant throne of Russia. To-night we shall select the brother who will throw the first sphere."

"But is it not fortunate," asked the second speaker, "that a member of the Enemies of Russia should have made this important discovery? The brother, Felix Hulin, is here—a slender, dark man with eye-glasses. The cabman that we sent brought him and he is now in the reception room. Ah, but he has the air of a deep student! Let us go in and make him welcome."

Hardy, still fumbling with his tie, caught sight of his own face in the mirror, and was startled by its expression. It was the face of a man caught in a trap and who has only a moment to escape before he is discovered.

He was in a nihilists' den and had overheard a plot to kill the czar. If it should be discovered that he was an impostor, he had little doubt as to what his fate would be. He seized his coat and hat and started toward the door. Three men entered, two well dressed and the other evidently a laborer of some sort.

"Brother Hulin," said the tall man in imperfect French, "we welcome you among the Enemies of Russia. We know all about your marvelous discovery, and we consider you the greatest inventor of the age."

Hardy shook hands with them all with much cordiality.

"I was," he said, also in French, "hoping to make a little address to the brethren to-night."

"Very well," said the tall man, "but don't be long, for there are many of the Order here who are anxious to meet you."

Hardy stepped toward the door with a light heart, but just as he reached for the knob, the bell rang, and one of the nihilists opened the door and admitted the cabman with a slender, dark man who wore eye-glasses.

"I am Felix Hulin," announced the new arrival in perfect French, "and that man," pointing to Hardy, "is an impostor!"

"We Welcome You Among the Enemies of Russia."

CHAPTER XXX.

For the Good of the Order.

The American, in immaculate evening dress, his crush hat beneath his elbow and his fur-lined coat thrown over his arm, stood at bay with his back against the wall, silently eyeing the nihilists. The blood rushed back to his heart, and his cheek paled a trifle, but the glance that he fixed on those wondering faces, in which hate and fear were beginning to dawn, showed no flinching. The cabman, in tall boots of patent leather, and shining silk hat, stood at the door, with his broad back against it, his whip in his hand. He was a thick-set, broad-shouldered muzhik, with little, red eyes, a red face and a profuse red beard. His glance shifted uneasily from Hulin to Hardy.

By his side stood the little Frenchman, who sank his head between his shoulders like a turtle, and, stretching an accusing left arm toward Hardy, shrieked:

"I am Felix Hulin, I say, mon dieu! the great inventor, the great benefactor of the human race. Behold, here is the proof! If I dash this little sphere on the floor, poof! b—r—r—r! The whole house will fall apart like a castle of cards, the roof will leap into the air, in one little second, by gar, we shall all be in eternity. Gentlemen, are you convinced? Sooner than have my word doubted, I shall give you the proofs. Ten thousand devils! I am Felix Hulin, I say, no man shall doubt me!"

He plunged his right hand into his pocket and drew forth a sphere, about the size of a baseball, which he held in the hollow of his palm.

"I am Dr. Hulin," he added; "behold the pill which I have prepared for tyrants and spies!"

About 20 of the brethren had stolen into the hall and were pressing forward toward Hardy; stolen, indeed, for these men all moved silently, as though accustomed to secret and dangerous meetings. But at the dreaded word "spy" a murmur arose.

"A spy! A spy! Kill him, tear him to pieces!"

But the man who had welcomed Hardy in French stepped in front of them and raised his hand.

"Sh! Brethren," he commanded, "are you all mad? Would you have the police down on us? The spy is in our power, if, indeed, he is a spy, and we shall know how to deal with him, how to seal his lips. As for you, Brother Felix, do not drop your pill, in the Virgin's name! Put it in your pocket. Preserve it for tyrants and the foes of mankind. There! We shall breathe freer now. Ivan"—to the cabman—"what is the history of this man? How did you happen to bring him here?"

"I went to the Slaviansky Bazar to get a slender, dark man with eye-glasses," he explained, "who should give me the password for the night—'The Princess Romanovna.' This man came out, hailed me and gave me the password. I bring him here, and then, ten minutes later, along comes this other slender, dark foreigner with eye-glasses, who, it seems, is able to find his own way about! That is the truth, Brother Bielinski, I call the Virgin to witness"—and the pious soul crossed himself.

"Very well," said Bielinski, a tall man, stoop-shouldered, with thin, hook-nose and keen, furtive eyes. "Very well. May I ask, my friend," turning to Hardy, "whether you are a member of the Brotherhood, and, if not, why are you here?"

"The explanation is very simple," replied Hardy in French, in which language the question had been directed. "I am an American merchant, residing in Stryetensk. I have an acquaintance with the Princess Romanovna, on whom I was about to call. I told the cabman to drive me to her residence, and he brought me here. I know nothing of your amiable Brotherhood, nor do I wish to learn anything." Here he took out his watch and consulted it coolly. "As we have no possible business together, I will now bid you good night, and proceed on my way. If I do not hasten I shall be too late for my call."

"But why does he not speak Russian?" asked Ivan. "He spoke to me in good Russian."

"Do you understand Russian?" asked Bielinski.

"I speak it imperfectly," replied Hardy. "I have been in the country only a short time."

"You speak it well enough to understand," exclaimed Bielinski, "or you would not have made so shrewd an effort to get away. I am not sure now that you are not a spy. At any rate, it will be a long time before you will see the Princess Romanovna."

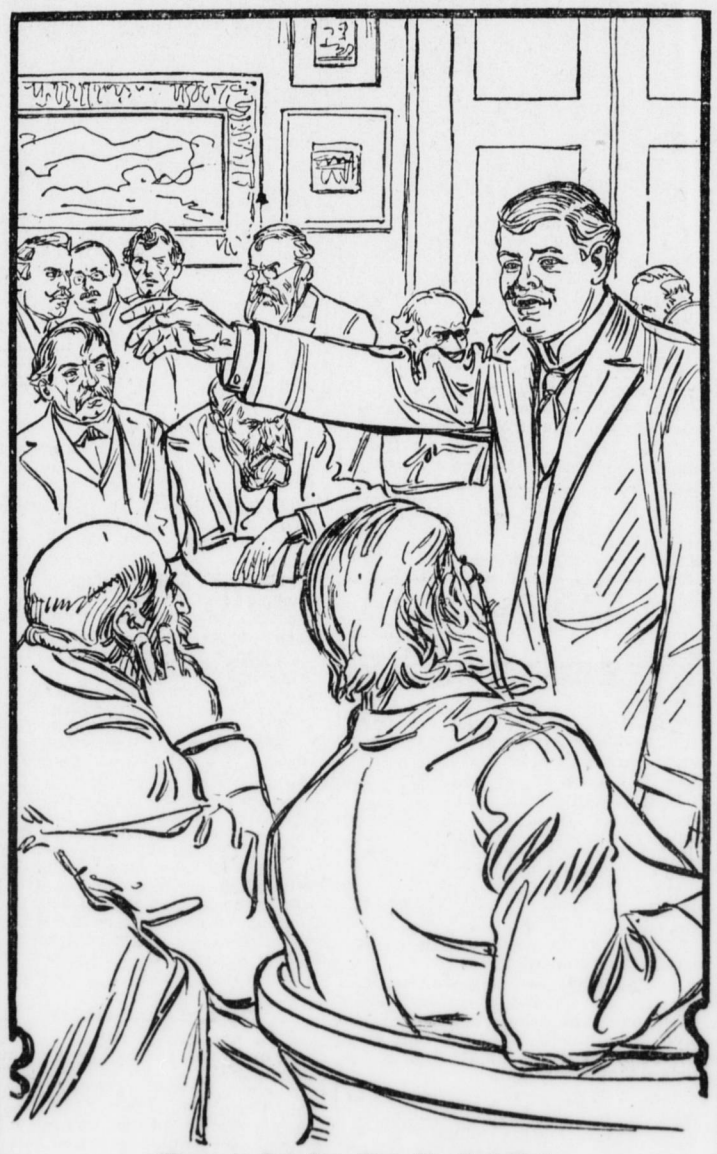
Hardy noticed that the last two words were spoken with an emphasis of hate, which reminded him of the Christian voices at Stryetensk, spitting out "Moschke! Moschke! The Jew! The Jew!" Truly this Holy Russia is a breeding-ground for many violent hates.

They all moved silently down to the extreme end of the hall and passed through a door into a large square room, furnished with chairs and divans and a round table, upon which were a number of books and magazines. Crossing this, they entered the council-chamber, a long, narrow apartment, with benches running around it, and a long table in the center, with chairs placed for about 20 people.

The Enemies of Russia seated themselves on the benches and at the table. Bielinski, who was evidently the chairman, took his place at the head of the table. Felix Hulin, after taking the terrible sphere from his pocket and laying it carefully on the table on a tiny couch formed of his crumpled handkerchief, removed his coat and hung it upon a nail. He then took his seat, by invitation, at Bielinski's right.

"Brethren," said the latter, rising, "of the Society of the Enemies of Russia!" He spoke very distinctly, but not loud. The most absolute silence prevailed. "First we must decide what to do with this man who has introduced himself into our midst, and has learned the secrets of the order. Though I do not personally believe him to be a spy, though I am confident he was brought here by accident, yet he is not of us, and he is a friend of the haughty and wealth-pampered aristocrat whose name forms the password of the evening. He was on his way to her residence when he was brought here."

During this time Hardy remained standing, with his opera hat beneath his elbow and his ulster thrown over his arm. His eyes were fixed on the little ball in Hulin's handkerchief, which, shining in the gas light, held his gaze with a strange fascination, like the baleful eye of a snake.



"There Is But One Way—He Must Die."

"What is his nationality?" asked one of the brethren.

"He says that he is an American," replied Bielinski.

"The Americans," said the questioner, "are a powerful nation. If we should detain this man, who is himself evidently an aristocrat, and has friends, they would raise heaven and earth to find him, and there would be much publicity and discussion—a thing that we wish to avoid now. The same thing would result if he should permanently disappear."

Here he sat down, and silence reigned for a full minute.

"There is much truth," at length said Bielinski, "in what Brother Smirnoff says. Has any other brother any suggestion to make?"

A young Russian arose, a florid-faced, clean-shaven youth, with blue eyes and a sweet expression. His voice was soft and he smiled as he talked.

"He must not disappear," said the speaker, "as Brother Smirnoff says, neither can we keep him. He would be an elephant on our hands. Neither would it be safe to turn him loose with our secret in his brain and on his tongue. It seems to me, with all due reverence to my elders"—and here he smiled and waved his hand—"that there is but one way. He must die and his body must be found under such circumstances that the police will be led to believe he has met his fate through accident. This will come under the head, not of an execution, but of a necessary removal for the good of the order."

"What method would you propose, Brother Kourbski?" inquired Bielinski.

"There are several methods that naturally suggest themselves," replied Kourbski, expansively. Hardy's eyes left the mesmeric spot and sought the speaker's face.

"For instance, he might be chloroformed and thrown into the Moskva, thus giving the impression that he had fallen in and drowned; or, a fine needle might be driven into the base of his brain, after which he could be dropped into the river; or, he could be taken out to some lonely spot, gagged, of course, to prevent an outcry, stabbed or beaten to death, and robbed. The gags could then be removed and this would cause the impression that he had been killed by footpads for his money and valuables. Fortunately, his attire, that of a wealthy aristocrat, would corroborate the impression. These are merely suggestions, of course. Would it not be well to decide officially on his fate, and then appoint a committee to settle the manner of his removal?"

Mr. Kourbski sat down and glanced about with a self-satisfied air.

"It is time," said Bielinski, rising and resting both palms on the table, "to bring this incidental discussion to a close, and proceed with the more important business of the evening. Nothing must be allowed to interfere with the great work which we have in hand: The destruction of so-called government and the establishment of universal freedom; the elimination of war, oppression and tyranny, and the inauguration of general and everlasting peace, equality and brotherhood."

As Bielinski spoke, his face flushed with enthusiasm, and his eyes glowed with the light of the dreamer and the Utopian. Murmurs of approval ran through the audience.

"You know," he continued, "how we propose to accomplish this great end. Government is merely a combination of the strong and the favored of the earth to oppress the weak. Laws are simply canons for the regulation of oppression. All these things are unnatural and artificial and are built on a substructure of superstition. We propose to render government impossible by making the governing profession so dangerous that no man will dare undertake it. But the question now before us is this: Here is a man in our midst who is not of us. He is a sympathizer with and a friend of our oppressors. He came to us, supposing that he was going to the house of the Princess Romanovna, and overheard our plans. He has discovered our place of meeting. Will it be safe to turn him loose, after exacting a promise from him that he will not betray us, if such a promise can be obtained, or is it your mind that he be removed, as Brother Kourbski suggests, for the good of the Order? In voting on this question you will bear in mind that the life of any one individual is of small moment when weighed in the balance against the general good of humanity. Brother Smirnoff will pass among you, handing each one of you a white and a black marble, a supply of which I have here, and Brother Kourbski will collect your ballots in a hat. A black ballot will signify removal, a white ballot life and some other expedient. Brother Smirnoff!"

That member arose and stepped briskly to the side of the chairman who took a number of marbles from a drawer and poured them into a hat. Kourbski followed him about with another hat, into which the members dropped their votes. In the ghastly silence that reigned, Hardy could hear his heart beat plainly, and the marbles dropping, dropping, into the hat, rattled like paving stones falling from a height. As Kourbski stepped to the table and poured the marbles on it, the American arose, and mechanically twitching at his pince-nez, gazed with open mouth. A black stream poured from the hat.

"The ballots are all black!" announced the chairman. "I shall appoint Brothers Kourbski, Stanklietch and Golovlev as a committee of three on ways and means. Gentlemen, you will retire into the adjoining room. Kindly reach your decision as soon as possible, for this, as I have said, is only an incidental matter, and we have much of importance before us."

The three members retired, closing the door softly behind them. The dream was becoming reality. Hardy, who was still standing, glanced about like a trapped animal, his eyes hunting some desperate means of escape. There was the window. He might dash at that and leap at the panes. The crash and the outcry which he would make might attract the attention of some passer-by. But, alas, the majority of the company were sitting between him and the window, and the shutters, which he could discern through the thick curtains, were, no doubt, heavy and well secured. His overcoat dropped to the floor and a scarcely audible "bump" attracted his attention. He picked up the garment, and slipped his hand into the pocket, where it touched the cold handle of a revolver. He remembered that a merchant had given him the weapon in the morning as a sample of a large stock of German imitations that could be sold at a much lower price than the American original. The merchant had said that it was a good weapon, despite the cheapness, and had requested him to try it.

But it was not loaded.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Libby's Food Products

Never Vary in Quality or Taste

Because the utmost care is taken by **Libby's Chefs** to select only the choicest materials and prepare them in the same careful manner every time. You are thus assured of uniform goodness, and this is the reason that the use of Libby's gives such general satisfaction to every housewife.

Try **Libby**

Dried Beef Mexican Tamales
Ham Loaf Chili con Carne
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Evaporated Milk

For luncheon, spreads or everyday meals they are just the thing.

Keep a supply in the house. You never can tell when they will come in handy. Ask for **Libby's** and be sure you get **Libby's.**

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

WESTERN CANADA

What J. J. Hill, the Great Railroad Magnate Says About its Wheat-Producing Power:

"The greatest need of this country [United States] in another generation or two will be the providing of homes for its people and producing sufficient for them. The days of our prominence as a wheat exporting country are gone. Canada is to be the great wheat country."

This great railroad magnate is taking advantage of the situation by extensive railway building to the wheat fields of Western Canada.

Upwards of 125 Million Bushels of Wheat

were harvested in 1909. Average of the three provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba will be upwards of 23 bushels per acre.

Free homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining pre-emptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre), are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured; mixed farming a success. Write us to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" sent free on application, and other information, to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to the Canadian Government Agent.

H. M. WILLIAMS
Law Building Toledo, Ohio
(Use address nearest you). (6)

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$5, $4, $3.50, $3, $2.50 & $2

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS.

Millions of men wear W. L. Douglas shoes because they are the lowest prices, quality considered, in the world. Made upon honor, of the best leathers, by the most skilled workmen, in all the latest fashions.

W. L. Douglas $5.00 and $4.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $5.00 to $8.00.

Boys' Shoes, $3, $2.50 & $2

W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. Take No Substitute. Fast Color Eyelets.

Ask your dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If not for sale in your town write for Mail Order Catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes ordered direct from factory delivered free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

SENT FREE
Send a 2 cent stamp to cover mailing and your dealer's name for a Pyramid Fly Catcher, which keep will your home flies. The
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is more sanitary than fly paper and works better and quicker, and lasts longer. It has no objectionable odor and will not drip in the hottest weather. It can be hung up out of the way. The shining surface attracts the flies. Sold by grocers and druggists for 15 cents.
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6% vs. 4% Why accept 4% from a savings bank when you can buy

Six Per Cent Real Estate Bonds?

Besides sharing in the profits of a great corporation. Write for full particulars. Dept. K.

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Lasts all Season. Neat, Clean, Ornamental, Convenient, Cheap. Will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over. Sold by dealers, or sent prepaid for 40c. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, New York.

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PATENT

HOME-MADE STALLS AFFORD COMFORT AND CLEANLINESS

Absolute Necessity in Any Dairy Barn and Can Be Made By Any Farmer Possessing Required Mechanical Skill.

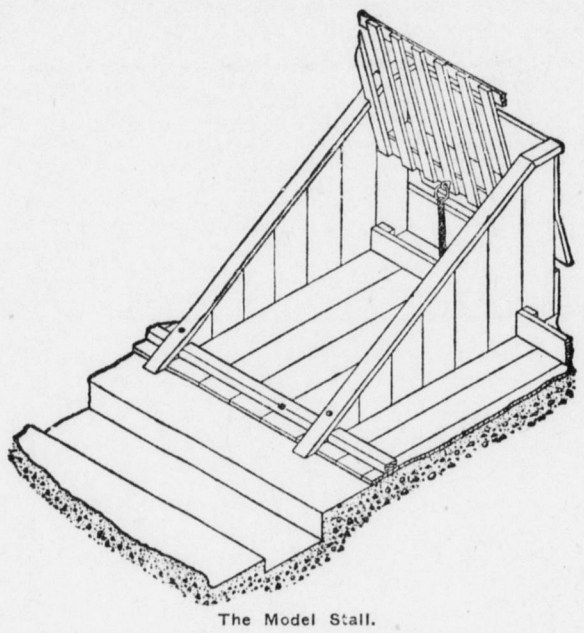
Cow comfort and cleanliness considered, some form of a cow stall is almost an absolute necessity in a dairy barn. Rigid stanchions are not comfortable. Too often they do not induce cleanliness.

Prof. C. A. Ocock of the Wisconsin College of Agriculture, is the author of a recent bulletin on sanitary cow stall.

The stall herewith illustrated, it is thought, will answer the fire requirements established as standard by one prominent dairy authority: First, cleanliness; second, comfort; third, convenience in feeding, milking and cleaning; fourth, economy of construction; fifth, secure enclosing.

This stall is built as indicated in the drawing to force the cow to stand with her hind feet between the crossbar and gutter; in this way keeping the stall proper perfectly clean. When lying down the cow necessarily steps forward and lies in front of the crossbar. The hay rack is so arranged that it allows more room at the bottom of the stall than at the top. This forces the cow to stand back from the hay rack when eating and, of course, places her nearer to the gutter. The crossbar which has already been referred to can be moved forward or backward to accommodate large or small cows. The chain or rope with which each cow is tied is so arranged that when she lies down she is drawn forward which further aids in keeping her body in front of the crossbar. The door in front is hinged at the top and opens upward and forward for the purpose of admitting grain and water. As will be noted the partitions are so arranged as to make it almost impossible for one cow to step upon the udder of another lying in the adjoining stall. This is a feature of merit which will be recognized by any one who has ever had charge of milk cows.

Ten of the model stalls, it has been estimated, would cost $60.33.



The Model Stall.

SENSIBLE IOWA HOG HOUSE

Thinking it may be of interest and encouragement to your readers who are raising pigs farrowed in midwinter, I herewith send sketch and description of hog house planned by Mr. James P. Condon of Oak Park farm, in this vicinity, writes Thomas O. Boyle of Webster county, Iowa, in Homestead. He has at the present writing 50 little pigs born in February, during the coldest period. They are thriving and in fine condition, and Mr. Condon gives the credit to the place he has for housing them. They show promise of meeting a $10 market. Last summer, after an investigation as to materials and proportions of hog houses in general, he came to the conclusion that hollow cement blocks was the material he desired, and that most of them were too wide for sufficient sunlight and ventilation, so he had one built according to his own ideas. He used a hollow cement block with a water and frost-proof facing. Having a fine sand pit on his farm he contracted with a cement concern to do the work. They made the blocks on the ground on an up-to-date block machine. The building is 64 feet long, 10 feet wide and 10 feet high on the front and 7 feet high in back. He put on a three-ply rubberoid roof, which is warmer than shingles, and guaranteed for 15 years with a coat of paint every three to five years. He had a cement feed lot put in, running the entire length of the building, and believes it is a great factor in having healthy hogs and more sanitary than any other kind. It also makes a fine approach. He has a tight board fence in front of the feed platform, thus having a good windbreak, and on sunny days their hogships enjoy a sunning thereon. The fall and winter was a good time for the test of the wall, and it proved both water and frost proof. Part of the time Mr. Condon uses sand for bedding, but through the coldest weather it was necessary to put in straw for the brood sows and their litters.

MOTOR CAR IN COUNTRY

Increased Use of Automobile By Farmers Shows That It Is Real Convenience in Farming Districts.

(By H. B. HARPER)

Automobile manufacturers generally are recognizing the possibilities of expanding their business by adapting their product to the needs of the farmer.

Prosperous as never before, with a larger crop than in any previous years, the farmer has money to spend and the farmer with money wants to and does live every whit as well as his city brothers and generally better.

The thing to consider is what type of car will best meet the requirements of the farmer buyer. First is the question of roads. The country roads are not all gravel roads or macadamized turnpikes.

The successful country car must be one which will travel over inferior roads—roads that sometimes are heavy with mud, roads that are often covered 12 inches or more with new fallen untrodden snow.

Here the first essential is light weight. A good light weight car should be selected. A car weighing 2,000 to 3,000 pounds is not a practical car for all around country service. A car weighing 1,200 pounds is much better suited to the average road conditions.

Then, too, this light car can easily travel off the regular roads, over the fields to any part of the farm.

A light car is easier on tires, reduces gasoline and oil bills and calls for less replacement expense.

The next point of importance lies in simplicity of design, accessibility of all parts and perfect standardization of various parts. While the average farmer is a much better mechanic than is the city man, due to long use of agricultural implements, he has no garage to call on for repair work and must do it all. The less complicated the mechanism, the better suited to the farmer's need.

Any trip—business or pleasure—can be made in decidedly less time with a car than with horses. In planting, plowing or harvest times this saving is valuable. A quick trip to the city for repairs for a mower or a reaper and back again in a hurry is very important when the grain is ripe or the grass is ready.

Worn-Out Land.

The only cheap way to put worn-out land into shape is to seed it down to clover, cut one crop and leave the second growth to be plowed under. Then the land will be in shape to respond to fertilizers. I have found that I could get more income from a piece of land by seeding down half of it to clover and putting all the manure and fertilizer on the remaining half, than by trying to keep the whole piece in cultivation, says a writer in Baltimore American. After a year or two in clover and grass, the other half would be plowed up. On a fresh sod a good dressing of chemical fertilizers will pay well.

Value of a Sow.

The sow that brings two litters a year and nourishes them well until six weeks old is worth two or three times pork prices, however high pork may be. Never fatten your reliable sows until they fail to be reliable.

The KITCHEN CABINET

IS THIS a time to be cloudy and sad,
When our Mother Nature laughs around,
When even the deep blue heavens look glad,
And gladness breathes from the blossoming ground?

A Few Salads.

A salad is one of the most appetizing of dishes and one should never consider the preparation of a salad as too much trouble.

A salad should be simple and may be prepared in a very few moments. One of these dishes is:

Strawberry Salad.

Take the heart leaves of lettuce, heap a few ripe strawberries in each, dust with powdered sugar. On each portion place a teaspoonful of mayonnaise and a piece of lemon.

Grape Fruit and Cherry Salad.

Cut the grape fruit through the center, removing the sections and freeing them of the white fiber. Marinate in a little French dressing of three tablespoonfuls of oil, one of vinegar and salt and pepper to taste. Place some of the grape fruit on heart leaves of head lettuce, on these nests add enough cherries to make an attractive salad.

Spanish Salad.

Cut in halves several hard cooked eggs, and place them at intervals on the lettuce in a salad bowl or plate. Between the eggs lay stuffed olives and halves of tomatoes. Cover each egg with mayonnaise, and serve each guest with each of the ingredients of the salad.

Fish Filets.

Cut the large filets into three smaller ones, dip in flour, season with salt and red pepper. Place a nest in the meat and on this place strips of salt pork and sliced onion, then lay on the filets. On each place a bit of pork and onion, and cover closely and bake until well done. Serve with a white sauce in which chopped parsley and sour pickle is added.

Grape Juice Soup.

Cook half a cupful of tapioca until soft, with a pint of water. Add three pieces of stick cinnamon. Strain and add one cupful of grape juice. Sweeten to taste and serve hot.

AS THE door turneth upon his hinges, so doth the slothful upon his bed."

"Train up a child in the way he should go, and when he is old he will not depart from it."

Eggs.

Eggs are now becoming reasonable in price so that the frugal housewife may feel that she can use them more plentifully. They may often take the place of meat in a meal, especially for a breakfast, luncheon or supper dish.

When making angel food the yolks may be used for any number of dishes. A salad dressing, or a gold cake will use most of the yolks. Beat the yolks left from the angel cake, add a little cream or milk and salt, then turn into a hot buttered omelet pan and stir constantly until all cooked. Serve as a supper or breakfast dish. If more cream is added the egg may be served on toast.

For a simple little luncheon dessert there is nothing daintier than a plain omelet spread with apple jelly, which has been heated in hot water to soften. Fold and cut in slices. It tastes very good and looks even prettier than it tastes.

Save the eg gshells(washing the egg before breaking), and use them to settle the coffee.

Breakfast Eggs.

Put six eggs into a vessel which will hold five pints. Pour over boiling water to fill the dish, cover closely and set on the back part of the stove or the rack to cook. Leave seven minutes for a soft cooked egg, ten for a medium cooked, fifteen for a firm and thirty for a hard cooked egg.

Nellie Maxwell.

Qualifications of Maids of Honor.

A girl who aspires to become a maid of honor intimates, usually through her parents, to the mistress of the robes that she would like to serve her majesty in this capacity, and if she is a suitable candidate her name is put down and submitted to the queen when a vacancy among the maids of honor occurs, or in the event of her majesty wishing to increase the number, which is at present limited to three.

A maid of honor must of course occupy a well established social position, though it is now now necessary, as it was once, that they should be of titled rank. A maid must be able to speak French fluently and should be able to converse in German; she must be a good pianist, and be able to read accompaniments at sight, and she must. It is scarcely necessary to say, be thoroughly well educated and have traveled on the continent. A good well trained voice is a qualification.—Gentlewoman.

The Man Invasion.

The witch out for a moonlight jaunt on her favorite broomstick, had just escaped being run down by an aeroplane manned by a joy-rider.

"Oh, this is simply maddening!" she cried, hysterically; "to think of man invading the one field of which we women have had a monopoly for centuries! And I believe I heard the brute say, as he passed: 'Oh, you kid witch!'"

What He Knew.

"You can tell me the names of the twelve apostles, Sam?" said the pretty Sunday school teacher one morning. Sam's face fell, and he shifted his weight from one foot to the other.

"Can't do it, ma'am," he said, sorrowfully; and then his eyes brightened; "but I can call off all of the pitchers in the league teams," he volunteered.—Harper's Magazine.

Skill to do comes of doing; knowledge comes by eyes always open and working hands; and there is knowledge that is not power.—Emerson.

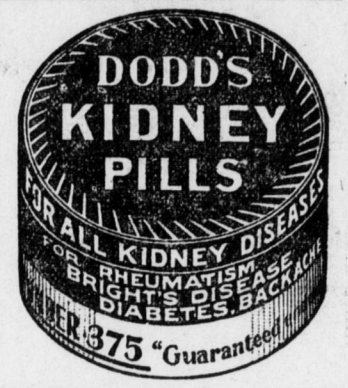
PERRY DAVIS' PAINKILLER
For a sudden chill or cold (instead of whiskey), use Painkiller. For colic, diarrhea and summer complaint this medicine never fails. 25c, 35c and 50c bottles.

It takes an oculist to make some people open their eyes.

Hint to Autoists.

Maggie—I see you out in Harry's auto all the time. I didn't know you liked him better than Jack.

Marjorie—I don't. But the color of his car harmonizes better with my automobile coat.



DELAWARE FARMS Best fruit-growing section. Productive soil, good markets, fine climate. Write now to WILLEY & RAWLINS, SEAFORD, DEL.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

W. N. U., CLEVELAND, NO. 22–1910.

Answer This Question

When shown positive and reliable proof that a certain remedy had cured numerous cases of female ills, wouldn't any sensible woman conclude that the same remedy would also benefit her if suffering with the same trouble?

Here are two letters which prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fitchville, Ohio.—"My daughter was all run down, suffered from pains in her side, head and limbs, and could walk but a short distance at a time. She came very near having nervous prostration, had begun to cough a good deal, and seemed melancholy by spells. She tried two doctors but got little help. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, Blood Purifier and Liver Pills she has improved so much that she feels and looks like another girl."—Mrs. C. Cole, Fitchville, Ohio.

Irasburg, Vermont.—"I feel it my duty to say a few words in praise of your medicine. When I began taking it I had been very sick with kidney and bladder troubles and nervous prostration. I am now taking the sixth bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and find myself greatly improved. My friends who call to see me have noticed a great change."—Mrs. A. H. Sanborn, Irasburg, Vermont.

We will pay a handsome reward to any person who will prove to us that these letters are not genuine and truthful—or that either of these women were paid in any way for their testimonials, or that the letters are published without their permission, or that the original letter from each did not come to us entirely unsolicited.

What more proof can any one ask?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.

When—

The Stomach is Sick
The Liver Sluggish
The Bowels Clogged
The Blood Impure
The Skin Sallow

Then—*It's Time to Take*

That grand, old, time-tested remedy—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

In boxes with full directions, 10c. and 25c.

RESINOL stops itching. Is the most effective application known for eczema. The best dressing for burns or scalds, a prompt and effectual remedy in all forms of inflammation, eruptions and irritation of the skin. 50 cents a jar, all druggists or sent direct on receipt of price. A certain cure for itching piles.

RESINOL CHEMICAL COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

"I have found in my experience nothing to equal RESINOL for all diseases of the skin." S. S. Stewart, Stewart Station, Pa.

DEFIANCE COLLEGE DEFIANCE OHIO

A real college of the highest grade. A college that gives you standing in the educational world, with the great Universities, Public School Men, School Boards, etc. Graduates in demand.

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Collegiate, Academic, Teachers', Manual Training, Engineering, Commercial, Music, Art, Elocution and Domestic Science.

EXPENSES

Board $3.75 per week; Room rent, 75c to $1.00 per week, including the light and heat; Tuition and regular incidentals, $5.00 for the Fall year.

Breezy County News

MEDIX RUN.

Pay day at the tannery.

Mrs. Dr. J. H. Kline and Mrs. H. H. Lowell, of Penfield, attended the funeral of Mrs. Sheare, at this place, Wednesday.

Mrs. Claude Williams, of Warren, is visiting relatives in town.

Mrs. A. J. Wheeler and daughter, Miss Lovie, of Williamsport, were callers in town Wednesday.

D. P. Chambers, of Driftwood, is working in the tannery at this place.

Miss Grace Nye, of Millers, visited her sister, Mrs. Barr, at this place over Sunday.

Clarence English and wife are visiting relatives.

Miss Florence DeVoie and Russell attended the dance at Weedville, Saturday.

A number of men of this place attended primary election at Benezette Saturday.

Ed. Brooks and family are visiting relatives at Sterling Run this week.

The tannery will shut down seven days, as repair work is needed.

Our town band held a dance in Robinson's Hall last Monday evening. There was a large crowd present and all enjoyed the dance.

Myrt Pontus, of this place, was a Hicks Run visitor one day last week.

John Chase, while braking on the Goodyear road at this place, was injured on Tuesday, logs rolled on his limbs which caused bad bruises, but no bones were broken. He is getting along fine and expects to be at work in a few days.

Mrs. G. A. Shears died on Monday night, at the family residence on Mill St. Mrs. Shears has been a great sufferer with diabetes for some time but toward the last few weeks she was not able to attend to her household duties. She belonged to the Methodist church at this place. She leaves a host of relatives to mourn her death. The remains were taken to Curwensville, Wednesday and laid at rest.

Frank English, of Weedville, was in town on business Tuesday.

Roscoe Wilson, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson, who was bitten by a dog, last Sunday, is getting along as well as can be expected.

Chas. Smith was a visitor at Falls Creek on Sunday.

C. R. Flegle was called to Ridgway Wednesday noon on account of the serious illness of his wife, Mrs. F. being in poor health for some time. She is being cared for at the Ridgway hospital. Mr. Flegle returned home Thursday afternoon and reported his wife better. She expects to come home in a few days.

H. S. Ford passed through this town Saturday evening. H. S. always wears a smile.

Ezra was seen on our streets Thursday.

Bessie DeHaas is visiting her sister, Mrs. McDonald, at this place.

Ellery Snyder and Miss Georgia and Edith, of Ardel dam, were visitors at this place Saturday afternoon.

Silas Munn, of Munn's mill, was in town Saturday.

A game of ball was played here between Driftwood and the home team, Sunday morning. The score was 13-2 in favor of Driftwood.

Irvin Gleason, of Driftwood, was in town one day last week.

Frank Callahan, of Driftwood, was a visitor in town Sunday.

Olive McCracken, of Driftwood, visited at this place on Sunday.

Mrs. Bert Armstrong is visiting relatives at Pittsburg.

RED BIRD.

HUNTLEY.

Mrs. John S. Jordan was the guest of of her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Bower, of Castle Garden, one day last week.

Miss Grace and May Miller, of Miller's Run, was the guest of C. J. Miller and family, of this place, over Sunday.

W. A. Nelson, of Hicks Run, was home over Sunday.

We are pleased to learn that our old friend, A. W. Smith, is about to delve into the unseen life of matrimony. The intended bride is well known by you correspondent and is a very estimable young lady. We all unite in wishing them a happy and prosperous life.

W. R. Smith has moved into his old homestead, where he will reside for some time.

We have been informed that our young snare drummer "Smithy," has added a fine daffodil to his flower garden.

The Driftwood callers this week were: Wm. Kilburn, B. J. Collins, Clyde Collins and C. J. Miller.

L. H. Smith transacted business at Hicks Run on Thursday.

Darius Ives, of Grove Hill, was a pleasant caller in town on Saturday.

STORY.

STERLING RUN.

Rev. Allen, of Lloyd, former minister at this place, was calling on friends here, Monday.

Miss Mertie Shaffer and Cordellia Chisholm, of Austin, are the guests of the former's grand-mother, Mrs. Parker.

Miss Mabel Wylie returned home the past week, after closing a successful term school at Holidaysburg.

Joe Mason, of Renovo, is a visitor in town this week.

Miss Lulu Lewis is having a bay window added to their home.

Whiting Herrick, of St. Mayrs, is the guest of his grand-mother, Mrs. M. E. Herrick.

Rev. Ebersole, wife and daughter left Tuesday for several weeks visit with daughter Mrs. Jennie Goodsell, of Buffalo.

Mrs. Mary Taylor is guest of brother, Joseph Kissell.

Mrs. Cora Stewart, of Driftwood, was the guest of hor brother, Mort. Dininney.

Miss Gladys O'Keefe was a visitor at Emporium Friday.

BLUE BELL.

SINNAMAHONING.

Amos Bennett started to work on Monday, on the State road in Wykoff Run.

H. O. Berfield visited his best girl at Hicks Run, Saturday night.

Earl Foultz visited at Costello and Galeton this week.

Glen Johnson and John Penrith, who have been touring the west for a couple of months, came back last week.

J. P. Wolf left on Tuesday for Lewisburg, to attend the funeral of his brother's wife, whose death occurred at the Williamsport hospital.

E. F. Smith, of Emporium, visited his family over Sunday and attended school meeting, Monday night.

Miss Mima Sheares, of DuBois, is visiting her many friends here this week.

Mrs. Sadie Beck, of Costello, is a visitor here this week.

Misses Jessee and Maude Lupold visited with friends at Hicks Run, over Sunday.

Miss Myrtle Shafer visited with her sister at Port Allegany over Sunday.

Frank Kepler, of Westport, was a visitor the first of the week.

Prof. Walkey, bookkeeper for the Silin Wholesale Mfg. Co., has taken a school at Yeagerstown and will leave shortly for his new field of labor.

W. C. No. 136, P. O. S. of A., will go to Hicks Run to assist in instituting a new Camp at that place on Saturday evening, June 11.

Camp No 122, P. O. of A., held one of their pleasant lunches on Tuesday night. Forty-seven members were present to partake of the good things and all had a pleasant time.

V. A. Brooks is surveying out the lands of the Cameron Powder Mfg. Co., this week.

The Cameron Powder Company's engine came last week. It is a Lima engine, made for working on heavy grades.

The Silin Wholesale Mfg. Co., have their new store under roof and are putting in a glass front this week. The company are going to put up a large factory to manufacture pants and vests.

Mellick's Ice Cream, of Williamsport, was served at the P. O. of A. lunch Tuesday evening and it was decided the finest cream that has been served this summer.

J. Henry Louge came over from Huuter's Rest, on Saturday to attend the Primary meeting. J. H. is one of the leading socialists of Grove. His policy is down with the Stars and Stripes and up with the red flag of socialism.

Two dances scheduled for Wednesday evening. Surely Sinnamahoning is going some.

We had a bar-room fight here last week. One poor fellow is laid up for repairs on account of a severe kicking. Too much booze.

Owining to the cold weather holding on so late the L. C. have postponed their meetings until Halley's comet gets away from this locality. At the last meeting of the club it was decided that Halley's comet was the cause of all this cold, wet weather.

The Citizens Cornet Band had made arrangements to parade on Monday evening but the rain kept them in-doors. The boys are getting along nicely and will soon be able to render some good music.

The Sinnamahoning Powder Mfg Co., have a demonstration of the Oxygen Acetylene welding machine here this week, manufactured by the Lind Air Co., of Buffalo. It is used in repairing heavy castings and cutting heavy rails. The Company are putting in all modern machinery in their works at this place.

The shell house of the Sinnamahoning Powder Mfg Co., is one of the largest. if not the finest in the State. The very pleasant foreladay Miss Myrtle, has 19 young ladies under her charge, making the different kind explosives. At present they are working on Government work for Panama canal. The work is light and pleasant and the shell girls make good wages, several of them having bank accounts.

DEBSS.

Horse for Sale.

One sound horse, weight 1300 pounds, twelve years old. Sale price $100. Apply to

JOHN W. SMITH,
15-tf. Beechwood, Pa.

CAMERON.

A. F. Walker's son Thomas is very sick at this writing.

Miss Sadie Comley returned from Sterling Run Tuesday and expects to stay at home the balance of summer.

Rose Lord, who has been working at Sinnamahoning for the past week, returned home Tuesday.

E. D. Krape took a few hours off and went to Emporium Tuesday to get his hair cut, which was badly needed.

A. F. Walker and son George, who have been working the woods are spending a few days at home.

Thos. Eddy of Sterling Run, spent Tuesday in this place the guest of F. B. Hoag.

E. F. Comley who accepted a position at the Brick Work, resigned Saturday on account too heavy work. What's the trouble, Fred? Too light?

R. D. Graham moved his family and household goods to Sinnamahoning Saturday where he is employed by the Camerom Powder Co.

The Temperance League will hold an Ice Cream Social in the Hall Saturday night. All invited—come, help the boys along.

Miss Josephine Hoehn left for Renovo Wednesday to visit her sister who is ill.

G. L. Page made a business trip to Harrisburg last week and reports having a big time.

Miss Eva Jenks was very severely injured Monday by being gored by one of their cattle which she was driving up the run, but her life was saved by the prompt assistance of George Walker and his mother, who happened to see the attack and promptly dispatched the animal.

LOUISE.

Annual Camp Meeting.

The Annual Camp Meeting, of the Bradford District, Oil City Conference, of the Free Methodist Church, will be held in the Keystone Park, Emporium, Pa., July 1 to 10 inclusive, lasting over two Sabbaths.

This camp meeting is purely an evangelistic effort for the advancement of the gospel of Christ as taught in the New Testament, and emphasized by Protestant churches the world over.

These annual camp meetings are not catch-penny affairs, but are held for the sole purpose of the betterment of mankind. No stands, no money-making schemes of any kind are allowed on the grounds. And no gate fees are charged for any of the ten days services.

The expense of these meetings are raised mostly by subscription by the churches of the Bradford District. The only allowance for small expenses to any of the leaders and helpers is the car fare of the pastors and their wives to and from the camp to their homes.

The tenters on the ground bear all their own expense from the time they leave home till they return, including car fare, tent rent, boarding, draying, etc.

The motto and spirit of the meetings is expressed in these words:—In nonessentials, charity; in essentials, unity. All who are of the same spirit thus expressed will find it profitable to attend these meetings. All who wish to fit up a tent of their own, or rent a tent from the committee, to have a private place of resting and lunching between services, are given a cordial invitation to do so. A boarding tent will be provided for all desiring to board. Gas for cooking purposes and all usual camp meeting requisites will be provided for at reasonable rates on the ground.

Tents can be rented at the following rates, freight added; 10x12ft, $1.50; 12x12, $1.75; 12x14, $2.00; 12x15, $2.35; 14x14, $2.50; 14x16, $2.75; 14x18, $3.00; 16x20, $4.00; 18x24, $4.50. All tent orders must be sent in to the local pastor, F. B. Schriner, Emporium, Pa., not later than June 20th.

Why not send in your order and tent with us for a few days? Some of our friends of other denominations have already expressed their intention of so doing. A cordial invitation to all is extended by the committee of the Bradford District. Even if you cannot board, you can have a private tent on the ground for ten days, for only $1.50.

The regular order of services will be as follows: Early morning prayer service, 6 a. m., ; Family Prayers, 8. a.m.; Praise and testimony meeting, 9 a. m.; Preaching, 10 a. m.; Children's meeting, 1:30, p. m.; Preaching, 2:30, p. m.; Song and praise service, 7:15, p. m., Preaching, 8 p. m.

The following ministers will be in attendance; A. D. Zahniser, of Pittsburg, with the pastors of the district as follows: W. A. Quick, A. J. Beattie, William Gerhart, R. M. McGarvey, F. W. McClelland, C. J. Edwards, F. W. Parks, I. B. Hawks, T. W. Murry, J. N. Bennett, J. L. Sutton.

Are You a Paint Maker.

You don't have to be one in order to mix your own paint when you have a house to paint. Its mighty easy to buy 4 gallons of L. & M. Paint, and 3 gallons of pure Linseed Oil, and put both in a large pail and mix well together. You will then make 7 gallons of the best paint at a cost of about $1.30 per gallon and then have a good painter paint your house.

The L. & M., is sold by Harry S. Lloyd, Emporium, Pa.

REDUCTION SALE OF MILLINERY

All Hats, Flowers and Feathers reduced, as follows.
Get your share of the Bargains.

Trimmed Hats

All our	$2.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	$1.19
All our	2.25	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	1.49
All our	2.50	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	1.69
All our	2.75	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	1.79
All our	3.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	1.89
All our	3.25	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	1.98
All our	3.50	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	2.19
All our	3.75	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	2.39
All our	4.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	2.49
All our	4.25	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	2.89
All our	4.50	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	2.98
All our	4.75	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	3.19
All our	5.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	3.49
All our	5.50	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	3.79
All our	6.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	3.98
All our	6.25	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	4.29
All our	6.75	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	4.49
All our	7.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	4.79
All our	8.00	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	4.98
All our	8.50	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	5.25
All our	9.50	Trimmed Hats, reduced to - -	6.00

Untrimmed Hats

All our	75c	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	39c
All our	$1.00	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	59c
All our	1.25	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	69c
All our	1.50	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	89c
All our	1.75	Untrimmed Straw Hats reduced to	98c
All our	2.00	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	$1.19
All our	2.25	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	1.39
All our	2.50	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	1.59
All our	2.75	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	1.69
All our	3.98	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	1.98
All our	6.00	Untrimmed Straw Hats, reduced to	3.50

Black, White and Colored Ostrich Plumes

All our $2.50 Plumes, reduced to - $1.69
All our 3.00 and 3.50 Plumes, reduced to 2.19
All our $5.00 Plumes, reduced to - $3.75
All our 6.50 Plumes, reduced to - 4.50

All Flowers 1-3 off, Regular Price. All Straw Braid, Half Price.
Children's Hats, Same Reduction as on Ladies' Hats.

R. KUEHNE, EMPORIUM'S GREATEST STORE.

Emporium School Board.

The School Board of Emporium has re-organized and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mr. Arch Andrews; Secretary, Mr. R. R. McQuay; Treasurer, Mr. J. P. McNarney. Messrs. Bernard Egan and Arch Andrews filed the oath of office for the next three years. Other members of the board are Messrs, I. K. Hockley, C. R. Husted and Jason Loucks. The report of the treasurer shows an increase in recepts over last year. Teachers to serve during the coming school year will be elected this (Thursday) evening.

Another New Residence.

Sheriff John W. Norris getting material together for the erection of a neat residence, corner of Broad and Fifth street.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R

Taking effect Aug. 22, 1909.

EASTWARD

STATIONS.	6	10	2	4	18
		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Port Allegany,... Lv.		2 33	11 37	7 12	9 00
Chemical Works....		*2 36	○○	○○	○
Burtville,.....		2 44	11 48	7 22	9 11
Roulette,.....		2 56	11 57	7 30	9 23
Knowlton's,.....		*3 00	12 01	○○	○
Mina,.....		3 06	12 07	7 40	9*33
Olmsted,.....		*3 10	12 11	*7 44	9 37
		3 18	12 20	7 52	9 45
Coudersport. {Ar.	A. M.	.....			
{Lv.	6 10	.....	12 37		
North Coudersport,	○○	.....	*12 41	.....	.....
Frink's,.....	*5 50	.....	*12 49	.....	.....
Colesburg,.....	5 57	.....	12 57	.....	.....
Seven Bridges,.....	*6 02	.....	*1 02	.....	.....
Raymonds, ...	6 12	.....	1 13	.....	.....
Gold,.....	6 17	.....	1 19	.....	.....
Newfield,.....		.....	1 25	.....	.....
Newfield Junction,..	6 27	.....	1 32	.....	.....
Perkins,.....	*6 30	.....	*1 35	.....	.....
Carpenter's,.....	○○	.....	*1 39	.....	.....
Crowell's,.....	*6 36	.....	*1 42	.....	.....
Ulysses,.....	7 20	.....	1 52	.....	.....
		A. M.	P. M.		

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	3	1			5
	P. M.	A. M.			P. M.
PortAllegany,.....	2 10	8 50			5 10
Chemical works	○○	○○			○○
Burtville,.....	1 57	8 37			4 57
Roulette,.....	1 50	8 11			4 50
Knowlton's,.....	1 45	○○			*4 45
Mina,.....	1 40	8 21			4 40
Olmsted,.....	*1 35				4 35
Coudersport, .. {Lv.	1 30	8 12			4 30
{Ar		8 50		P. M.	
North Coudersport,	.....	○○	.....	.....	3 30
Frink's,.....	.....	*7 57	.....	.....	3 23
Colesburg,.....	.....	*7 50	.....	.....	3 08
Seven Bridges,.....	.....	*7 46	.....	.....	3 04
Raymond's.....	.....	*7 37	.....	.....	*2 54
Gold,.....	.....	7 33	.....	.....	*2 50
Newfield	.....	○○	.....	.....	*2 46
Newfield Junction,..	.....	7 55	.....	.....	2 42
Perkins,.....	.....	*7 14	.....	.....	*2 34
Carpenter's,.....	.....	*7 10	.....	.....	*2 30
Crowell's,.....	.....	*7 07	.....	.....	*2 27
Ulysses,.....Lv.	.....	7 35	.....	.....	2 20

Trains 1 and 2 run daily between Coudersport and Port Allegany, all other trains run week days only.

* Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop.
† Telegraph offices.
Trains run on Eastern Standard Time.
Connections—At Ulysses with Fall Brook R'y for points north and south. At B. & S. Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north for Wellsville, south for Galeton and Addison. At Port Allegany with Pennsylvania R. R., north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn's R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

School Board Organized.

The Shippen school board organized last Monday and elected the following officers: President, Mr. N. A. Ostrum; Secretary, Mr. Fred K. Zimmer; and Treasurer, Mr. Elmer Marshall. The board will elect teachers at the next meeting which will be held July 2nd, 1910.

Will Graduate.

The PRESS acknowledges the receipt of an invitation to attend the commencement exercises of the University of Pennsylvania, to be held in the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, Wednesday morning, June 15th. Floyd L. VanWert, is a member of the class. His Emporium friends congratulate him in advance and admire the hard fight he made to secure his diploma, that of an M. D.

To Kill the Woman.

There is no need in killing a woman with worry and nervousness now that Sexine Pills are available for prolonging life and happiness. Sexine Pills are guaranteed for all forms of weakness in men and women. Price $1 a box; six boxes $5, with full guarantee. Address or call on R. C. Dodson, Druggist, Emporium, where they sell all the principal remedies and do not substitute.

"It cured me," or "It saved the life of my child," are the expressions you hear every day about Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This is true the world over where this valuable remedy has been introduced. No other medicine in use for diarrhoea or bowel complaints has received such general approval. The secret of the success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is that it cures. Sold by all dealers.

Good Piano for Sale.

A Bradbury Piano (square) in good condition.
Apply at PRESS office. 37-tf.

Glad to Recommend Them.

Mr. E. Weakley, Kokomo, Ind., says: "After taking Foley's Kidney Pills, the severe backache left me, my kidneys became stronger, the secretions natural and my bladder no longer pained me I am glad to recommend Foley's Kidney Pills." In a yellow package. For sale by Emporium Drug Co.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will brace up the nerves, banish sick head-ache, prevent despondency and invigorate the whole system. Sold by all dealers.

YOU CAN HAVE It!

$2.5o Free

We are determined to close out at SPECIAL BARGAINS all seasonable goods and to make it an object we will give every cash purchaser an opportunity

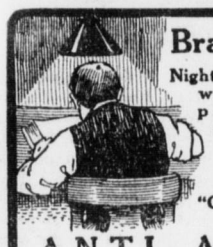
To Secure $2.50 for Nothing

Only one customer. That is the customer purchasing the largest sum in dollars and cents, between Wednesday and Saturday will be given $2.50. Catch on quick.

The Largest and most Beautiful Line of Goods in the County.

Special Bargains in Every Department.

H.A.Zarps & Co



Brain fag

Night work—over work—head pains and throbs, neuralgic and sympathetic pains

"Cured in a flash" by

ANTI-ACHE

No ill after-effects. Does not affect the heart
Two sizes—10c & 25c—All druggists
Wayne Chemical Co., Clarion, Pa.

Business Cards.

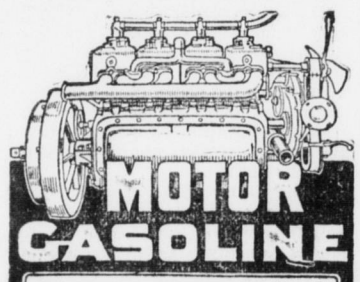
J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY
F. A. JOHNSON.
JOHNSON & MCNARNEY,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
EMPORIUM, PA.
Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent,
35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

B. W. GREEN, JAY P. FELT
GREEN & FELT,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Corner Fourth and Broad streets,
Emporium, Pa.
All business relating to estate, collections, real estate, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 41-25-1y.

MAY GOULD,
TEACHER OF
PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY
Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music,
Emporium, Pa.
Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

THE NEW ALPINE HOUSE,
Sterling Run, Pa.
W. H. BAGLEY, Proprietor.
First-class accommodations in every particular. This old and popular House has been thoroughly refitted to meet every requirement of this rapidly growing town. Terms, reasonable.
45-1y.



MOTOR GASOLINE

Treat your machine right by using the right gasolines.

WAVERLY
76°—
MOTOR—
STOVE—

Three special grades. Made from Pennsylvania Crude Oil. Give instantaneous, powerful, clean explosion. Positively will not form carbon deposits on spark plugs or in cylinders. Ignites readily—never fails. Ask your dealer.

Waverly Oil Works Co.
Independent Oil Refiners
Pittsburg, Pa.

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

Directions with each Vial in Five Languages.
English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease	.25
3.	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	.25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	.25
5.	Dysentery, Gripings, Bilious Colic	.25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	.25
9.	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
13.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	.25
14.	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	.25
15.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains	.25
16.	Fever and Ague, Malaria	.25
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	.25
18.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	.25
19.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	.25
20.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	.25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	.25
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi	.25
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sores or Canker	.25
30.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	.25
34.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria	.25
35.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches	.25
37.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	.25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Medical Book sent free.
HUMPHREYS' HOMEO. MEDICINE CO., Corner William and John Streets, New York.

Fertilizer

We have just received a car load of fresh fertilizer, of the highest quality.

No. 1 Stock Bridge for Potatoes and Vegetables.
Market Garden Fertilizer.
Potato Fertilizer.
Sure Crop Phosphate.
Corn and Grain Fertilizer.

Give us a call and examine the quality and get the low prices on these goods.

EMPORIUM
Machine Co.,
EMPORIUM, PA.

Pottery and Secrecy.

In the royal manufactory of pottery at Meissen, Saxony, the work was formerly carried on with the utmost secrecy to prevent the processes from becoming known elsewhere. The establishment was a complete fortress, the portcullis of which was not raised day or night, no stranger being permitted to enter for any purpose whatever. Every workman, even the chief inspector, was sworn to silence. This injunction was formally repeated every month to the superior officers employed, while the workmen had constantly before their eyes in large letters the warning motto, "Be Secret Unto Death." It was well known that any person divulging the process would be imprisoned for life in the castle of Koenigstein. Even the king himself when he took strangers of distinction to visit the works was enjoined to secrecy. One of the foremen, however, escaped and assisted in establishing a manufactory in Vienna, from which the secrets spread all over Germany.

Her Diamond Necklace.

Brown is a very careful man. He is superlatively careful. So careful is he that he has insured his insurance money.

Now, Brown has a wife. Wives have to be given birthday presents, and on his wife's first birthday after their marriage he gave her a beautiful diamond necklace. This was not as reckless as you might think, for each stone on the necklace represented a year of Mrs. Brown's life, and he let every one know that. And he arranged to give Mrs. Brown a new diamond each birthday. And he let the neighbors know that too.

He has just missed giving his wife a birthday present for the ninth successive year.

As to when greed will conquer pride and his wife will ask for another birthday present, we shall have to wait and see.—Pearson's.

The Salt Charm Failed.

Some three years before the Franco-German war broke out Count Seckendorff accompanied King William I. on his visit to Napoleon III. and was present at the celebrated dejeuner given in the Pavilion de Diane at Fontainebleau. King William, who was sitting next the empress, was asked by her to pass the salt, and in complying with this request he threw a little salt over his shoulder. Upon the empress exclaiming, "Why do you do that?" the king explained that in his country it was the custom to do so when passing the salt to ward off bad luck and any chance of a quarrel. The empress in a prettily turned speech at once replied, "But surely there is no danger of anything interfering with our friendship." In less than three years the Germans had crossed the Rhine.—London Spectator.

Why Not Pass the Plate?

They ought to pass the plate at church weddings. It comes natural to do it in church, and to do so would add a pretty and useful employment to the duties of the ushers, who always have a little spare time before the bride arrives. And, really, getting married is more expensive than ever, and, though wedding presents are excellent in their way, what the young people usually need the most is cash. Instead of the list of gifts which the newspapers sometimes print we should read, "The collection yielded $4,000,000." That would be nice. It is much easier to store and care for money than plate and glass! And money always fits and there is no such thing as an embarrassing duplication of dollars. —Life.

He Saved the Patent Office.

When in the war of 1812 the British, who had taken Washington, trained their guns upon the patent office, Dr. Thornton, throwing himself directly before the guns, cried:

"Are you Englishmen or Goths and Vandals? This is the patent office—a depository of the ingenuity and inventions of the American nation, in which the whole civilized world is interested. Would you destroy it? Then let the charge pass through my body."

And the building was spared. Twenty-four years afterward, however, it was destroyed by fire, together with everything in it.

The Harm of Damp Houses.

It is dangerous to health and even to life in a damp, moldy house or one built over a moldy cellar. Many years ago the London Lancet in an article on diphtheria traced the disease in certain cases to the presence of certain molds and fungoid growths which seemed to be breathed into the throat. Remember, one of the best disinfectants is lime. Moldy cloths, such as shoes and other articles that are unfit for use, should be destroyed at once.

Why He Applauded.

"Are you fond of music?" asked a stranger of the young man at the concert who was applauding vigorously after a pretty girl had sung a song in a very painful way.

"Not particularly," replied the young man frankly, "but I am extremely fond of the musician."

Out of Her Reach.

"Does your heart ever reach out for the unattainable?"

"No, but my hands do when my husband is not at home. There are three buttons at the back of my gown that I can't reach."

More Appropriate.

"I teach my parrot only short words."

"Do you? Now, I should think that parrots were better adapted to learning polysyllables."

Clyde Fitch's Joke.

"Clyde Fitch was an indefatigable worker," said an actor who has played in many of the Fitch comedies. "When he had a play on the stocks he would labor over it day and night, often scarcely pausing for his meals and getting very little sleep; consequently his health suffered. He would work until on the verge of a nervous breakdown, and then his physician would step in and force him to knock off.

"During one of these periods of enforced idleness he was lounging in the Players club one day when Harry B Smith, the prolific comic opera librettist, strolled in.

"'What are you doing now?' asked Smith.

"'I am in my doctor's hands,' replied Fitch. 'He tells me I'm in a bad way and has absolutely forbidden me to do any brain work.'

"'That's tough,' said Smith. 'How do you manage to put in the time?'

"'Oh, I'm writing the libretto of a musical comedy!' replied Fitch, with one of his cynical smiles."—New York Times.

Hair Monstrosities.

French theater managers in the eighteenth century had worse evils than picture hats to contend against. Marie Antoinette, who was short even according to French standards, set the fashion of high coiffures, and ultra-fashionable women prided themselves on measuring four feet from their chins to the tops of their heads. These structures took about six hours to erect, the hairdresser mounting a ladder in the process. Some coiffures were almost as broad as they were long, with wings sticking out about eight inches on each side of the head. For the "frigate" coiffure the hair was rippled in a huge pile to represent the waves of an angry sea and surmounted by a fully rigged ship. As a consequence of these monstrosities disturbances in theaters occurred almost daily until an ordinance was issued against the admission of women with high coiffures to the floor of the house. —Chicago News.

Yet He Meant Well.

Just as the train was leaving the Fifty-eighth street elevated station a man who had got off there hurried along the platform and spoke to a passenger sitting by an open window in the smoking car.

"Quick!" he cried. "Please hand me that package. I left it on the seat when I got out just now."

"Sure," said the passenger, picking up the bundle and tossing it out of the window.

"Thanks!"

"Hey, there! What are you doing that for?" demanded the wrathful, red faced man sitting next to him.

"Why, he"—

"You double dyed idiot, that package belonged to me! It was $15 worth of laces and ribbons I was taking home to my wife!"

Over the scene that followed let us draw a veil.—Chicago Tribune.

"All Things Come."

The magnate looked up impatiently from his work.

"Well, my good man," he snapped at the diffident rural person who stood twirling his rusty hat, "what can I do for you?"

"I guess ye don't remember me, Hank," faltered the caller. "But you an' me use ter go swimmin' together in th' ol' town. Then you got a job in th' bank, an' I got a job in th' grocery store."

"This is all very interesting, and I seem to remember your face. But come to the point—my time is valuable."

"Yes, Hank. You got a better offer and left the old village. I stayed plugging along in th' grocery store."

"Well, well?"

"Well, Hank, when you left you owed $73.62 on a grocery bill. Here's where you pay up!"—Cleveland Leader.

Perfumes In Ancient Days.

Old as the history of the world itself is that of the queen of flowers. The ancient Greeks and Romans reveled in roses. They were used lavishly at their feasts. In the time of the republic the people had their cups of Falernian wine swimming with blooms, and the Spartan soldiers after the battle of Cirrha refused to drink any wine that was not perfumed with roses, while at the regatta of Baiae the whole surface of the Lucrine lake was strewn with flowers.

Making a Lawn.

On his English tour an American was admiring the velvety smoothness of a certain sward, and, being possessed of land and an overpowering confidence that with money all things are possible, he asked the head gardener how to produce such a lawn. And the gardener said: "It's easy enough, sir. All you need do is to remove all the stones, plow up the ground, plant it with grass seed and roll it for 300 years."

Our Friends.

If we choose our friends for what they are, not for what they have, and if we deserve so great a blessing, then they will be always with us, preserved in absence and even after death, in the amber of memory.—Cicero.

Couldn't Talk.

De Style—You say that loving pair of deaf mutes were sitting in the parlor and didn't carry on a conversation? Gunbusta—They couldn't, for they were holding hands.—New York Press.

I never knew an early rising, hard working, prudent man, careful of his earnings and strictly honest, who complained of bad luck.—Addison.

His Athletic Neighbor.

A young man inmate of a boarding house had been disturbed night after night by the boarder in the next room doing things with a punching bag he'd rigged up in the room some way. At breakfast each morning the young man would look over the crowd and wonder who the bag puncher might be, but there was no one in sight but a bunch of women and eight or ten men with narrow chests and retreating chins. One night he made up his mind to knock on the bag punching roomer's door and ask him to put over his exercise until daylight when all the world's awake. The man might be small enough to bulldoze even with all his athletics. The door opened and there, clad in a tight fitting red jersey, was a robust, buxom woman of perhaps thirty summers.

"And what did you say to her?" the young man was asked.

"I was so startled," replied he, "that I asked what afterward seemed to me the most natural request I could have made. I asked her if she'd lend me a couple of matches."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Persistency of Colds.

Why is it that we are so heavily subject to colds? Other epidemic diseases—measles, typhoid, scarlet fever, diphtheria—may get hold on us once and there is an end; it is not usual to have any of them twice. We brew in our blood immunity. The poison of the disease evokes in us its proper antidote. Our blood cells make a sort of natural antitoxin and keep it in stock, so that we are henceforth protected against the disease. A well vaccinated nurse, for example, works with safety in a smallpox hospital, where the very air is infective, but her blood is so changed by vaccination that the smallpox cannot affect her. By scarlet fever, again, we are, as it were, vaccinated against scarlet fever. The reaction of our blood against the disease immunizes us. No such result follows influenza or a common cold. We brew nothing that is permanent. We are just as susceptible to a later invasion as we were to the invasion that is just over.—London Spectator.

The Festive Codfish.

A correspondent of the New York Post says that the codfish frequents "the tablelands of the sea." The codfish no doubt does this to secure as nearly as possible a dry, bracing atmosphere. This pure air of the submarine tablelands gives to the codfish that breadth of chest and depth of lungs that we have so often noticed. The glad, free smile of the codfish is largely attributed to the exhilaration of this oceanic altitoodleum. The correspondent further says that the "codfish subsists largely on the sea cherry." Those who have not had the pleasure of seeing the codfish climb the cherry tree in search of food or clubbing the fruit from the heavily laden branches with chunks of coral have missed a very fine sight. The codfish when at home rambling through the submarine forests does not wear his vest unbuttoned as he does while loafing around the grocery stores of the United States. —Bill Nye.

A High Priced Fricassee.

Lord Alvanley, a noted wit and high liver in England a hundred years or so ago, insisted on having an apple tart on his dinner table every day throughout the year. On one occasion he paid a caterer $1,000 for a luncheon put up in a basket that sufficed a small boating party going up the Thames. Being one of a dozen men dining together at a London club where each was required to produce his own dish, Alvanley's, as the most expensive, won him the advantage of being entertained free of cost. This benefit was gained at an expense of $540, that being the price of a simple fricassee composed entirely of the "noix," or small pieces at each side of the back, taken from thirteen kinds of birds, among them being 100 snipe, 40 woodcocks and 20 pheasants—in all about 300 birds.

Our Eccentric Phrases.

Why do we always talk of putting on a coat and vest? Who puts on a coat before a vest? We also say putting on shoes and stockings. Who puts on shoes before the stockings? We also put up signs telling people to wipe their feet when we mean their boots or shoes. And a father tells a boy he will warm his jacket when he means to warm his pantaloons. We are a little eccentric in our phrases at times.

An Odd Epitaph.

The following epitaph is to be found in a cemetery within seven miles of New York's city hall:

Reader, pass on; don't waste your time
O'er bad biography and bitter rhyme,
For what I am this crumbling clay insures,
And what I was is no affair of yours.

In the Game.

"I am in the hands of my friends," said the political sidestepper.

"Yes," replied the harsh critic, "and every time your friends look over their hands they seem impatient for a new deal."—Washington Star.

The Proper Tree.

Curious Charley—Do nuts grow on trees, father? Father—They do, my son. Curious Charley—Then what tree does the doughnut grow on? Father—The "pantree," my son.—Purple Cow.

Never Good.

Fogg—That's a bad cold you have, old man. Fenderson—Did you ever hear of a good cold, you idiot?—Boston Transcript.

A fool's heart is in his tongue, but a wise man's tongue is in his heart.—Quarles.

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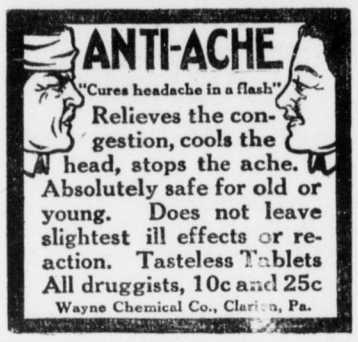

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When You "See Stars."

The man who when struck violently on the head says he "saw stars" is not far from telling the truth. The fact is that there is a phosphorescent power in the eye which does not attract a person's attention under ordinary conditions, but which is distributed and reveals itself whenever the head gets a sudden shock and sometimes even in the act of sneezing. A blow on the head results in a pressure of the blood vessels upon the retina, causing either total darkness or a faint blue light which floats before the eyes, and it is in this faint blue light the imagination discerns the thousands of fantastic forms and figures that by general acceptance are termed stars; hence, while the astronomical display so frequently mentioned may be said to be entirely a creature of the imagination, there is at least some foundation for the idea. The true nature of the sensation is never very apparent, even to the victim, for the simple reason that it is invariably experienced under circumstances which render a searching, introspective investigation out of the question.

An Odd Nugget of Gold.

There have been many large and oddly shaped gold nuggets found in the United States and elsewhere, but the oddest of them all was that discovered at the Midhas mine, on Sulky gully, near Melbourne, Australia, in 1887. The nugget was flat and almost the exact counterpart in contour of a colossal human hand held open, with the exception of the thumb and forefinger, which were closed together in a manner so as to make it appear that the thumb was holding the finger in place. Its greatest length was twelve and a half inches and its greatest breadth eight inches. It was of the very purest gold, with but a little of foreign substances adhering, mostly between the "fingers," and weighed 617 ounces. It was found in the northwest main drive of the Midhas mine, 120 feet below the surface of the earth and at a spot only fifty feet from where the famous Lady Brassey nugget was discovered the year before. It weighed fifty-one pounds of pure gold.

Mme. Rejane at Rehearsal.

Mme. Rejane at one of her rehearsals was endeavoring to impress upon a young actor the necessity of a tragic expression.

"Put yourself in his place," she said.

"But I have never been through such an experience," the other pleaded.

"Well, then," retorted the actress, "imagine you have lost 300 or 400 louis at baccarat and that you have been dismissed from the company."

His face fell.

"There you have it," said she. "Keep that expression and you will win."

For a young woman who could not weep to order she tried a heroic cure.

"Very well. I will take the part away from you. You are not pretty enough."

This had the desired effect, and the floodgates opened.

"Weep like that and you will be the hit of the piece," exclaimed Rejane triumphantly.—London M. A. P.

Balzac and Black Coffee.

Balzac was addicted to the use of strong black coffee and depended upon it as a nervous stimulant during the hours which he devoted to composition. Its effect he has himself described in these words:

"The coffee falls into your stomach. Immediately everything starts into action. Your ideas begin to move like Grand Army battalions on the battlefield, and the battle opens. Memories arrive at a run, standards flying; the light cavalry of comparisons breaks into a magnificent gallop; the artillery of logic dashes up and unlimbers; thoughts come rushing up as sharpshooters; characters spring up on all sides; the paper becomes covered with ink, for the struggle has begun and ends in torrents of black water like the battle in black powder."

Burns as a Tax Collector.

In the olden days candles were taxed articles, and it was the duty of Robert Burns as an excise officer to see that the tax was not evaded. He generally looked the other way, however, as when passing through the kitchen one night at William Lorimer's of Kennishall, where the gudewife was busy making candles, he merely remarked, "Faith, madam, ye're thrang the nicht," and passed into the parlor.—St. James' Gazette.

The Mountains Bother Them.

The British have had heaps of trouble in Siam to make the natives understand that the world is round instead of flat. Indeed, the native teachers keep on teaching the children that it is flat, and when argued with they reply, "If it isn't flat why do the mountains stand up as they do instead of rolling downhill?"

A Financier's Observation.

"He spends money like a prince," said the man who makes trite comparisons.

"Perhaps," replied Mr. Dustin Stax, "only most members of royal families I have met in my banking experience are more anxious to borrow money than to disburse it."—Washington Star.

A Paradox.

Little Willie—Say, pa, what is a paradox? Pa—Well, my son, a coal stove is one kind of paradox. It won't burn until it is put up; then it won't burn until it is shaken down.—Chicago News.

A Difference.

"I am told that Jones is a regular leech. Is that true?"

"No; I would hardly say that. A leech, you know, never gets stuck on himself."

The Ham Fair at Paris.

A feature of Parisian life is the ham fair which is held on the Boulevard Richard Le Noir. The name of this fair is wholly misleading, for as far as I have ever seen hams are the very last thing any one ever buys there. Old brass and copper curios, quaint jewelry, rare china, lace, tapestries and books are what most people go out to seek, and a sight not to be easily forgotten is the long, wide boulevard lined with ramshackle stalls laden with every possible kind of lumber and presided over by the most rapacious of brocanteurs. Out of piles of valueless lumber Americans and English diligently seek for their pet kind of curios, and there is not an artist in Paris who cannot point to some bit of furniture in his or her studio and say with pride: "I got that for 5 francs at the ham fair." No one ever pays more than 5 francs, I notice, but, alas, every year those five franc bargains are becoming more rare, and even as housekeeping in Paris grows more and more costly so does the furnishing of one's house to keep.—London Queen.

Only a Question of Possibility.

Among the customers of a tea store opened in the northwest part of the city the other night was a man who, after buying a pound of coffee, handed a counterfeit half dollar to the shopkeeper.

"This money is counterfeit; I'm sorry, sir," said the shopkeeper.

"Yes; I know it," replied the customer, grinning. "Got it here one day last week, and I've been saving it for you." Then, noting the smile upon the shopkeeper's face, the customer said, evidently offended, "Perhaps you doubt my word?"

"Oh, not at all, sir; not at all. I couldn't doubt the word of so truthful a man. I was simply smiling because I wondered how it was possible for you to have got the money here. This place was opened only night before last."

Thereupon the customer departed hastily after producing a good coin and slipping the counterfeit into his own pocket.—Philadelphia Times.

Lancashire Humor.

There was a Lancashire collier who went out on Sunday with his wheelbarrow because, as he said, "I've lost mi dog, an' a felly looks sich a foo' gooin' a-walkin' bi hisself."

Then there was the workingmen's club committee which wanted to indorse the accounts "audited and found correct and tuppence over" and the customer who, on being told that the price of candles had gone up owing to the war, asked whether they were "feightin' bi candle leet."

Also one recalls the laggard Lancashire lover who, when asked for a kiss, said he was "gooin' to do it in a bit," and the old ladies who praised a certain Darwin clergyman as "a grand burier," and of the orator who translated "Dieu et mon droit" into "Evil be to him what evil thinks!"—"Lancashire Life and Character," by Frank Ormerod.

Japan's Giant Wrestlers.

Japanese wrestlers are not to be confused with Japanese exponents of jiu jitsu. The wrestlers belong to the older school, in which weight is a paramount quality. It is a remarkable thing that a race which is on the average four or five inches under the European standard in point of height should have produced a special cult of wrestlers who are giants in stature and strength. The leading wrestlers of Tokyo or Osaka or Hiogo are all men at least six feet in height and weighing perhaps 300 pounds. They are a race apart. Wrestling is an occupation which has been handed down from father to son for many generations. And the explanation of their prowess is that they have always been meat eaters, while the rest of Japan, either from choice or necessity, have been in the main vegetarians.

Diamonds Under Water.

An imitation diamond is never so brilliant as a genuine stone. If your eye is not experienced enough to detect the difference, a very simple test is to place the stone under water. The imitation stone is practically extinguished, while a genuine diamond sparkles even under water and is distinctly visible. When possible, place a genuine stone beside the possible imitation under water, and the contrast will be apparent to the least experienced eyes.

Consistent Theory.

"Don't you believe the husband is the head of the house and should have the final say?"

"Certainly I do."

"Then why don't you come out in the open and say so?"

"Because my wife won't let me."—Exchange.

Well Trained.

Mrs. Boggs—Mr. Meekman is a splendid example of what a man ought to be. Mr. Boggs—Not at all. He's a splendid example of what a wife, two sisters, a grownup daughter and a mother-in-law think a man ought to be.

Reckless.

"Aw, come on!" the little boy was heard to remark. "Be a sport. I'll bet yer any amount o' money up to 5 cents."—Harper's.

True Happiness.

About the happiest man in the world should be he that, having a fad, is able to make a living at it.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The arrow that pierces the eagle's breast is often made of his own feathers.

THE CAMPHOR LANGUAGE.

Used In Johore Because of a Malay Superstition.

In Johore, on the Malay peninsula, there is employed one of the strangest languages in the world, used for a most curious purpose. This tongue is called Pantang Kapor or "camphor language," and is a medium employed by natives and others engaged in gathering the product of the Malayan camphor tree, but only when they are at work.

It is a superstition of these natives that should they use the language of the district, the Malay or the aboriginal Jakun, they would be unable to obtain their camphor.

The Malay natives firmly believe that each species of tree has a spirit or guardian angel that presides over its affairs, this spirit being known by the name of Bisan. This divinity's resting place is near the trees. Then, too, the spirit of the camphor tree is held to be extremely jealous of the precious gum, so that it becomes necessary to propitiate her, inasmuch as she would, should she learn that hunters were in quest of it, endeavor to interpose obstacles to their mission. Accordingly the natives speak in a tongue that the tree spirit may not understand. It was for this purpose that the mysterious "camphor language" was invented, and it consists of an odd mixture of Jakun and Malay words that have been curiously altered and reversed.—Harper's Weekly.

CRATER LAKES.

Mexico Has Some of the Most Perfect of These Peaceful Pools.

The mere words "crater lake" carry with them a charm and mystery that are akin to romance. But Mexico, with all her romance, has never given abroad any description of some of the most beautiful crater lakes in the world. Valle de Santiago, a little town of the state of Guanajuato, boasts four of the most perfect and beautiful of such lakes.

The village nestles among eleven craters, all formed in some past age by sudden explosions from the interior of the earth, explosions that blew out a great amount of earth, formed low cones and subsided without flow of lava or other demonstration than the single explosion. They are what are known to science as "explosion craters."

The calm restfulness of the crater lake is unlike anything in the world. One finds lakes and solitary pools in forests or mountain fastnesses, and the calm there is akin to witchery, but they are stirred sometimes by passing breezes, and the trees will wave above in the wind. But in a crater lake there is not a breath that will stir it, and even a stone cast into its bosom creates ripples that seem as though they would be swallowed ere they are born. Peace is a word without a meaning until one lies silent on the slope of such a crater, with such a lake at his feet.—Mexican Herald.

Bedouins and Water.

It is not unusual to hear a Bedouin upon reaching a camp where water is offered him refuse it with the remark, "I drank only yesterday." On the Bedouins' long marches across dry countries the size of the water skins is nicely calculated to just outlast the journey, and they rarely allow themselves to break the habit of abstemiousness, as this would be sure to make their next water fast all the harder. They are accustomed from infancy to regard water as a most precious commodity and use it with religious economy. They know every hollow and nook in the mountains where water may be found. Their camels and goats, which they take with them on their marches to supply them with milk and meat, live principally on the scanty herbage and foliage of the thorny mimosa. Neither men nor animals drink more than once in forty-eight hours. No wonder they can subsist where invaders quickly perish.

Mice That Subsist on Scorpions.

Among the queer forms of animal life that inhabit Death valley is a mouse that has acquired such a taste for scorpions that they form its entire bill of fare. The scorpion carries its formidable armament in the end of its slender, elongated abdomen in the shape of an exceedingly venomous hooked sting. When disturbed it elevates this in the air and goes in search of its disturber. But it is comparatively slow in its motions, while mice are proverbial for their quickness the world over. The mouse learned many generations ago where the scorpion carries its weapon, and when he meets it he leaps at the uplifted abdomen, takes off the sting at a single bite and proceeds to make a meal of his helpless prey. It is supposed to be the only animal that relishes scorpions.

A Point of Information.

"Gentlemen of the jury," said the judge, "if the evidence shows in your minds that pneumonia was the cause of the man's death the prisoner cannot be convicted."

An hour later a messenger came from the jury room.

"The gentlemen of the jury, my lord," he said, "desire information."

"On what point of evidence?"

"None, my lord. They want to know how to spell 'pneumonia.'"—London Answers.

His Last Words.

Detective (in search of clew)—Can you recall the last words your husband addressed to you before he went away? Deserted Wife—Yes. He said, "Marta, for heaven's sake do hush!"—Sheffield Union.

THE WORLD TONGUE.

Hardly a Land In Which English Is Not Now Heard.

The traveler of today, unless he is going to Tibet or Tierra del Fuego, can get along very well with a knowledge of the English language. The farther he goes the more he is surprised at finding that English is really "the" world tongue. In France and Spain and Italy the American traveler is craftily "spotted." He is approached on the streets by those who would for a consideration make him feel quite at home. One of his chief worries is to escape the pests who can speak English and who wish to apprise him of the fact. They may not necessarily desire to mulct him. Sometimes they are seeking merely to "show off." At any rate, they classify distinctly as bores. One may go to Smyrna or Constantinople or Beirut and still find the streets plentifully full of English speaking nuisances. At Jerusalem he will be fairly flooded with English. He may penetrate even to Damascus, and he will find at least a befezzed hall porter who can converse glibly with him and any number of fluently willing dragomans. He may go to Cairo, and in the shadow of the pyramids he will find blue gowned Bedouins speaking more than passable English. He may go hundreds of miles up the Nile and may be steered through the locks of the first cataract by frizzly haired Nubian boatmen who make insistent demands for backsheesh in very intelligible terms. He may wander donkey back to the tombs of the kings in the Sahara desert and be painfully disillusioned by a few words of concise information or explanation by some barefooted, dusky tent dweller.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

METEORIC DUST.

Bombards the Earth In an Invisible, Never Ending Shower.

Meteoric dust particles are infinitely finer than grains of sand. They have an interesting origin. Meteors or shooting stars have been bombarding the world from the beginning at a rate estimated at many thousands an hour, of which, however, an average of only five or six are visible to the naked eye in that time.

Owing to our protecting envelope of air few of these missiles reach us. In weight meteors vary from a few ounces to many pounds. Occasionally one is of sufficient dimensions to survive the passage of eighty to a hundred miles through an atmosphere increasing in density as the earth is approached.

The speed at which they enter the atmosphere, calculated at not less than thirty-five miles a second, generates such intense heat by friction that the iron, of which the meteor principally consists, is immediately reduced to an incandescent vapor, which is the luminous train so frequently seen in the heavens on a clear night. The vapor rapidly cools and condenses in the form of these minute particles, which assume the spherical form, as does shot during its fall from the top of the tower.

Finally the little spheres are scattered by the winds and currents in the upper air and gradually descend in their millions as an invisible, never ending shower. The perfect condition in which these meteors are found is due to the presence of certain noncorrosive elements found by analysis to be present in the metal of meteors which have come to earth.—Chicago Tribune.

A Clever French Captive.

A person who was supposed to be the French General Mouton, count de Lobau, was once captured by an English vessel, but after a time the captain discovered that his prisoner was the Count de Montrond. "Why did you deceive me?" he demanded angrily of the count. "I did not deceive you," replied Montrond; "not at all. You thought I was General Mouton. You told me so. You have a fifty gun frigate. Was it for me, who have only a pocket pistol, to contradict you?"

The captain did not forgive Montrond and took every opportunity to treat him rudely. One evening at dinner some one proposed the health of the French. As Montrond rose to acknowledge it the captain cried: "They are all cowards! I make no exceptions!" When Montrond's turn came he gave this sentiment, "The English—they are all gentlemen, but I make exceptions."

Bay Rum.

Bay rum is manufactured from the dried leaves of Pimento acris. Bay rum is procured by distillation, and this in a very simple manner. The leaves are picked from the trees and then dried. In this state they are placed in the retort, which is then filled with water, and the process of distillation is carried on. The vapor is then condensed in the usual way and forms what is known as "bay oil," a very small quantity of which is required for each puncheon of rum.

He Cited the River.

Indignant Wife—You talk about having "meandered all over the neighborhood" while you were waiting for your breakfast. You haven't been out of your bed! Husband (half awake)—Well, didn't you ever see a river meander without getting out of its bed?—Chicago Tribune.

Turning the Tables.

He (after a quarrel, bitterly)—I was a fool when I married you. She—I knew it, but I thought you would improve.—Exchange.

People who fish for compliments do not need long lines. They will get their best bites in shallow water.

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OPPOSITE ST. CHARLES HOTEL

East Emporium, Pa.

The Alert Man.

"Calmness is a fine trait," said Mr. Blithly, "but does it always get there? You take the case of two men standing up in a car holding on to straps, both the same age, but one of them quiet and the other quick, and now let the man they are standing in front of get up to leave the car at a station, and suppose these two men are both at exactly the same distance from the seat, each with the same chance as the other for seizing it, which would get that seat? Would it be the calm, cool man who moved deliberately and always with some thought for others, or would it be the ever alert man, quick to move and always on the lookout, not caring a continental for what anybody thinks and always ready to jump in any seat he can nab? Why, while the calm man is thinking it over about what he shall do and beginning to turn that way the alert man is in the seat. I certainly do admire the calm, tranquil man and his good manners, but it is the man ever on the alert that gets the seat in the car—and other things."—New York Sun.

The Back of a Glove.

The meaning of the three marks on the back of a glove and the clocks on a stocking were two of the little mysteries of dress explained at a lecture on clothes in London. The lecturer said that the three marks on the back of a glove correspond to the fourchette pieces between the fingers, and in olden days these pieces were continued along the back of the hand, braid being used to conceal the seams. A somewhat similar origin was assigned to the ornamental clock on the stocking. In the days when stockings were made of cloth the seams came where the clocks do now, the ornamentation then being used to hide the seams. The useless little bow in the leather band lining a man's hat is a survival of the time when a hat was made by taking a piece of leather, boring two holes through it and drawing it up with a piece of string.

Fashions In Borneo.

According to the rules of Borneoan fashion it is deemed necessary to mold one's limbs into a more shapely form than that bestowed by nature. This is done really effectively by winding strong brass wire round the ankles, the wrists, under the knees and above the elbows of children. Growth at these points is, in consequence, greatly hampered, with the result that the limbs come to be deformed or, according to Dyak ideas, brought into proper shape. The headdress consists of a curious headwork cap, and around his neck a bridegroom to be wears bangles of plaited fiber and strings of cowrie shells. These shells, by the way, as in other parts of the world, are used as currency. A yard of fiber or twenty to thirty cowrie shells represent the value of a penny. The white armlets are made of another species of shells. —Wide World Magazine.

What a Toad Enjoys.

There are few things more amusing than to watch a toad submitting to the operations of a back scratching. He will at first look somewhat suspiciously at the twig which you are advancing toward him, but after two or three passes down his back his manner undergoes a marked change, his eyes close with an expression of infinite rapture, he plants his feet wider apart, and his body swells out to nearly double its ordinary size, as if to obtain by these means more room for enjoyment. Thus he will remain until you make some sudden movement which startles him or until he has had as much petting as he wants, when, with a puff of regretful delight, he will reduce himself to his usual dimensions and hop away, bent once more on the pleasures of the chase.

In Hearing.

They stood upon the crest of the mountain and gazed off through the purple distances.

"Darling," he whispered, bending closer, "give me a kiss—just one!"

"No, Clarence," she answered timidly; "some one will hear us. There may be other ears around."

"Other ears! Why should you think so, dearest?"

"Oh, because I have so often heard of mountaineers I thought perhaps there might be some around, and"—

But just then there was a mighty crash. A mountain goat had heard the awful pun and jumped over the cliff.—London Tatler.

Making Money Two Ways.

Our five cent pieces, of course, are merely tokens, deriving their purchasing power from the fiat of the treasury. The metal blanks for them cost only about 14 cents a hundred. When the expense of stamping the designs upon them is added they come to something like $3,510 a million—that is to say, for this amount the government produces $50,000 worth of nickels, making a clear profit of $46,490 on the transaction.—Saturday Evening Post.

Not Surprised.

Real Estate Agent—I tell you, sir, the death rate in this suburb is lower than in any other part of the county. Near Victim—I believe you. I wouldn't be found dead here myself.—Chicago Journal.

Not Much.

She—Well, I hope you are going to write a letter to the man who insulted you. He (an actor)—What, make him a present of my autograph? Not much. —Pele Mele.

Whatver disgrace we have merited, it is almost always in our power to reestablish our reputation.—La Rochefoucauld.

The Light of the Stars.

Various endeavors have been made to estimate the light of the stars. In the northern hemisphere Argelander has registered 324,000 stars down to the nine and a half magnitude, and with the aid of the best photometric data Agnes M. Clerk's "System of the Stars" gives the sum of the light of these northern stars as equivalent to 1-440 of full moonlight, while the total light of all stars similarly enumerated in both hemispheres, to the number of about 900,000, is roughly placed at 1-180 of the lunar brightness. The scattered light of still fainter celestial bodies is difficult to compute. By a photographic method Sir William Abbey rated the total starlight of both hemispheres at 1-100 of full moonlight, and Professor Newcomb from visual observations of all stars at just 728 times that of Capella, or 1-89 of the light of the full moon.

It is not certain, however, that the sky would be totally dark if all stars were blotted out. Certain processes make the upper atmosphere strongly luminous at times, and we cannot be sure that this light would be totally absent.—Harper's Weekly.

A Dutch Fishing Fleet.

If the traveler wants to get a real glimpse of picturesque Holland, a glimpse which shall long be a happy memory, let him journey to the old fishing village of Scheveningen, not far from The Hague. Its fishing fleet is an imposing one and is best seen at night, when the boats are drawn up on the beach. Each has a number, and these are painted on the sides in such large figures that they can be read at a considerable distance. At night when the fishermen begin to come to land the women of the village walk down to the beach with their knitting in their hands to meet them. They wear their wooden shoes, some of which are made to look especially clean by an application of whiting, and they make a merry clatter as they go. Industry is characteristic of the women of Holland in all walks of life. They must always be at work of some kind, and it would seem as if more knitting needles must be used in Holland than in any other country in the world.—E. J. Farrington in Interior.

The Old Time English School.

Until comparatively recent times public school boys in England had many hardships to endure. As late as 1834 a writer who spoke from experience said that "the inmates of a workhouse or a jail were better fed and lodged than the scholars of Eton." Boys whose parents could not pay for a private room underwent privations that might have broken down a cabin boy and would be thought inhuman if inflicted on a galley slave.

"They rose at 5, winter and summer, and breakfasted four hours later, the interval being devoted to study, after they had swept their rooms and made their beds. The only washing accommodation was a pump. The diet consisted of an endless round of mutton, potatoes and beer, none of them too plentiful or too good.

"To be starved," says this writer, "frozen and flogged—such was the daily life of the scions of England's noblest families."

A Losing Game.

"By having a record kept at the cashier's desk of pay checks which patrons fail to turn in I sometimes make up my losses," said the proprietor of a large restaurant. "Today a man got a check for 65 cents. To the cashier he presented one for 25 cents. The latter, glancing at his missing check card, discovered that it was one of the listed ones. Detaining the man, he notified me. After being confronted with the waiter the beat wanted to pay both checks. I ordered a policeman summoned. The man's pleading led me to show him the list of missing checks, which amounted to something like $80, saying that I didn't know but that he was the cause of them all. He offered to pay the lot if the matter would be dropped, and this proposition I accepted."—New York Sun.

Couldn't Forget It.

"Saturday night some miscreant lugged off a whole cord of my wood, and somehow I can't forget about it," declared Silas.

"Have you tried to forget it?" inquired his friend.

"Yes. Sunday morning I went to church, hoping I could get it off my mind, and before I had been there five minutes the choir started in singing 'The Lost Chord,' so I got out."—Judge.

Reckless Gambling.

"I'm afraid my husband is developing the gambling instinct," sobbed the bride.

"What's the matter, dear? Has he been playing poker?"

"No, but yesterday he offered to match pennies with Brother Frank to determine which one should pay the car fare."—Detroit Free Press.

Getting Down to Business.

Mistress (to new servant)—There are two things, Mary, about which I am very particular. They are truthfulness and obedience. Mary—Yes'm, and when you tell me to say you're not in when a person calls that you don't wish to see which is it to be, mum—truthfulness or obedience?

Defined.

Precocious Child—Papa, tell me what is humbug? Parent (with a deep drawn sigh)—It is, my dear, when your mamma pretends to be very fond of me and puts no buttons on my shirt.

He who loves goodness harbors angels.—Emerson.

The Talkative Barber.

"The talkativeness of barbers long has been the subject for puns and jokes," said a barber. "I had always fancied the matter one of recent origin until the other day. You know in my profession we have a great deal of spare time. Well, the other day I was sitting on the bench waiting for the shaves and hair cuts to come in and to while away the time was glancing through a copy of Plutarch's 'Archelaus.' Imagine my consternation when I happened on a line reading:

"'A prating barber asked Archelaus how he would be trimmed. He answered, "In silence."'

"Well, that got me. I never knew they even had barbers that long ago. I always supposed the ancients let their whiskers grow and that they wore curly locks as long as their togas, but it seems that the barber is an ancient relic and that his talking proclivities are a matter of history. I'll have to give it to the humorists there.

"But, say," he whispered, "that manicure girl over there has got us beat to a frazzle. I wonder if there's anything in Plutarch about her."—Kansas City Star.

The Sunny Side of Superstition.

That there is anything genial, cheering or therapeutically valuable about superstition may seem a tall statement. The adjective generally associated with it is "dark." On the contrary, there is something very brightening about a four leaf clover. Who is not a little more of an optimist for picking up a horseshoe? What lonely farmer's wife, stormbound on a winter afternoon, with unwelcome leisure on her hands, but feels a little quickening of the pulse as she drops her scissors and beholds them sticking up in the carpet or discovers that she has laid an extra place at the table? Company signs are the commonest and welcomed of all superstitions. The scissors, the needle, the dishcloth, the fork, the Saturday sneeze, all inculcate hospitality and reward it by an unexpected visitor. If the needle slants as it stands up in the crack of the floor it foretells a gentleman. Run, young daughters of the house, and put a blue bow in your hair!—Atlantic Monthly.

Working It Out.

The following note was delivered to a schoolmistress recently:

"Dear Mum—I am sorry that Johnny won't be able to come to school today. He has gone with his father to act as timekeeper. The sum you gave Johnny last night was, 'If the road is one and a quarter miles long how long will it take a man to walk that distance twenty-six and a half times, his average rate of progress being three and three-quarter miles per hour?' Johnny ain't a man yet, so as dad's the only man in this house he had to go. They started at 4 o'clock this morning, and dad said he'd finish the sum in one day if he could manage it, though it would mean hard going. Dear mum, next time you want any information please make it 'woman,' then I can do the sum and dad can go to his work."—London Scraps.

A Custom of the Balkans.

He or she who enters a house for the first time is supposed in the Balkan countries to bring it good or bad luck for the whole twelvemonth. This belief gives rise to a curious observance. The visitor before crossing the threshold picks up a stone (token of strength) or a green twig (emblem of health and fruitfulness) and lays it on the hearth. He also brings with him some grains of salt, which he casts into the flames, and then, squatting by the fireside, wishes his hosts "a prosperous year, a plentiful crop and many blessings." Then as the grains of salt burst and crackle in the fire he utters the following quaint formula: "As I am sitting, even so may sit the hen and warm the eggs. As this salt splits, even so may split the eggs of the clucking hen and the chickens come forth."

Reptiles' Eggs.

Reptiles' eggs are not very attractive objects. In the case of crocodiles and many kinds of tortoises they are pale colored or white and resemble those of birds in shape. But the egg of the gopher tortoise is remarkable for its complete roundness. It might well be mistaken for a golf ball. Many snakes' eggs are soft skinned, brown as to color and look for all the world like a number of new potatoes.—Scientific American.

Enthusiasm.

The organist sent a little boy to inquire of the minister what the first hymn would be. "Tell her," said the minister, "I would like 'Carol, Brothers, Carol.'"

The little boy thought he said "Howl, Brothers, Howl," and told the organist that the minister's selection was "Yell, Brothers, Yell."—New York Times.

Runs In the Family.

Mr. Agile (to Mr. Stoutman, running for a car)—Hello, old boy! I thought you were too lazy to run like that. Mr. Stoutman (languidly)—Easily explained, my dear boy. Laziness runs in our family.—Lippincott's.

Suspended Animation.

"What is suspended animation?"

"It's what happens at an afternoon tea when the very woman they have been talking about enters the room."—Puck.

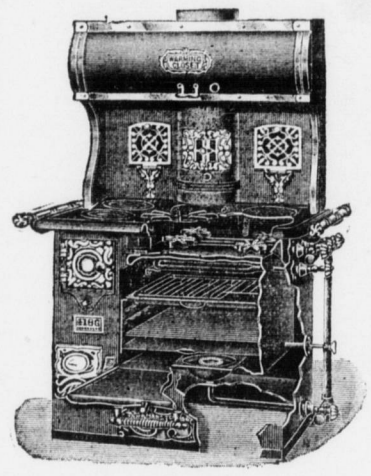
Cramped.

Knicker—How large is their suburban place? Bocker—Large! Why, they have to have folding beds for the flowers.—New York Sun.

Bless the fools! What would we do if every one were wise?—Antrim.

Save Gas Bills

While we have numerous COOKING, HEATING and PARLOR STOVES in our large stock, comprising the finest makes, at most reasonable prices, we constantly add the latest and most improved. We carry the largest line in Cameron county. Our latest favorite is



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Combined Coal and Gas Ranges are adaptable to either coal, wood, natural or artificial gas.

THIS RANGE is of the celebrated Ohio quality, made to withstand the most severe usage, for either coal or gas.

FIREBOX has regular heavy cast iron linings, is never disturbed, ready for use at all times.

BODY OF RANGE is heavy Wellsville steel, lined with ½ inch millboard asbestos.

OVEN of Range is full size 18-inch.

BROILER BURNER, loop design, heavy cast iron, cored and drilled.

ONE-HALF MINUTE required to change this Range from gas to coal or vice-versa.

TO CHANGE from gas to coal lift out top burners, close slides at top burner openings, close front slide-draft, pull out cast iron false oven bottom, remove cover from same and place it into cover hole in reguiar bottom.

WATERFRONT-CAST Malleable, can be supplied in firebox for coal if desired.

TOP BURNERS are the well known star drilled variety, are removable, no bolts, simply lift out.

LARGE ROUND DRILLED OVEN BURNER is not removable, always ready for use. Has improved pilot light.

BOWL SHAPED FLUE, containing oven burner, has opening at bottom, giving required air supply for perfect combustion.

DAMPER in closet pipe open for coal, close for gas.

BROIL WITH COAL, raise front two section, adjust swing brackets, attached at side of warming-closet.

OVEN THERMOMETER on every combined Coal and Gas Range.

ODORHOOD WARMING CLOSET draws heat and fumes from top cooking surface to flue.

EVERY RANGE GUARANTEED A PERFECT BAKER AND COOKER

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Never has our establishment been better able to meet the demands of the trade than at present. We have the largest and most complete line of everything that should be found in a first-class Hardware store. Drop in and see us—no harm done if you do not purchase.

F. V. HEILMAN & CO.

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Canned goods, strictly pure, conforming with the pure food law, consisting of Tomatoes, Peaches, Pears, Succotash and Corn, Corned and Dried Beef, Veal Loaf, Salmon, Sardines in oil and mustard, Pickles by the keg or in bottles, all kinds of Fish, by the piece or pail, Hams, Bacon and Salt Pork, or anything you desire in the Grocery line; also Hay, Feed, Oats, Straw and Flour.

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Our stock of Underwear is complete. National Wool, Fleece lined and Ballbrigan Shirts and Drawers which cannot be surpassed in price or durability. Our line of Overalls, Over Jackets, Pants, Work and Dress Shirts, Wool and Cotton Socks, Gloves and Mitts, will surprise you in price and quality.

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Men and Boys' work and dress Shoes, Ladies and Children's shoes, Complete line and all sizes. Rubbers of allkind for Ladies, Children and Lumbermen's.

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Cannot be surpassed in this line. Have everything from a darning needle to a sewing machine. Our line of Embroideries and Insertions are complete. Come look our stock over and be convinced.

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Axes, Shovels, Hinges, Hammers, Hatchets, all kinds and sizes of Nails and Spikes. Our Tinware, etc., consists of Boilers, Milk Pans, Tin Cups, Wash Basins. Full stock of Lumberman's Supplies, Lever Stocks, Neck Yokes, Axe and Pick Handles, Spuds, Mauls, Grabs, etc.

We appreciate all orders and shall endeavor to give our immediate and prompt attention and give you as good service and as reliable goods in the future as we have in the past. Phone orders receive our prompt attention

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LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and GOLD metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years regarded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.

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By th square or job. As to my work manship, I refer, by permission, to the work recently completed for the Hon. B. W. Green.

GEORGE A. WRIGHT.

Get My Prices Before You Use Shingles

Save Your Wife

By buying a REX WASHER, the King of Washers, the washer with the HIGH SPEED FLY WHEEL AND FAST REVOLVING DASHER. Any child can work it. Stop in and look at it.

We also have a full line ot

Mantles, Globes, Burners, Chandeliers and Light Hardware.

And if it is Plumbing, Heating or Tinning, call on us.

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Broad St., Emporium, Pa.

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Tabourettes.

The Set to Set Before You

Is waiting for you in the shape of a nice set of crockery. We are now showing a splendid stock of good sound Crockery, every single piece warranted free from fault or blemish. The finest assortment in the county at reasonable prices.

Undertaking

Geo. J. LaBar

Party's Fate on One Vote.

Instances are common enough in elections when a single vote turns the scale but for that vote to decide not only the fate of a candidate, but of a party as well, is rare. Yet a majority of one in parliament, which may logically depend on a majority of one in the country, has worked some of the most momentous results possible. The classical example is the act of union of 1799, certainly among the largest, most important and most remarkable changes ever accomplished by a legislative body. One hundred and six voted for it and 105 against. Then a majority of one carried the great reform bill in 1832.

Majorities only a little bigger have again and again been responsible for farreaching consequences. A majority of five threw out the Melbourne government in 1839. By the same figure Lord John Russell's government was defeated in 1836. Gladstone went out of office in 1873 because he lacked three votes, and the public education act, one of the most important ever passed, was placed on the statute book by a majority of two.—London Chronicle.

Wild Dogs of Asia.

The whole tribe of wild dogs, which in closely allied forms are to be found in the wildest jungles and woods of Asia, from the Himalayas to Ceylon and from China to the Taurus—unless the "golden wolves" of the Roman empire are now extinct in the forests of Asia Minor—show an individual and corporate courage which entitles them to a high place among the most daring of wild creatures. The "red dogs," to give them their most characteristic name, are neither large in size nor do they assemble in large packs. Those which have been from time to time measured and described seem to average some three feet in length from the nose to the root of the tail. The pack seldom numbers more than nine or ten, yet there is sufficient evidence that they are willing and able to destroy any creature that inhabits the jungle, except the adult elephant and perhaps the rhinoceros, creatures whose great size and leathery hide make them almost invulnerable to such enemies as dogs.—London Spectator.

London's Big Ben.

Why is the large bell in the tower of the house of parliament in London called Big Ben? The average Londoner himself seems to have no idea how it got its name. When the building was designed Sir Benjamin Hall had a great deal to do with carrying out the plans of the architects, being high commissioner of public works, and his coworkers appreciated the fact that to him the city of London was largely indebted. So when the question came up in parliament as to the name of the enormous bell that was to be hung in the tower a member shouted, "Why not call it Big Ben?" This suggestion was received with much applause as well as with roars of laughter, for Sir Benjamin was an enormous man, both in height and girth, and had often been called Big Ben. From that day on the bell whose peal every Londoner knows has been known only as Big Ben.—Harper's Weekly.

Mighty In Titles.

The ruler of Turkey, in addition to the titles sultan and kha-khan (high prince and lord of lords), also claims sovereignty over most districts, towns, cities and states in the orient, specifying each by name and setting out in each of his various titles "all the forts, citadels, purlieus and neighborhood thereof" in regular legal form. His official designation ends, "Sovereign also of diverse nations, states, peoples and races on the face of the earth." All this is in addition to his high position as "head of the faithful" and "supreme lord of all the followers of the prophet," "direct and only lieutenant on earth of Mohammed."

The Great Eastern.

The dimensions of the one time world famous Great Eastern were as follows: Length, 692 feet; width, 83 feet; depth, 60 feet; tonnage, 24,000 tons; draft when unloaded, 20 feet; when loaded, 30 feet. She had paddle wheels fifty-six feet in diameter and was also provided with a four bladed screw propeller of twenty-four feet diameter. She had accommodations for 800 first class, 2,000 second class and 1,200 third class passengers, 4,000 in all. Her speed was about eighteen miles an hour. The Great Eastern was finally broken up for old iron in the year 1889 after a checkered career of some thirty-one years.

Fair, but Stormy.

A gentleman boarded the Karori car at Kelburne avenue. Recognizing a friend on one of the seats, he nodded pleasantly and then said, "Well, what do you think of the weather?"

"Oh, horrible!" was the reply.

"And how is your wife today?"

"She's just about the same, thank you!"—New Zealand Free Lance.

No Ear For Music.

"How do you like the music, Mr. Judkins?" said Miss Parsons.

"I'm sorry, but I have no ear for music," he answered.

"No," put in Mr. Jasper. "He uses his for a pen rack."

An Even Score.

"What is your objection to him, papa?"

"Why, the fellow can't make enough money to support you."

"But neither can you."

No Use For Theory.

Wigwag—It is a pet theory of mine that two can live as cheaply as one. Youngpop—Huh! It's plain to be seen you were never the father of twins.—Philadelphia Record.

Home Course In Poultry Keeping

V. — The Raising of Chickens.

By MILO M. HASTINGS,

Formerly Poultryman at Kansas Experiment Station, Commercial Poultry Expert of the United States Department of Agriculture, Author of "The Dollar Hen."

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MOST of the arguments concerning natural versus artificial incubation will apply to the question of using hens or brooders for rearing. The statement is generally made that the hen is the best mother. Recently doubt has been thrown upon this claim, however, for many experimenters seem to have demonstrated that the discredit that formerly fell upon the brooder is due to the fact that incubator hatched

KANSAS EXPERIMENT STATION BROODER.

chicks are not normal and hence not as livable as hen hatched chicks.

This loss of wee chicks is the most discouraging part of the poultry business. If this loss is much greater than 15 or 20 per cent there is something radically wrong somewhere, and the mistake must be found and rectified or failure is inevitable.

Coops For Chicks.

The coops provided for hens with chicks should be one of the most carefully constructed features of the poultryman's equipment. First of all, they must be rat tight and rain proof, but not air tight. They must also be easily cleaned. These points are best obtained by building a platform and setting upon it a floorless coop. The shape of the coop is not important, but it should have an open front protected by a projecting hood, so the rain cannot beat in, and covered with wire netting or in cool weather netting cloth. The coop itself if built of cheap lumber must be covered with roofing paper.

From twenty to forty chicks may be placed with each hen, the number depending upon the severity of the weather. The greatest source of the loss of chicks with hens is from the hungry hen leading the little ones around in the wet grass after rain or heavy dew. The best way to overcome this loss is to keep the hen shut in, opening the coop sufficiently for the chicks to come out and exercise. The hen if provided with corn and water within reach need not be given her liberty for several days after the chicks are hatched and should be shut in for several weeks when the grass is wet.

Brooders for chicks have until within the last few years been heated with kerosene lamps. Lately a great fad has arisen in poultrydom for fireless brooders. These fireless brooders are simply boxes arranged for slow ventilation. The chicks are kept warm by hovering under a cloth arranged in such a fashion as to represent the feathered body of the mother hen. Chicks can be raised in fireless brooders, and in warm climates the method is all right. In the colder seasons and climates, however, fireless brooders have not been found practical by the majority of poultrymen.

Lamp Brooders Best.

Lamp brooders holding from 50 to 100 chicks have been successfully used for many years and are considered the best means yet devised for handling young chicks on a large scale. Steam or hot water heated brooder houses have never proved very successful, and as they are expensive, to start with, I should advise the poultryman to be very sure he knows what he is doing before investing money in a plant of this kind.

The brooder should be large, having not less than nine square feet of floor space. The greatest trouble with brooders in operation is the uncertainty of the lamp. The brooder lamp should have sufficient oil capacity and a large wick. Brooder lamps are often exposed to the wind, and if cheaply constructed or poorly inclosed the result will be a chilled brood of chicks or perhaps a fire.

In a lamp heated brooder one must see that the heat is provided in such a way that the chicks in attempting to get warm will not crowd in corners and trample each other to death. The best brooder heater or hover consists of a tin drum, inside of which circulates the hot fumes from the lamp. Beneath this drum the chicks hover. The best form for the heating drum is a disk with a hole in the center, something on the order of a doughnut. This hole in the center acts as a ventilating flue and causes a gradual circulation of warm air to pass up through the center and down over the sides of the heating drum, thus keeping the chicks uniformly warm and at the same time providing them with fresh air.

The exact temperature of the brooder is of no particular consequence. The warmest part of it should always be just a little too warm so that the chick may go toward or from the heat, as it pleases. The comfortable chick sleeps squatting down with its head stretched out. If cold it stands up in an effort to get near the heat which is above it. These attitudes of the chicks are by far the best thermometer for the brooder.

The arrangement of the brooder for the sleeping accommodations of the chicks is important, but this is not the only thing to be considered in a brooder. The brooder used in the early season, and especially the outdoor brooder, must have ample space provided for the daytime accommodation of the chick. This part of the brooder must be well lighted and somewhat cooler than the hover. As soon as conditions will permit get the chickens out on a large floor or, better still, on the ground. Keep the chicks scratching in daylight and sleeping stretched out at night, and the most difficult problem of poultry raising has been solved.

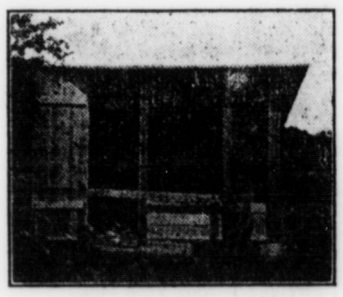
Feeding Chicks.

Little chicks should not be fed for forty-eight to seventy-two hours after hatching. Nature has provided for their nourishment during this period, and people who worry about them starving are wasting pity. Another error made by kind hearted people is in thinking the chick needs bread and milk, hard boiled egg yolk or some other soft food or wet food. On the contrary, the chick should be given the same class of food that it would get if it first saw daylight in its native Indian jungle.

The natural diet consists of seeds, insects and fresh sprigs of grass. This we must duplicate the best we can. A chick may be first fed any grains that chickens eat in later life if the particles are small enough for the chick to swallow, and they do not need to be so small, either, for newly hatched chicks can swallow Kaffir corn or whole wheat. Hulled oats and millet are two of the choicest grain foods for young chicks. Wheat, cracked corn and Kaffir corn are staple poultry food.

Feed small quantities and as often as is convenient. If the food is buried in a deep litter they must work longer getting it out. The idea is to have them always hungry enough to hunt for food and always a little food for them to find. If the chicks are at liberty feeding often is not so important. Three times a day would be sufficient, while if they roam far in the fields, finding much food, morning and evening feeding is all that is necessary.

It is highly important that the young chicks be given a little meat food in some form. Commercial beef scrap, to be had at the feed store, is the best meat food for any sort of poultry. For chicks hatched in the spring of the year and allowed to range outdoors no special provision for green food need be made. If hatched in the winter it is highly important that this be provided in some form. There is nothing better for winter green food than kale, which if planted the season before will keep green all winter in almost any climate. Early lettuce and



FRESH AIR COLONY HOUSE.

other greens may be planted by those who are engaged in chick growing in a small way, but a cheaper and more feasible way is to sprout oats. Oats are sprouted by being soaked in warm water and allowed to remain in a warm place for several days. They are ready for feeding when the sprouts are two or three inches long and are devoured greedily by chicks of all ages. This absurdly simple idea has been extensively sold as a get-rich-quick poultry scheme.

Young chicks should be provided with grit of some sort. Special care is necessary to keep fresh water before them at all times. The water dish in the brooder ought to be partitioned off in such a way that chicks can reach their heads only to the water dish; otherwise they will get themselves wet. The customary chick watering fountain is made by inverting a bottle or can in a shallow basin so that the water will run out as the chicks require.

It is especially desirable that all young growing poultry be given free range, as there is no time in the life of an animal when exercise and liberty are so essential as during the growing period. Chicks from the age of four weeks to six months are very easily taken care of, as practically the only loss during this period occurs from the depredation of thieves, human or animal. If good rat tight coops are provided which are closed at night and fresh water, grit and hoppers of beef scrap and cracked corn are kept before the chickens at all times they will thrive upon the ranch and need little care.

Puzzled the Packer.

The first organized work of women in a relief corps was led by Florence Nightingale in the Crimean war of 1855. So unaccustomed were people to that service at the time that it called out some curious comment. Writing of "Chinese" Gordon, Dr. Butler tells in his book, "Ten Great and Good Men," how the boys at Cambridge met the call upon them for hospital stores.

One day a letter came suddenly from the war office telling us that any warm clothes for the invalids at Scutari would be prized by Miss Florence Nightingale. At once in every college a committee was extemporized of leading undergraduates, charged to collect presents of flannel jackets, trousers, "blazers," rugs, greatcoats, furs, even sealskins.

In a few hours box after box was filled with these treasures, and all the boxes were kindly and gratuitously packed for us by the leading upholsterer of the town, his foreman simply remarking to me in a tone which General Gordon would have enjoyed:

"A nice consignment for a lady, sir."

Cause of Twilight.

Twilight is a phenomenon caused by atmospheric refraction. When the sun gets below the horizon we are not immediately plunged into the darkness of night. Although the sun is below our horizon, rays of solar light are bent or refracted by the terrestrial atmosphere and continue to furnish some slight illumination. The process continues with diminishing intensity until the sun is so far below the horizon that the refracting power of the atmosphere is no longer able to bend the rays enough to produce a visible effect. The time after sunset that the sun reaches such a position varies with the latitude of the place. There is less twilight at the tropic zone than at the temperate or frigid zone. This is due to less time taken by the sun's rays to pass through the atmosphere, at the tropic zone the sun's rays being perpendicular and at the temperate and frigid zones oblique.—New York American.

With a Grain of Salt.

The earliest record of the saying "with a grain of salt" dates back to the year 63 B. C., when the great Pompey entered the palace of Mithridates and discovered among his private papers the description of an antidote against poisons of all sorts, which was composed of pounded herbs. These, according to the recipe, were to be taken with a grain of salt. Whether this was meant seriously or as a warning sarcasm is not known, but thenceforth it became the custom to say that doubtful preparations should be taken with a grain of salt. From this the meaning got transferred to sayings of doubtful truth. "Attic salt" was a Greek synonym for wit or penetration, and the Latin word "sal" had somewhat of the same meaning. It is thus easy to see how the saying "cum grano salis" could have come to mean the necessity of accepting doubtful or suspicious statements "with a grain of salt."

Molokai and the Lepers.

The general idea of the leper settlement on the island of Molokai is wrong, says a writer in Harpers Weekly. Instead of the entire island being used for the leper colony the settlement comprises only eight square miles out of a total area of 261 square miles. It occupies a tongue of land on the northern side of Molokai. The north, east and west shores of this tiny spit are washed by the Pacific, while on the south side rise precipitous cliffs of from 1,800 to 4,000 feet, which make the isolation seem even more hopeless than the beautiful deep blue waters of the sea ever could. The most difficult and dangerous trail, constantly manned by government guards, foils escape, if it were ever contemplated, by the land side.

Stupid Husband of a Noted Singer.

Catalani's husband, a handsome Frenchman, was even more unintellectual than his wife—he was stupid. Once, having found the pitch of the piano too high, she said after the rehearsal to her husband: "The piano is too high. Will you see that it is made lower before the concert?" When the evening came Catalani was annoyed to find that the piano had not been altered. Her husband sent for the carpenter, who declared that he had sawed off two inches from each leg, as he had been ordered to do. "Surely it can't be too high now, my dear," said the stupid husband soothingly.

Through the Cracks.

When the celebrated divine Edward Irving was on a preaching tour in Scotland two Dumfries men of decided opinions went to hear him. When they left the hall one said to the other:

"Well, Willie, what do you think?"

"Oh," said the other contemptuously, "the man's cracked!"

The first speaker laid a quiet hand on his shoulder.

"Will," said he, "you'll often see a light peeping through a crack."

A Poor Player.

Griggs—So you got home from the club at midnight. Well, I suppose you told wifie you had to work late at the office. Played upon her sympathies, eh? Briggs—Well—er—yes, but either her sympathies were out of tune or I'm a darned poor instrumentalist.—Boston Transcript.

Good and Sufficient Reason.

Editor—But, my good fellow, why do you bring this poem to me? Impecunious One—Well, sir, because I hadn't a stamp, sir.—London Tatler.

Opportunity seldom comes with a letter of introduction.

THE MASTER SUN.

Sirius, the Dog Star, May Be the Center of Attraction.

Astronomers once believed that the entire starry universe revolved around a center of attraction, and the star named Alcyone, in the group of the Pleiades, was selected by Maedler as marking that great center.

It has long been known, however, that Maedler's conclusion, which was based on the apparent motions of the stars, was incorrect, and if any universal center exists it has not yet been discovered. In fact, many of the stars seem to be moving in straight lines, some in one direction and some in another, and among these is our own sun. But it is possible that further observations will show that all the stars are really moving in curved lines.

In the meantime it has been found that there are certain groups or sets of stars which appear to travel together. To what set, if any, the sun belongs we do not yet know, but Delauney has presented reasons for thinking that those stars whose distances have been measured (that is to say, those which are nearest to us) group themselves around Sirius, the dog star, in a manner similar to that in which the inner planets are grouped around the sun.

If this be correct Sirius may possibly be the master sun of which our orb of day is a distant satellite.—Harper's Weekly.

GLYCERIN.

In Many Ways It Is a Most Remarkable Substance.

One of the great advantages of glycerin in its chemical employment is the fact that it neither freezes nor evaporates under any ordinary temperature. No perceptible loss by evaporation has been detected at a temperature less than 200 degrees F., but if heated intensely it decomposes with a smell that few persons find themselves able to endure. It burns with a pale flame, similar to that from alcohol, if heated to about 300 degrees and then ignited. Its nonevaporative qualities make the compound of much use as a vehicle for holding pigments and colors, as in stamping and typewriter ribbons, carbon papers and the like.

If the pure glycerin be exposed for a long time to a freezing temperature it crystallizes with the appearance of sugar candy; but, these crystals being once melted, it is almost an impossibility to get them again into the congealed state. If a little water be added to the glycerin no crystallization will take place, though under a sufficient degree of cold the water will separate and form crystals, amid which the glycerin will remain in its natural state of fluidity. If suddenly subjected to intense cold, pure glycerin will form a gummy mass which cannot be entirely hardened or crystallized. Altogether it is quite a peculiar substance.

The Barbarous Suttee.

Suttee, or the practice of immolating widows on their husband's funeral pyres in India, was first attacked by the British government in 1829. It was on Dec. 4 of that year that Lord William Bentinck carried a resolution in council by which all who abetted suttee were declared guilty of "culpable homicide." In the year 1817 700 widows were burned alive in Bengal alone, but since the passing of the act the practice has entirely died out. Suttee was really a primitive rite, a survival from barbarous times, and not sanctioned by Hindooism, the passage in the Vedas supporting it being a willful mistranslation. But no previous governor had the courage to violate the British tradition of religious toleration. Lord William Bentinck also suppressed thuggism, which made strangling a religious rite to the goddess Kali.

An Ancient Tragedy.

A historical paper in Lord Montagu's collection in London tells of a strange tragedy "done in Holborn, a little before Christmas," several centuries ago: "A boy seven years old came up into a gentleman's chamber and prattled to him and drew his sword and flourished with it. The gentleman, being in bed wondered to see the boy toss his blade so and said: 'So, good boy, thou hast done well. Put in the sword.' The boy persisting, the gentleman rose and held him the scabbard, and the rude hand ed lad, thinking to sheath the sword lustily chopt it into his body. Compa ny were called. One offered to strik the child. 'Let him alone,' quoth th gentleman. 'God is just. This boy' father did I kill five years since an none knew. Now he hath revenge it.' And the gentleman died the se ond dressing."

His Apology.

Mrs. Minks—I don't want to make scene, but that man over there is sta ing at me very offensively. Mr. Min —He is, eh? I'll speak to him. Mr Minks (a few moments later)—Did I apologize? Mr. Minks—Y-e-s. He sa he was looking for his mother a thought at first that you were she.

In the Same Box.

Jack (entering office)—By George, t rain is coming down all right. I soaked. Tom—Where is your umbr la? Jack—It's—it's what I am.—Bo ton Transcript.

Pessimistic.

"What is an antiquarian, pa?"

"A man who, not satisfied with present troubles, is looking for some the past."—New York Press.

The hearts of men are their boo events are their tutors; great acti ... their eloquence.—Macaulay.